The Sydney Morning Herald.

No 10,807.—VOL LXVII. MONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1873. PRICE TWOPENCE

BIRTHS.

On the 19th December, at her residence, Bent-street, Paddington, Mrs. John Ellis, of a daughter.

On the 19th December, at her residence, Perseverance Reef, Drake, the wife of Mr. W. Cass, of a son.

On the 26th December, at her residence, 385, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, the wife of W. H. Pass, of a daughter.

On the 28th December, at Wellington, the wife of Mr. W. Nash, of a daughter.

On the 29th December, at her residence, Stanthorpe, Queensland, Mrs. Lewis Phillips, of a daughter.

On the 29th December, at Goulburn, the wife of Mr. William Sands, of a daughter.

On the 2nd instant, at Sommerhill, Tamworth, the wife of William A. Kenrick, Esq., of a son.

On the 4th instant, at her residence, 119, Elizabeth-street, the wife of J. W. Delany, of a son.

On the 4th instant, at her residence, 159, Kent-street, the wife of Mr. R. Abbott, of a son.

On the 5th instant, at her residence, Double Bay, Mrs. D. Mitchell, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

On the 2nd instant, at St. John's, Darlinghurst, by the Rev. Thomas Hayden, B.A., Robert Lucas, eldest son of the late Edwin Toove, to Helen, second daughter of Frederick Toove, Goderich, Sydney.

DEATHS.

On the 2nd instant, at West Maitland, from congestion of the brain, Klara Caroline, only child of James Downs and Annie Prentice, aged 16 months.

On the 3rd instant, at her parents' residence, 271, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, Tryphena Cecilia, infant daughter of Philip and Helena Dadley, aged 5 weeks.

On the 5th instant, at 385, Macquarie-street South, Evan Martha Thompson, infant daughter of W. H. and Mary Davies, aged 14 months.

On the 5th instant, at his residence, Isle of Skye Cottage, Woollahra, Mr. Donald Campbell, aged 72 years; a native of Isle of Skye, Scotland, and for many years residing at Raworth, and at Lochend, Hunter River.

On the 4th instant, at his parents' residence, Mount and Miller streets, St. Leonards, North Shore, Edward John, the only beloved child of Edward and Emma Hunt, aged 2 years and 7 months.

At his residence, the Lord Clyde, Pyrmont, after a long and painful illness, John Duncan, in the 58th year of his age.

SHIPPING.

CALIFORNIA, NEW ZEALAND, AND AUSTRALIA MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Under contract for the Conveyance of her Majesty's Mails.
SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS.
The following splendid A1 side-wheel steamships will be dispatched for San Francisco, viz.:—
NEVADA....2146 tons register, 800 horse power
NEBRASKA..2142 " " 800 "
DAKOTA....2340 " " 800 "
One of the above will be dispatched from AUCKLAND for HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK, and ENGLAND, on THURSDAY, 23rd instant.
SHIPPERS of WOOL and other PRODUCE are notified that arrangements can be made for the delivery of goods on THROUGH BILLS OF LADING at SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK, and other EASTERN CITIES; LIVERPOOL and LONDON.
London Agents: Messrs. H. Starr and Co., Moorgate-street, London.
For all further particulars apply to W. LAIDLEY and CO., Agents, Lloyd's-chambers.

THE CLARENCE and NEW ENGLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP, from Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street.
For GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, the HELEN MACGREGOR, TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 9 o'clock.
Saloon and steerage passengers en route to the Tin and Gold Mines will find unrivalled accommodation in this ship.
Cargo is now being received.
P. S. BUYERS, pro Manager.

THE C. and R. R. S. N. CO.'S STEAMSHIPS.
FOR THE CLARENCE AND MANNING RIVER GOLD-FIELDS.
To GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER direct.—The BALLINA, THIS NIGHT, Monday, at 9.
To TAREE, MANNING RIVER direct.—The FIRE KING, THIS AFTERNOON, Monday, at 6; not at 9, as previously advertised.
To MACLEAY RIVER direct.—The PLATYPUS, TO-MORROW NIGHT, Tuesday, at 8.
WM. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Sussex-street.

HUNTER RIVER N. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, &c.
TO-MORROW (Tuesday) NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
On THURSDAY MORNING, at 6, the MORPETH.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO MELBOURNE.—City of Melbourne, Wednesday afternoon, at 4.30. FARES: Saloon at current rates; steerage, £1 10s.
TO AUCKLAND.—Steamer early.
TO HUNTER RIVER.—Lady Young, to-night, Monday, at 11; and Coonanbara, Wednesday night, at 11. Goods for Martin's Wharf, Miller's Forest, forwarded per Lady Young, to-night.
TO BRISBANE.—City of Brisbane, to-morrow afternoon, Tuesday, at 5; and Leichhardt, Thursday afternoon, at 5.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Balclutha, 48 hours after arrival.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Egmont, Wednesday afternoon, at 5.
TO CLEVELAND BAY via PORT DENISON and BRISBANE.—Leichhardt, Thursday afternoon, at 5.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of above ports.
SHIPPERS are requested to complete their shipments to Rhomes and Queensland BEFORE 3 O'CLOCK on day of sailing.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
TO SHIPPERS TO THE SOUTHERN PORTS OF NEW ZEALAND.
THE A. S. N. CO. propose placing a first-class Steamer on (the) round from Sydney and the Southern Ports of New Zealand early in the month of MARCH next (should sufficient inducement offer.)
This early notice is given with the view of affording an opportunity to shippers and others interested of communicating with their correspondents in New Zealand, so as to obtain orders.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Office, 1st January, 1873.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
REDUCTION OF FARES.
The MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY will despatch the steamship MACEDON, on THURSDAY, 9th January, at 12, noon.
THE SALOON IS AMIDSHIPS.
Freight at lowest current rates.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Strath's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
REDUCTION OF FARES.
The regular trading Steamship BLACKBIRD, J. J. Terrance, commander, will be despatched from the Grafton Wharf, on TUESDAY, noon.
Fares: Saloon ... £3 0 0
For freight or passage apply to JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, 227, George-street.
N.B.—A small quantity of freight can be taken if applied for at once.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND.
Messrs. M'Meckan, Blackwood, and Co.'s line of steamers will be despatched from MELBOURNE as follows:—
RANGITOTO, 9th instant, via Hokitika.
OMEO, 16th instant, via Bluff.
ALBION, 20th instant, via Hokitika.
Through tickets to and from all New Zealand ports issued by the undersigned.
For rates of passage, freight, and any information, apply to JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, 227, George-street.

STEAMSHIP HERO, Captain Logan, leaves for AUCKLAND on TUESDAY, January 14.
ELDRED and SPENCE.

STEAM TO HONGKONG DIRECT.
The screw-steamer PARANA, 1027 tons register, Captain Wilkinson.
This fine steamer is now on her way from Hongkong, and will return there from this port about the 10th instant.
She is expected to make the passage in twenty-five days, and offers a splendid opportunity for passengers and shippers of cargo.
For all particulars apply to SMITH BROTHERS, and CO., agents.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG and KIAMA, To-night, at 11.
MERIMBULA, EDEN, TATHRA, To-morrow, 8 a.m.
SHOALHAVEN, &c., To-morrow, 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA and CLYDE, Friday, 9.30 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY (for Moruya), Friday, 9.30 a.m.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS—EMU, ADELAIDE, and PELICAN—FROM FOOT OF KING-STREET, DAILY, AT HALF THE RAILWAY RATES.
FOR PARRAMATTA—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.
FOR HUNTER'S HILL—7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5, 6.15.
FROM PARRAMATTA—6.50, 9, 11 a.m., 1, 3, 5 p.m.
FROM HUNTER'S HILL—8.15, 10.15; 12.15, 2.15, 4.15, 5.15 p.m.

MANLY BEACH.—STEAMER THIS DAY.
leaves Queen's Wharf, 10.15, 2.15, 4.30, 6.15
Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 2.30
Manly Beach, 8.15, 12, 3.30, 5.
Fare—Return tickets, 1s 6d; children, 1s.
THOMAS HESELTON.

WATSON'S BAY.—SIR CHARLES COWPER leaves Circular Quay, 10.15, 2.15, 4.15.
Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 2.30.
Watson's Bay, 8, 11, 3.15, 5.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN.—Steamship CITY OF HOBART, from Grafton Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, at 12 NOON.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

FOR LONDON.—The BRUCKLAY CASTLE, having the greater portion of cargo engaged and ready for shipment, will be dispatched on the 20th January. Intending passengers are invited to inspect the accommodation of this fine vessel. Apply on board to Captain WALLACE; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON.
The PARRAMATTA will be dispatched on the 16th FEBRUARY.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—FOR LONDON.
The A1 Aberdeen clipper ship KOSCIUSKO, 1192 tons register, J. Lawson, commander, having the whole of her dead weight stowed, and a large portion of her wool down and on board, will sail about 18th January.
Passengers are invited to inspect this vessel's elegant and roomy saloon accommodation.
For freight or passage apply to Captain LAWSON; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.
Wool received at Talbot's.

FOR LONDON.—ONLY SHIP FOR THE APRIL SEASON.
The A1 Frigate-built Ship DOVER CASTLE, Robert Kerr, commander, 1002 tons is now fast filling up, and will be dispatched on the 10th instant.
Has superior accommodation for saloon passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to the Captain, on board; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO.
Wool received at Talbot's.

FOR LONDON.
To follow the Abergeldie.
The newly coppered A1 ship GOLDEN SEA, 1418 tons register, R. S. Byford, commander, will have early dispatch.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect the ship's magnificent and spacious SALOON, being replete with every convenience and comfort for first and second class passengers.
For freight or passage apply to Captain BYFORD, on board, at Circular Quay; or JOHN FRAZER and CO.
Wool received at Talbot's.

FOR LONDON.—The magnificent A1 clipper ship ABERGELDIE, 1152 tons register, W. Robertson, commander.
This fine ship, requiring only 200 bales to fill up, will sail positively on the 9th instant.
For rates of freight apply to Captain ROBERTSON, on board, at Circular Quay; or
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
Wool received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON.
The celebrated first-class clipper ship WILLIAM DUTHIE, 960 tons, D. Thomson, commander, will have early dispatch. Has a full poop and splendid accommodation for passengers. CARRIES AN EXPERIENCED SURGEON.
For freight or passage apply to YOUNG and LARK, George and Margaret streets.
Wool received at Talbot's.

FOR LEVUKA, FIJI ISLANDS.—The clipper barque METEOR, G. Oliver, master, will be dispatched positively on THURSDAY, 16th instant.
Has superior cabin and steerage accommodation.
For freight or passage apply to RABONE, FEEZ, and CO.

FOR YOKOHAMA.
For Light Freight and Passengers only.
The splendid A1 clipper ship THE TWEED, 1745 tons register, William Stuart, commander, being under charter, will be dispatched in a few days.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, at Circular Quay; or
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Agents.

FIRST VESSEL FOR TOWNSVILLE.
The HANNAH BROOMFIELD, now loading at the Market Wharf, will have quick dispatch.
For freight, &c., apply to JOHN FRAZER and CO.

FOR MARYBOROUGH direct.—The favourite schooner HERON, Captain Boyle, clears at Customs THIS DAY, 6th instant. Room for few tons light freight or powder, if arranged early.
Apply to Captain on board, at Market Wharf; or JAMES THORNE, Exchange Corner.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER, Coraki, Lismore.—COMMERCE, now receiving cargo. Wright's Wf.

FOR MORUYA, the Ketch Moses Fletcher, to sail on WEDNESDAY. Cowper's Wharf, Woolloomooloo.

BARQUE INVERDRUIE, from London.—CONSIGNEES of goods by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Campbell's Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for damage to, or loss of cargo after being landed.
Bills of lading must be produced, freight paid, and orders for delivery obtained from the undersigned.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Agents.

BARQUE INVERDRUIE, from London.—Captain PETER will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew without his written authority.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

BARQUE INVERDRUIE, from London.—Notice to Consignees.—The time allowed by the amended Customs Act for passing entries having expired, all goods not passed by 10 a.m. THIS DAY will be placed in bond under imperfect entry.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Agents.

SHIP ABERGELDIE, from London.—All ACCOUNTS against this ship must be sent in duplicate to the Office of the undersigned before noon on TUESDAY, or they will not be recognised.
J. FRAZER and CO.

NOTICE.
I hereby give notice that I will NOT be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBTS contracted by the officers or crew of the U. S. barque AGATE, while in this port.
OTIS H. BALLARD, Master.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER, the A1 clipper barque MARY ANN ANNISON, 296 tons register.
Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

TONNAGE wanted for YOKOHAMA; good rates given. R. TOWNS and CO.

TONNAGE.—Wanted, VESSELS, to load in South Australia to London. C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-st.

VESSEL wanted to load Coals for Townsville.
REILLY and COHEN, George-street.

SURF BOAT.
WANTED, to purchase, a 5-oared SURF BOAT. Must be copper-fastened, and in good order. State price, and where to be seen, to Captain TURPIE, barque JOHN WILLIAMS, Mariners's Wharf.

ALBANY and FREMANTLE, Western Australia.—For passage or any commission, a mercantile Gentleman proceeding in vessel now loading. Apply at once to HENRY FISHER and CO., 160, Pitt-street.

TO MERCHANTS, SHIPOWNERS, and others.
THE UNDERSIGNED, having leased the COMMERCIAL WHARF (foot of King-street) is prepared to BERTH VESSELS at the lowest current wharfage rates.
W. H. SMITH, Strath's Wharf.

MEETINGS.

TATTERSALL'S CLUB.—A Special General MEETING of Members will take place THIS (Monday) EVENING, January 6. Called to consider the conduct of a member. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.
A Meeting of the Committee will take place at 9. All accounts against the Club must be sent to the undersigned at once.
JAMES HERALD, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE for the celebration of the Rev. Dr. Lang's Jubilee are requested to MEET in the Schoolroom, at the rear of the Scots Church, Church-hill, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp. Parties having returns to render are requested to do so at such meeting.
R. S. PATERSON, } Joint
J. S. AIRD, } Secretaries.

LOYAL EUREKA LODGE I. O. O. F., M. U.—Adjourned MEETING for election of Trustees, &c., in the Lodge Room, Town Hall, Redfern, TUESDAY, 7th, at half-past 7 p.m.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY.—A MEETING of this Society will be held on Tuesday Evening, 7th instant, at the Agricultural Society's Room, George-st., at 8. Committee meeting at 7.30. W. M. Spear.

HAMPDEN L. O. LODGE, No. 41, RANDWICK.—Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, Schoolroom, Avoca-street.

UNION CLUB.—NOTICE.—A Balloting MEETING will be held on TUESDAY, the 7th instant, from 1 to 2 p.m.
By order.
F. H. WILSON, Secretary.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE AND CAB SOCIETY.—Members of the above Society are requested to attend the regular Monthly MEETING, at the Oddfellows' Hall, Sussex-street, THIS EVENING, Monday, 6th instant, at 8 o'clock sharp. Business of importance.
C. P. BOWDLER, Secretary.

MASTER DRAYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.—The usual Monthly MEETING will be held at the Society's Rooms, at 8 p.m., sharp. A full attendance is particularly requested.

HORAH, No. 70, MEETS THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. P. J. PULLEN, Reg., J. J.

PRINCE OF WALES, Bathurst.—MEETING at Temperance Hall, MONDAY EVENING, 7.30 sharp.

PERSEVERANCE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—An Adjourned Special Quarterly MEETING, THIS EVENING, Monday, January 6, at half-past 7.
By order of W. P. W. R. HARTLEY, R.S.

MASONIC.—Lodge of Australia 390 E.C.—Monthly MEETING THIS EVENING, at 7 prompt.

L. O. L.—The Members of the City and Suburban Lodges will please meet at the Masonic Hall, This (Monday) Night, at 8 sharp, to arrange for picnic on Anniversary Day.
S. S. GOOLD, G. M.
W. H. DAVIES, G. S.

57, MARINERS' Orange Lodge.—Monthly Meeting THIS (Monday) EVENING, in the New Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, at 8 o'clock sharp. By order of the R. W. M. C. P. LEES, Secretary.

50 LATIMER, L.O.L.—An Arch Purple will be held Tuesday Evening, at Clark's Colonnade. P. Mack.

MASONIC.—AUSTRALASIAN FREEMASONS' HALL COMPANY.—The Half-yearly General MEETING of the Company will be held at the Masonic Hall, York-street, on MONDAY, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m., to receive the Directors' Report for the half-year; the Auditors' Report, with Balance-sheet and general business.
R. LEWORTHY, Secretary.

SADDLE and HARNESS MAKERS' SOCIETY.—The Quarterly MEETING of the above Society will be held at the Society's Rooms, Square and Compass Hotel, George and Goulburn streets, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock sharp. Election of officers. All members are requested to attend.

NO. 59, LORNE L. O. L.—The regular Monthly MEETING of the above Lodge, will be held in the Wesleyan Schoolroom, Harris-street, Pyrmont, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.
By Order of the W. M.
LEVI MAIDMENT, Secretary.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly General MEETING of the Proprietors will be held at the Banking-house in George-street, Sydney, on THURSDAY, 23rd January instant, AT NOON, to receive the report of the Board of Management for the half-year ended 31st December; to elect THREE Directors, in the room of
J. S. MITCHELL, Esq.
J. B. RUNDLE, Esq.
ROBERT SADDINGTON, Esq.,
who retire by rotation, any two of whom are eligible for re-election; to elect TWO Auditors for the ensuing year; and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting, in terms of the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board,
VINCENT W. GIBLIN, General Manager.
Sydney, 2nd January, 1873.

Pursuant to Clause xxxvi. of the Deed of Settlement, every candidate for the office of Director is required to give notice thereof to the Board of Directors, in writing, to be left at the Banking-house in Sydney fourteen days at the least before the day of election. The latest day for receiving notices will be THURSDAY next, 9th January.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I have the honour to offer myself as a CANDIDATE for the office of Director in your Company at the annual election to take place in January, 1873.
Not being engaged in any business, I can (in the event of being successful), pledge myself to devote my time and energies to the interests of the bank.
I remain,
Your obedient servant,
ALFRED W. JACKSON,
late of the firm of John Fraser and Co.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to inform you that I am a Candidate for the seat at the Board to be declared vacant at the coming annual meeting in January next, by the retirement of one of the directors, in accordance with the Deed of Settlement.
I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
ALEXANDER LEARMONTH.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—The period for which you elected me a Director of your institution will expire at the next General Meeting, to be held 23rd instant, and I have the honour to inform you that I shall then be a candidate for re-election.
I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
ROBERT SADDINGTON.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to inform you that I am a candidate for the seat at the Board to be declared vacant at the coming annual meeting in January next, by the retirement of one of the Directors, in accordance with the Deed of Settlement.
I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
ALEXANDER LEARMONTH.

CITY BANK.
Notice is hereby given, that the usual half-yearly General MEETING of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House of the Company, Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the 21st instant, at 11 o'clock precisely, to receive the report of the Board of Directors for the half-year ended 31st ultimo; to elect two Directors in the room of John Alger and S. A. Joseph, Esq., who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election; to elect an Auditor in the room of J. G. Raphael, Esq., and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board.
WILLIAM NEILL, Manager.
Sydney, 2nd January, 1873.

N.B.—By the 5th Clause of part 3 of the Deed of Settlement, every shareholder intending to become a candidate for the office of Director is required to give notice in writing of such intention to the Board of Directors, to be left at the Banking House of the Company fourteen days at least before the day of meeting.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CITY BANK.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to inform you that I am a CANDIDATE for re-election to the Board.
JOHN ALGER.
Alger's Wharf, 2nd January, 1873.

WAVERLEY and WOOLLAHRA UNITED OMNIBUS COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Third Half-Yearly GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Waverley and Woollahra United Omnibus Company, limited, will be held at the Oddfellows' Hall, Piper-street, Woollahra, on TUESDAY, the 21st instant, at 8 p.m., to receive the Reports of the Directors and Auditors for the half-year ending 31st December, 1872, to elect a Director in the room of Mr. James O'Grady, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election; to elect Auditors in the room of Mr. Richard Settree and Mr. Thomas Bray, whose office become vacant by the effluxion of time, but who are eligible for re-election, and to take into consideration any other business which may be brought before the Meeting, in accordance with the deed of settlement.
By order of the Board.
JOHN O'DOWD, Manager.

Candidates for the office of Director are reminded that, by the XXXIV. Clause of the Deed of Settlement, they must give notice of their intention, in writing, seven days before the day of election, to be left at the office of the Company, not later than 4 p.m., 14th instant. Auditors to be nominated at the General Meeting.

SECOND INDUSTRIAL BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY.—NOTICE.—The Fourth Annual General MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Society's Offices, Park-street, on WEDNESDAY, January 8, 1873, at 8 p.m., to receive Report of the Board; to elect Officers, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
By order of the Board,
WILLIAM JARRETT, Secretary.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE NEWCASTLE WALLSEND COAL COMPANY.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that I am a CANDIDATE for the seat at your Board, which will be vacant at the ensuing half-yearly meeting, by the retirement by rotation of Mr. H. C. Dangar.
I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
F. H. DANGAR.

THE WYNYARD GOLD CO., Adelong (Limited).
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
The Half-yearly General MEETING will be held at the Offices, 3, Spring-street, on TUESDAY, 28th January, 1873, at 4 o'clock.
To receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ended 31st December, 1872; to elect a Director; and consider any business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Deed.
Candidates for the vacant seat at the Board are required to give notice in writing, to be left at the Office seven clear days before the meeting.
W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager.
Sydney, 3rd January, 1873.

THE MAGELLAN CLOUD GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
The Second Half-yearly General MEETING will be held at the Company's Office, No. 3, Spring-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, January 29, 1873, at 4 o'clock.
To receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ended December 31, 1872; to elect a Director, and consider any business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Deed.
Candidates for the vacant seat at the Board are requested to give notice in writing, to be left at the Office, seven clear days prior to the Meeting.
W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager.
January 3, 1873.

RUBY CREEK TIN MINING COMPANY (Limited).
A Special General MEETING of shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, 267, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 10th instant, at 12 o'clock at noon.
Business: To consider a proposal from the promoters to reduce the capital of the Company, and to place all shares on an equal footing as regards dividends.
By order of the Board.
THOMAS HILES, Manager.
January 3rd, 1873.

COPPER-HILL COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly General MEETING of shareholders in this Company will be held at the office, 309 George-street, Sydney, at 4 o'clock, p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd January instant, to receive the report of the Directors, balance-sheet of accounts, and transact any other business that may be brought forward.
By order,
WM. HOLME DAVIS, Manager.

NORTHUMBERLAND GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited), HILL END.
NOTICE.—The Half-yearly General MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will take place at the office of the Company, 362, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, the 13th January, 1873, at 4 o'clock p.m.
BUSINESS: Consideration of report of Directors, balance sheet, election of two Directors in place of those who retire, and appointment of Auditors.
E. N. EMMETT, Manager.
1st January, 1873.

CROESUS G. M. COMPANY (Limited), HILL END.
NOTICE.
The Half-yearly General MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will take place at the Office of the Company, 362, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, the 13th January, 1873, at 3 o'clock precisely.
BUSINESS:
Consideration of report of Directors and balance-sheet; election of two Directors, in place of those who retire; and appointment of Auditors.
E. N. EMMETT, Manager.
1st January, 1873.

EUREKA G. M. COMPANY (Limited), MUTTAMA.
NOTICE.
The Half-yearly General MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will take place at the Office of the Company, 362, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, the 13th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock precisely.
BUSINESS:
Consideration of report of Directors, and balance sheet.
E. N. EMMETT, Manager.
1st January, 1873.

CALEDONIAN AMALGAMATED GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited), Currajong, near Forbes.
A MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Exchange, on THURSDAY, 9th instant, at half-past 3 p.m. Business—To elect Directors and Auditors and transact any business connected with the formation of Company.
P. L. EDWARDS.

WELCOME AMALGAMATED G. M. CO. (Limited.)
The Yearly General MEETING of this Company will be held in the Hall of Commerce, Sydney, on the 22nd January, 1873, at 3 o'clock p.m.
Business: To receive Directors' report and yearly balance sheet; and on the same day an Extraordinary Meeting, to transact the following business:—The amendment of the 19th, 22nd, and 27th clauses, and the cancelling of the 28th clause of the Deed of Association; also, any other business that may be brought forward.
G. C. KIRKPATRICK, Manager.
Hill End, 1st January, 1873.

STANTHORPE TIN MINING COMPANY (Limited).
An Extraordinary MEETING of the Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Offices of the undersigned, on TUESDAY, the 14th January, 1873, for the purpose of considering the propriety of discontinuing the operations of the Company; and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
By order of the Board.
ALFRED SANDEMAN, Manager.
182, Pitt-street.

GREAT SOUTHERN GOLD SLUICING COMPANY.
A MEETING of shareholders will be held at the Company's Offices, 326, George-street, Sydney, on SATURDAY, 11th January, 1873, at 11 a.m. to consider the draft deed of settlement.
By order of the Board.
MAC DONNELL, BROTHERS, Managers.

QUEEN VICTORIA GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).—The first Half-yearly MEETING of the shareholders will be held at the Office of the Company, 96, new Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., to receive and adopt the half-yearly report; to elect two Directors in lieu of Rowland Biddell and James Reynolds, Esqrs. who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
B. DE LISSA, Manager.
Sydney, 2nd January, 1873.

By the 27th clause of the Deed of Settlement, candidates for the office of Director must leave a written notice at the Office of the Company fourteen clear days before the day of election.

QUEEN OF SHEBA GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).—The first Half-yearly MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Company, 96, New Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 28th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., to receive and adopt the half-yearly report; to elect two Directors in lieu of Charles Field and John See, Esqrs., who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
B. DE LISSA, Manager.
Sydney, 2nd January, 1873.

By the 28th clause of the Deed of Settlement, candidates for the office of Director must leave a written notice at the Office of the Company fourteen clear days before the day of election.

CHARLES FIELD, Esq., has given the requisite notice that he is a candidate for re-election.

THE PACTOLUS QUARTZ MINING CO. (Limited).
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
The Second Half-yearly General MEETING will be held at the Company's Office, 3, Spring-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 31st day of January, 1873, at 4 o'clock.
To receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ended 31st December, 1872, to elect a Director, and consider any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the deed.
Candidates for the vacant seat at the Board must give notice in writing, to be left at the Office seven clear days before the meeting.
W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager.
Sydney, 3rd January, 1873.

THE GREEN VALLEY GOLD MINING CO. (Limited.)
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
The Second Half-yearly General MEETING will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 3, Spring-street, Sydney, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of January, 1873, at 4 o'clock.
To receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ended the 31st December, 1872; to elect a director, and consider any matter that may be brought forward in accordance with the deed.
W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager.
Sydney, 3rd January, 1873.

Candidates for the vacant seat at the Board are required to give seven days' notice in writing, to be left at the Office prior to day of election.

THE UNION GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited), MERRENDEE.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
The first Half-yearly General MEETING will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 3, Spring-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, 31st January, 1873, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.
To receive the report of the Directors to 31st December, 1872; to elect a Director and Auditor; and consider any business that may be brought forward, in accordance with the Deed.
Candidates for the vacant seat at the Board are required to give notice in writing, to be left at the office ten clear days before the meeting.
W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager.
Sydney, 3rd January, 1873.

THE NEW ELDORADO GOLD MINING CO. (Limited), ADELONG.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
The first Half-yearly General MEETING will be held, at the Company's Office, No. 3, Spring-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, 24th January, 1873, at 4 o'clock,—
To receive the Report of the Directors to 31st December, 1872, and consider any business that may be brought forward, in accordance with the Deed.
W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager.
Sydney, 3rd January, 1873.

STAR OF TENTERFIELD TIN MINING CO. (Limited.)
The Half-yearly MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, Bank Chambers, King-street, THIS DAY the 6th instant, at 12 o'clock noon.
Shareholders are requested to attend.
B. B. POWER, Legal Manager.

QUEEN OF THE SOUTH TIN AND GOLD MINING COMPANY.
A MEETING of Shareholders will be held in the Temperance Hall, THIS DAY, 6th instant, at half-past 7 p.m., to adopt Deed of Settlement and receive very important information.
Every shareholder is requested to attend.
By order of the Board.
THOMAS MILLER, Manager.

GOLDEN CHAIN QUARTZ MINING COMPANY (Limited).
The first Half-yearly General MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the office of the undersigned, No. 9, Bridge-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, 13th instant, at 7.30 p.m., to receive the balance-sheet and report of the Directors for the past half-year, election of two directors and two auditors, and any other business that may be brought forward, in accordance with the Deed of Settlement.
By order,
CHAS. H. WOOD, Acting Manager.

THE GOLDEN CROWN AND CROSS G. M. COMPANY. MACQUARIE RIVER.
A Special General MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at these Offices, on THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at 4 o'clock.
BUSINESS OF MEETING.
To receive Report of the Chairman of Directors, who has visited the mine.
To take into consideration the future working of the company's property.
And to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
By order.
EDWARD REBELLO, Secretary.
180, Pitt-street.

COBAR COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited).
The Half-yearly MEETING of the Proprietors of this Company will be held, at TATTERSALL'S HOTEL, BOURKE, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd January, 1873, at 7 o'clock p.m., to transact the following and any other business which may be brought before the meeting:—
1st. To receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ending 31st December.
2nd. To elect a Director in room of Mr. JOSEPH BECKER, who retires by lot, but who is eligible for re-election.
3rd. To elect two Auditors in room of Messrs. J. G. BEAZLEY and H. M. MILLER, who retire in accordance with By-law 11, but are eligible for re-election.
JOSEPH BECKER, Esq., has given the requisite notice that he is a candidate for re-election as Director; and Messrs. J. G. BEAZLEY and H. M. MILLER are candidates for the Auditorship.
By order of the Board.
ALEX. OGILVIE, Secretary.

GENERAL MOLTKE GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited), CHAMBERS CREEK.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Half-yearly General MEETING of Shareholders in this Company will be held at the Office, 309, George-street, Sydney, at 4 p.m., on FRIDAY, the 24th January instant.
To receive the report of the Directors, balance sheet of accounts, and to transact any other business that may be brought forward.
W. HOLME DAVIS, Manager.

CLIO GOLD MINING CO.—A MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Temperance Hall, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 8, at 7.30 p.m., to receive Report of Mine. W. J. CLARKE, Secretary.

CITY OF MANCHESTER GOLD MINING CO., Little River.—A General MEETING of the Shareholders in this Company at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, January 7, at 7.30 p.m. A. FOWLER.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

CAPTAIN ROBERT BROWN.—LETTERS of importance at HENRY FISHER and CO.'S, Pitt-st.

NICHOLAS H. TIERNEY, Compositor.—Letter for you at General Post Office.

TUTOR.—Mr. LANE, please send present address to Mr. THEOBALD, Newcastle.

PUBLICATIONS.

BREAD-AND-CHEESE AND KISSES.
THE CHRISTMAS STORY.
See SYDNEY MAIL.

THE ILLUSTRATED SYDNEY NEWS NEW SOUTH WALES WEATHER ALMANAC FOR 1873,
Now ready, price Sixpence;
and can be purchased from the Booksellers.

The general information has been carefully revised, and the astronomical matter prepared by the highest authorities. The following gives an idea of the contents:
Probable Weather, calculated upon the weather table of Dr. Herschel, of London
Useful information from the latest Mining Regulations
Various Forms of Notice, Application, &c.
Postal and Traveller's Road Guide to every town in the colony
Gardening — Sheep Inspectors in New South Wales
Gold Ready Reckoner — Stamp Duties Act
Government Information — Tariffs, Telegraph Charges.
Moonlight Nights
MAP OF AUSTRALIA, specially engraved for this Almanac.
Also, Large SHEET ALMANAC,
GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., Letterpress and Lithographic Printers, Bookbinders, Engravers, Stereotypers, Electrotypers, &c., 108, Pitt-street, Sydney.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ANNUAL UNITED PRAYER MEETINGS.—THIS EVENING the Meeting will be held at 7.30, in the Wesleyan Church, York-street. The Rev. W. CURNOW to preside. Rev Canon SMITH to address. Topic: Acknowledgment of God's Mercies—to the Nation, Churches, and Families; Confession of Sin.
TO-MORROW'S Meeting will be held in St. Barnabas Schoolroom.
ROBERT STEEL, } Joint
ALLAN WEBB, } Hon. Secretaries.

UNITED PRAYER MEETINGS.—In response to the invitation of the Evangelical Alliance, it has been resolved to hold a series of United Prayer Meetings in Burwood, Ashfield, and Petersham during THIS WEEK. The first of these meetings will be held THIS (Monday) EVENING, in the Church of England Schoolhouse, Burwood. On TUESDAY, the meeting will be in the Presbyterian Church, Dobroyde. On WEDNESDAY, in the Wesleyan Church, Ashfield; and on THURSDAY, there will be TWO MEETINGS, one in the Congregational Church, Burwood, and the other in the Congregational Church, Petersham. Each meeting will commence at 7.30 p.m.

GLEBE ROAD WESLEYAN CHURCH.—Anniversary TEA-MEETING, THIS EVENING, at half-past 6 o'clock. Public MEETING in the church at 8 o'clock. G. W. ALLEN, Esq., M.L.A., will preside.
Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Canon SMITH, Dr. M'GIBBON, and others.

LOST AND FOUND.

A LADY left by mistake a brown paper PARCEL in a shop, Brickfield-hill, between Campbell and Bathurst streets. One Pound REWARD by returning it to the owner, Mrs. SCHRODER, 649, George-street, Haymarket.

CAUTION to Pawnbrokers and others.—Lost or Stolen, a Blue COAT, unmade, CLARKSON, 70, Market-st.

LOST, supposed in a cab, CARD CASE, in mother of pearl. Finder communicate, T. J. W., G. P. O.

LOST, Gold Leaf BROOCH, in Kent-street. Reward at Queen's Hotel, corner of Kent and Market sts.

LOST, New Year's Day, at Sunday-school Picnic, Birkenhead, SILK UMBRELLA. Reward, Lee's, 8, H. Rd.

LOST, from Rowing Club, pair SCULLS and RUDDER, branded RH. R. HARNETT, 324, Geo.-st.

STRAYED, on Sunday afternoon, 3 GEESE—2 grey and 1 white. 5, Broughton-street, Woolloomooloo.

£1 REWARD.—STOLEN or STRAYED, from Dickson's, BONDI, a Black HORSE, WC near side, at over R off. Return to Mr. Watson's paddock; or E. HUGHES, Architect, 9, Regent-street, George-street.

£5 REWARD.—Lost, from Spread Eagle, Park-street, a Kangaroo PUP. Colour—slate and white. Any person detaining the dog will be prosecuted.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

VOLUNTEER FORCE.—MUSKETRY INSTRUCTION.
In consequence of the small supply of ammunition in store, the Volley, Independent, and Skirmishing Practices will be DISPENSED WITH for the Course 1872.
Members of the Force who have otherwise complied with the Musketry Regulations will be entitled to their efficiency so far as musketry is concerned.
By command,
THOS. BAYNES, Captain, Acting Major of Brigade.

5 CO. V. R.—Company DRILL TO-NIGHT, Hyde Park, 7.30 sharp. A. O. MORIARTY, Captain.

THE UNDERSIGNED is a Purchaser of Volunteer LAND ORDERS. R. F. Raymond, Bell's-chambs.

SWORDS FOR VOLUNTEER OFFICERS at £3 10s each, usually sold at £5.
W. MAC DONNELL and CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.
Library, 15,000 volumes.
The following with many other popular works have just been received:—
The Eustace Diamonds, by A. Trollope; Within the Maze, by Mrs. H. Wood; the Human Race, by Figuier; Camp Life, by G. Buchanan; Hero Trevelyan, by G. M. Craik; At his Gates, by Mrs. Oliphant; Valentin, by H. Kingsley; Journal of a Landscape Painter in Corsica, by Lear; Lord Bantam, by author of Ginx's Baby; Walting Race, by Yates; Burke's Peerage, last edition; Scrambles amongst the Alps, by Whymper; Middlemarch, book VI., by Eliot; Life of Captain Marryat, by Miss Marryat; The Newspaper Press, by Grant; To the Bitter End, by Miss Braddon; Love and Valour, by Tom Hood; Gareth and Lynette, by Tennyson; Ought we to Visit Her, by Mrs. Edwards; Hannah, by Miss Mulock; The Earth, by Réclus; Beasie, by Miss Kavanagh; History and Literature of the Israelites, by Rothschild; Day after Death, by Figuier; Saturnella, by Melville; Fifine at the Fair, by Browning; Notes on England, by Taine, &c., &c.
Subscription at the rate of £1 per annum.
Yearly subscribers entitled to one work and one periodical twice a week, in addition to the other advantages of the institution.
JOHN ROGERS, Secretary.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AND SOCIETIES.
The undersigned would gratefully acknowledge Remittances forwarded to him either as Subscriptions, Donations, or Bequests.
Sydney Benevolent Asylum.
Sydney City Mission (5 missionaries).
Home Visiting and Relief Society.
Sydney Ragged School (3).
Deaf and Dumb and Blind Institution.
Sydney Female Refuge Society.
E. RAMSAY, Collector, 279, George-street, Sydney.

DEGOTARDI'S Portrait and Landscape Gallery, 348, George-street.

AGISTMENT.—HORSES and CATTLE continue to be received at Dunheved, South Creek. Secure paddocks and abundance of grass and water. Stock received and delivered at the South Creek railway station on the shortest notice.
J. KING LETHBRIDGE.
Dunheved, Penrith, January 1, 1873.

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, SYDNEY DISTRICT.—The opening of the New Lodge, at the West End Hotel, Balmain, will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 8 o'clock p.m.
The members of the various lodges are invited to attend; to meet at the Erskine-street wharf, at half-past 7 o'clock, sharp.
GEORGE BROWN, District Master. W. ORRIDGE, Deputy District Master. E. SHERIDAN, District Secretary.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page4091204

TENDERS.

TO PRINTERS and CAPITALISTS.—TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the Plant, Goodwill, Stock-in-trade, &c., of the NEWCASTLE PILOT, published bi-weekly.

The premises where the business is carried on have been leased for a period of ten years, two of which have only expired, at the low rental of £60 per annum. They are situated in Hunter-street, opposite Market-square, in the best business position in the city.

The office comprises one of Harrild's celebrated double demys, Mein's machine, and one of J. and R. M. Wood's Little Favourite treadles; also a double demy, demy, and post-folio presses, and stereotyping apparatus, and a large and varied assortment of jobbing type and wood letter.

For particulars apply to GREVILLE and COMPANY, Wholesale Stationers and Printers' Brokers, George-street, Sydney.

BLUE METAL.—The Commissioners of the South Head Road Trust invite tenders for the supply of the above for the year 1873. For particulars apply to GERARD PHILLIPS, Secretary to the Commissioners. 464, George-street, Sydney.

CARRIAGE of QUARTZ CRUSHING PLANT for the Caledonian Amalgamated Gold Mining Company —battery about 5 tons, battery and engine about 20 tons. TENDERS for carriage of the above will be received by the undersigned up to the 14th instant. The plant to be delivered on the Company's ground, Billabong Creek, Currajong, near Forbes. Tenders to state time within which delivery will be guaranteed. CHARLES W. WEEKES, 279, George-street.

TO IRONFOUNDERS.—TENDERS will be received on WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, for the making and fixing of eight IRON DOORS in the party wall of two warehouses in George-street. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Nos. 5, 6, and 7, Vickery's Chambers, Pitt-street.

CAB PROPRIETORS.—Wanted, TENDERS for the use, daily, for twelve months, of a CAB, with double or single horse and driver, from 10 a.m. to 1.30 p.m., and from 3.30 p.m. to 7 p.m. Address Hackney Carriage, HERALD.

TENDERS wanted, for COAL CARRYING. Apply Manager, City Iron Works Company, Pyrmont.

TENDERS required for erecting Stables at the Clarendon and New England Hotel. Separate tenders will be received; labour only, or labour and material. Must be in before 5 p.m. this day. Plans and specifications on application to GEORGE CROOK, 134, Sussex-street.

CALLS ON SHARES.

IRONBARKS GOLDEN GULLY COMPANY, No. 3. A First CALL of £2 10s per share has been made by the Directors, and is payable to the undersigned at the Company's Office, No. 3, Gresham-street, on or before 10th January, 1873. A. O. MORIARTY, Legal Manager.

THE ELSMORE TIN MINING COMPANY (Limited). NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. The Fifth CALL of 2s per share has been made, payable at the Secretary's Office, 62, New Pitt-street, on or before the 11th January, 1873.

MARGUERITE GOLD MINING COMPANY. The 5th CALL of 5s per Share has been made, payable at the office of the Company, 267, George-street, Sydney, on or before the 14th instant. THOMAS HILES, Secretary. January 1, 1873.

CITY OF SYDNEY QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, Tuena (Limited). NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. A CALL (the last under the Prospectus) of 1s (one shilling) on each of the Contributing Shares in this Company has been made, payable to me on or before the 8th January, 1873. By order of the Board, W. H. DELOITTE, Legal Manager, 2, Spring-street. December 5, 1872.

STAR OF TENTERFIELD TIN MINING CO. (Limited.) A CALL of SIXPENCE per Share on the contributing Shares in the above Company has been made, payable at the Offices of the Company, Bank Chambers, King-street, on or before the 14th instant. B. B. POWER, Legal Manager.

TUENA CREEK GOLD SLUICING COMPANY (Limited), Tuena. NOTICE is hereby given that a CALL of One Shilling per share has been made upon the contributing shares in this Company, payable to me at the office, 309, George-street, Sydney, due on or before MONDAY, the 20th instant. By order of the Board. WM. HOLME LAVIS, Manager.

BLUE MOUNTAIN TIN MINING COMPANY (Limited). NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. Shareholders are hereby informed that at a meeting of Directors, held This Day, a CALL was made of Two Shillings and Sixpence per Share, payable at the Company's Registered Office, Queen-street, on or before the 24th February, 1873. By order, JOHN L. DALE, Secretary. Brisbane, December 24, 1872.

CROWN PRINCE GOLD MINING CO. (Limited), Chambers Creek. The 5th CALL of 2s 6d per Share has been made payable at the office of the Company, 267, George-street, Sydney, on or before the 20th instant. THOMAS HILES, Manager. January 6, 1873.

UNEXPECTED G. M. CO., TRUNKEY.—For the convenience of shareholders who have not paid the Fourth CALL, due January 2, the Secretary will be at the Office, 25, South Head Road, on MONDAY EVENING, from 8 till 9. January 6. J. B. YOUDALE.

ALLIANCE QUARTZ CRUSHING AND GOLD MINING COMPANY, BOWLING-ALLEY POINT, PEEL RIVER (Limited). NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. A CALL of (6d.) Sixpence per share has this day been made, in the Alliance Quartz Crushing and Gold Mining Company (Limited), Bowling-Alley Point, Peel River, payable at the Office of the Company, 302, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney, on or before FRIDAY, the 17th JANUARY, 1873. By order of the Board, R. N. EMMETT, Manager. 302, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney. 3rd January, 1873.

EDUCATIONAL.

ALPHA COTTAGE, William-street.—The duties of Mrs. and Miss Strafford's School RESUMED 13th.

A LADY will give three Lessons on the PIANO, three times a week, for 20s quarter. Music, HERALD Office.

AVIS.—Herr C. RUDOLPH KRIEGSMANN will Resume his Pianoforte and Singing Tuition THIS DAY, January 6th. 247, Crown-street, near South Head Road.

AUSTRALIAN WRITING Institute, 720, George-street.—Commercial classes. Bookkeeping made easy. Candidates prepared for the Civil Service Examinations. Morning and Evening Classes. Quarterly, 2 guineas.

ARTISTS.—Miss ELDERTON hopes to resume INSTRUCTION, January 24th. Lessons are given in water-colours, oils, crayon, and pencil at the following houses:—Ashford Cottage, Burwood; Miss Lester's, Lansdowne House, Burwood; and Mr. Maddock's, Sydney. N.B.—SKETCHING FROM NATURE.

BURWOOD.—The Duties of Miss LESTER'S School will (D.V.) be resumed January 24th. Efficient Professors attend daily. Lansdowne House is healthfully situated, within 15 minutes' walk of the station. The pupils enjoy the benefit of salt water baths, as Miss Lester has erected a bathing-house on the bay.

CLAREMONT HOUSE, 94, Hunter-street.—Principal—Mrs. V. H. HOCKNEY DAWSON, assisted by an efficient staff of trained teachers and professors. VACANCIES for two Boarders.

EDUCATION.—£8 8s per Quarter.—A few Pupils received in an old-established School for Boys, near Sydney. The situation is extremely healthy and pleasant, and offers many advantages. Parents desiring a good education, with a most comfortable home, combined with economy, address Education, Lee's, HERALD Agency Office, South Head Road.

HERR A. SAURBIER (late Pianist to the General Tom Thumb Troupe), Teacher of Piano and Harmonium, Italian, French, and German Languages. Terms, Mary-street, Haymarket, opposite Belmore Park Hotel.

HOME EDUCATION. ORMONDE HOUSE, PADDINGTON. Mrs. THOMAS DAWSON has VACANCIES. Professors attend daily. Duties RESUMED 24TH JANUARY. REFERENCES:—Honorable John Campbell, Honorable Charles Campbell, Rev. Canon King, Revd Dr. Barry, Rev. John Bloomfield, Rev. William Lumsdaine.

HYDE PARK EAST (College-street). Mrs. KNELLER-PARKER'S Studies will be resumed 24th January.

HIGH SCHOOL, GOULBURN.—This School offers the advantages of a comfortable home and a superior education, in a healthy climate. Vacancies for Boarders. Study will be resumed on WEDNESDAY, January 22nd. G. METCALFE, M.A.

LOUISVILLE ACADEMY, 96, Hunter-street.—The course of instruction in this Establishment is carried on similar to that under the Council of Education. Professors attend for the English Classics and accomplishments. STUDIES will be RESUMED on the 21st January.

MR. MARSH'S PIANOFORTE LESSONS Resumed. Mr. W. H. PALING'S, 335, George-st.

MR. SAMPSON'S Classical and Commercial School, Newtown, will Reopen on 20th instant.

MRS. GORDON has VACANCIES for Boarders. Every branch of education taught. Macquarie-st.

MRS. AYTON'S DAY-SCHOOL REOPENS MONDAY, January 6, 1873, 371, Pitt-street.

MRS. and Miss CLAPHAM will RESUME School Duties 21st instant. 10, Albert-st., Macleay-st.

MRS. STEWART'S School, Brisbane-street. Duties resumed THIS DAY, Monday, 6th instant.

MR. W. STANLEY, Professor of Music, RESUMES Tuition on TUESDAY, 7th instant. 4, Ascot-terrace, Collins-street, Surry Hills.

MRS. ST. JOHN ADCOCK Resumes Teaching Piano and Singing on the 9th January. 108, Cleveland-street, Redfern.

MINNAVILLE SCHOOL.—The Duties of Miss CONNOR'S School will be resumed on MONDAY, 16th instant. Quarter terminates on Monday, 31st March. 63, South Head Road, near Lyons-terrace.

MUSICAL TUITION.—Mrs. C. D. LOGAN begs to inform her Pupils that she will resume her tuition on WEDNESDAY, the 8th of January, 1873. 6, Rialto-terrace, Woolloomooloo.

MR. REGINALD TOMS, from the principal Musical Societies of England, is prepared to resume his LESSONS on the Pianoforte. For terms apply to Messrs. Elvy and Co.; or at his residence, the German Club, 121, Castlereagh-street.

MR. CANN'S SCHOOL. The Course comprises a sound, practical, commercial, English education. Lectures delivered weekly on history, natural philosophy, physiology applied to health, mineralogy, with testing and analysis. Stanley-street.

NAVIGATION Taught and Compasses Adjusted. T. T. MATTHEWS, George and Bridge streets.

PADDINGTON HOUSE SCHOOL, reopens on Wednesday, January 15, 1873. G. H. Stanley, LL.D.

PIANO, VIOLIN, and SINGING.—Herr W. PIETZKER (pupil of Mendelssohn) will resume tuition on the 9th instant, at his studio, 7, Stanley-street.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE, for Young Ladies—Resident and Daily Students, 143, Darlinghurst Road, Macleay-street. Directress: Mrs. HENRY N. MONTAGU. Principal: Mr. H. N. MONTAGU. Mrs. MONTAGU will be able to receive VISITORS on business on and after MONDAY, the 6th instant.

THE MISSES WHITE, 3, Hope-terrace, Glebe, resume School duties, WEDNESDAY, 15th January.

THE MISSES WALKER will resume their School Duties on MONDAY, 20th January. 94, Bathurst-st.

THE Misses JOHNSON, Crown Lodge, Crown-street, Surry Hills. School Duties resumed 13th instant.

THE duties of Miss DODD'S School will be Resumed (D.V.) January 6, 1873. Underwood-st., Paddington.

THE DUTIES of Mrs. CAPORN'S School will be resumed MONDAY, January 13th. 2, Grimes-buildings, Miller's Point.

TOXTETH COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Glebe Height.—The School commences on the 13th January. Circular, with references, on application. Ladies prepared for the University examinations.

TO PARENTS and GUARDIANS.—Wanted, by a Lady in the country, a few young Ladies to educate with her own daughters. They will have the advantages of horse exercise and a comfortable home. An accomplished Governess kept. For particulars apply to Mrs. Brown, Post-office, Bringelly.

WOODBINE COTTAGE, Glebe Heights, Glebe Point Road.—BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for young Ladies, conducted by Mrs. and Miss GRAY. Ladies prepared for University Public Examinations. Terms per quarter for Boarders:—

English and music	£10 10 0
French	1 1 0
Dancing	1 1 0
Drawing	1 1 0
Singing	1 1 0

No extras. Highest references can be given. School duties will be resumed on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873.

WOODBINE COTTAGE, Glebe Heights, Glebe Point Road.—BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for young Ladies, conducted by Mrs. and Miss GRAY. Terms per quarter for Day Pupils:—

Reading, writing, spelling, grammar, composition, arithmetic, dictation, geography, English history, object lessons, elementary drawing, and fancy needlework	£1 1 6
French	1 1 6
Singing	1 1 0
Dancing	1 1 0
Drawing	1 1 0

23, STANLEY-STREET.—School Duties will be resumed on WEDNESDAY, 8th January.

BOROUGH COUNCIL NOTICES.

BOROUGH OF VICTORIA. The Municipal LIST of the persons supposed to be entitled to vote in this borough is in my custody, and may be inspected by any person interested until the 14th of January instant, at all reasonable hours. WALTER J. WILLINGTON, Council Clerk. Council-chambers, Blue's Point-Road, January 4, 1873.

FURNITURE, ETC.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION.—As the great reputation of the Wheeler and Wilson Sewing-machines has led to the introduction of a large number of imitation machines of very inferior quality, we ask the public to be exceedingly cautious that none of those spurious machines are sold for the genuine Wheeler and Wilson. REDUCED PRICES. Illustrated circulars post free. AGENTS wanted. LONG and CO., General Agents for Australia and New Zealand, 287, George-street, nearly opposite Hunter-street.

SEWING MACHINES. Every description to be seen in operation. OUR WHEELER and WILSON'S best Lock-stitch MACHINE in Australia, REDUCED to £7 5s; Singer's Family, £10; Tudor, £10; Wanzer, £8; Swiftsure, £5 10s; Little Stranger, £4 10s; Weir's, £3. Sewing Machines of every description on easy terms of payment. Machines repaired. Turner and Wood, 449, George-street.

LA SILENCIEUSE SEWING-MACHINES.—Immense reduction in price. Chain-Stitch 45s, original price £2 15s; Lock-Stitch £5, original price £6 6s, and upwards. Quality as usual, acknowledged by all to be superior to any other manufactured. PETERSEN, BOESEN, and CO., 16, York-street.

TRUE ECONOMY.—The best article at the lowest market price. M'Rickard Bros., importers of genuine Sewing-machines. Sole agents for Howe, Florence, Bradbury Tinsley, 505, George-street.

TRIAL BEFORE PURCHASE.—Willcox and Gibbs' Sewing-machines. S. Hebblewhite, 482, George-st.

TO PARTIES FURNISHING. Furniture, Iron Bedsteads, Cots, Mattresses, Palliasses, &c.; lowest prices. J. NEWTON, 83, Wynyard-square, opposite Post Office.

WANTED, to SELL, to Country Buyers and Parties furnishing, New and Second-hand FURNITURE of every description, twenty-five per cent. cheaper than any house in the trade. Largest stock in the colony to select from. Hardy, Brothers' Extensive Furnishing Warehouse and Hyde Park Bazaar, 9, 11, 13, 15, and 17, South Head Road. N.B.—Goods packed by experienced hands for transmission to all parts of the colony.

MARAVILLA COCOA.—Opinions of the Press—"Those who have not yet tried Maravilla will do well to do so."—Morning Post. "It may justly be called the perfection of prepared Cocoa."—British Medical Journal.

MARAVILLA COCOA.—The Globe says:—"Taylor, Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage."

HOMOEOPATHIC COCOA.—This original preparation, which has attained such a world-wide reputation, is manufactured by Taylor, Brothers, under the ablest homoeopathic advice aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.—Made in one minute without boiling. The above articles are prepared exclusively by Taylor, Brothers, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by Storekeepers and others all over the world. Steam Mills, Brick-lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium.—ADVT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

SATURDAY.

THE undermentioned estates were surrendered:—

James Edward Oldfield, of [illegible], innkeeper. Liabilities, £377 14s. 1d. Assets, £569 2s. 6d. Mr. Humphery, official assignee.

Charles Peck, of Druitt-street, Sydney, fireman. Liabilities, £43 19s. 4d. Assets, £0. Mr. Mackenzie, official assignee.

George Stewart, of Ultimo, Sydney, master mariner. Liabilities, £49 17s. 8d. Assets, £11. Mr. Humphery, official assignee.

William Hamby, of Bathurst, harness maker. Liabilities, £33 6s. 3d. Assets, £6 10s. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Tuesday, January 7, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Joseph Chambers, third meeting, at East Maitland; John Foye, second meeting, at Wollongong.

Wednesday, January 8, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Henry Fleming, special, for examination of witnesses, at Wingham.

Friday, January 10, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: [illegible] Baker, first and only meeting, at Bathurst; William Walker, first and only meeting, at Bathurst; John Francis Foran, second meeting, at Grafton; James Jameson, second meeting, at Bathurst.

Saturday, January 11.—Holiday.

Monday, January 13.—Holiday.

Tuesday, January 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: James Bennett, first and only meeting, at Newcastle; John Duckett, first and only meeting, at Scone; Benjamin Oliver, first and only meeting, at Newcastle.

Thursday, January 16, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Charles Isaac Watson, first and only meeting, at Shoalhaven; William Hayes, first and only meeting, at Armidale.

Friday, January 17, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Robert Usher, first and only meeting, at Bathurst; Mary Ivory, first and only meeting, at Bathurst; Matthew Orton, first and only meeting, at West Maitland.

Wednesday, January 22, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Christian Davis, first and only meeting, at Murrurundi; James Macnamara, first and only meeting, at Murrurundi.

Friday, January 24, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: William Sherrington, first and only meeting, at Bathurst; John Madden, first and only meeting, at East Maitland.

Saturday, January 25.—Holiday.

Monday, January 27.—Holiday.

Tuesday, January 28.—Holiday.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

SATURDAY.

BEFORE Messrs. Cunninghame and Smart.

Four persons were fined for drunkenness, and four strangers, charged with like misconduct, were admonished.

Charles Kelly was brought before the Court on warrant, charged with having neglected to contribute to the support of an illegitimate child, of which he is the father. Mr. Carroll, for defendant, while he admitted the paternity, made a damaging statement as to the character of the complainant, the child's mother, which she promptly denied. An order was made for payment of 6s. a week.

Mary Turner was brought before the Bench on warrant, charged with having yesterday assaulted Mary Manning. Mr. Croft appeared to conduct the prosecution, and Mr. Carroll the defence. Defendant went to complainant's house, abused her, and gave her a shove. To pay a penalty of 1s., with 5s. 6d. costs, or to be detained in custody until 6 o'clock.

James Robinson was found guilty of having, on Sunday morning last, assaulted one John Goodman, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 60s., or to be imprisoned one month. Goodman deposed that, about 6 o'clock on last Sunday morning, on the Market Wharf, prisoner, who had frequently during the past eighteen months threatened that he would do something to him, came up to him and said "Now, I have you;" at the same time gave him a blow which knocked him down, and then beat him on the face and head with a stone until he became insensible; a gentleman, named Mowatt, rescued him, and a policeman took him to the Infirmary, where his wounds were dressed. From the evidence of Mr. Halkett, the house surgeon at the Sydney Infirmary, it appeared that the complainant was the worse for liquor, and that the wounds he spoke of were scarcely skin deep.

THE ROSTER.—Monday, January 6: Messrs. Murphy, Spence, and Fearon. Tuesday, 7: Messrs. Evans, Hesket, Kippax, and Charlton. Wednesday, 8: Messrs. Day, Curran, Love, and S. S. Goold. Thursday, 9, Messrs. Birrell, Smithers, Thompson, Penfold, and Lister. Friday, 10: Messrs. Oatley, Jolly, Palmer, T. H. Neale, and R. Campbell. Saturday, 11: Messrs. Cunninghame and Smart.

WATER POLICE COURT.

SATURDAY.

BEFORE Mr. Hale, J.P.

Two persons were fined for drunkenness.

James Letty, aged 10, charged with throwing stones on the South Head Road, was discharged.

ROSTER.—Monday: Messrs. Lester, Smithers, and Williams. Tuesday: Messrs. S. Goold, Loxton, Renwick, and Hunt. Wednesday: Messrs. Josephson, Lane, Smart, and Roseby. Thursday: Messrs. Raphael, Oatley, Fraser, Merriman, and Evans. Friday: Messrs. Spence, Hale, and Charlton. Saturday: Mr. Day.

SYDNEY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the Municipal Council of Sydney will be held at the Town Hall, York-street, on Tuesday, the 7th instant, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for considering the following notices of motion:—

By Alderman Day.—That the thanks of this Council be conveyed to Michael Chapman, Esq., for his very valuable and efficient services to the city as Mayor during the years 1871 and 1872.

By Alderman ——That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, be adopted.

By Alderman Moore.—1. That the resolution of Council of 24th [illegible], voting certain sums as salaries to the officers of the Corporation for the year 1873, be, and the same is hereby rescinded. 2. That the salaries of the officers of the Corporation for the year 1873 be considered seriatim. 3. That the draft bill now submitted by the Finance Committee, to enable the Council to borrow a further sum for paying off debentures and bank debt, be adopted.

By Alderman Goold.—1. That the parties hereunder mentioned, now temporarily holding office, be appointed by the Council as Assistants to the Clerk of the Markets:—Henry Carruthers; sureties, Messrs. W. Nixon and James Graham. George D. Ross; sureties, Messrs. John Bardsley and Hugh Patrick. Clerk of the Market Wharf:—John Steele. 2. That Mr. James Oatley be approved of as one of the sureties for Mr. S. H. Dent, Clerk and Paymaster.

By Alderman Day.—That, in accordance with the provisions of the 19th section of Act of Council, 17th Victoria, No. 33, a rate of [illegible] in the £ be made and levied on the whole of the property assessed in the city of Sydney, for the general purposes of the city for the year 1873; and that the same be made payable in equal half-yearly instalments before the 31st day of March and the 30th day of September in the said year.—That, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Council, 20th Victoria, No. 30, a water rate of 6s. per room be made and levied on the whole of the properties in the city of Sydney and its suburbs where water-mains are laid; and that the same be made payable in equal half-yearly instalments before the 31st day of March and the 30th day of September next ensuing.

By Alderman Oatley.—That the report of the Water Committee, received this day, recommending that 190 yards of 3-inch water-main be laid from Bourke-street to Cowper Wharf at a cost of £[illegible], be adopted.

By Alderman Rowe.—That, in consequence of the death of the City Architect, together with the dissatisfaction among the citizens in reference to the new Town Hall, together with doubts being continually expressed as to the stability of certain portions of the work, as also with the inappropriate finish of the parapets already executed, it is expedient for the satisfaction of this Council, and to establish the confidence of the citizens in this gigantic undertaking, that two or more competent architects be requested to inspect the plans, survey the works, and fully report upon the same as follows:—1st. To examine and report upon all signed documents, such as plans, specifications, &c., at the Town Hall, as to the correctness of design and construction. 2nd. To survey and report upon the character of the work executed, as to detail and workmanship. 3rd. To suggest any alterations, if any are necessary, either in the portions carried out, or in any portions of the original plans to be carried out. 4th. To estimate the cost of completing present portion; also the completion of the whole as per original plan.

By Alderman ——That the tender of Mr. Enoch Fowler for the supply of stoneware drain pipes, for the year 1873, be accepted.

By Alderman ——That this Council do now proceed to consider the tenders for the construction of a silt-pit, Market Wharf.

By Alderman ——That this Council do proceed to consider the applications for licenses under the Hackney Carriage and Omnibus By-laws.

THE GEELONG CUP.

THE following acceptances have been received:—

The Geelong Cup, a handicap of 10 sovereigns, h. ft., with 250 sovereigns added. Two miles. Second horse to receive 25 sovereigns out of the stakes, third horse to receive 10 sovereigns. The winner of any handicap to the value of 100 sovereigns after the declaration of the weights to carry 3 lbs. extra; one or two or more such races, 7 lbs. extra. Nominations to be sent in on the 10th December, enclosing 3 sovereigns; weights to be published on 24th December; acceptances, with 5 sovereigns, on the 30th December, and the remaining 5 sovereigns on the 14th January.

	st.	lb.
Mr. J. Tait's br h The Quack, 6 years	8	13
J. Arthur's b g Nimblefoot, aged	7	12
T. Ryan's br h Kingfisher, 5 years	7	11
R. Jellett's b h Planet, 5 years	7	7
A. Saqui's br h Misty Morn, 6 years	7	6
J. R. Cowell's b g Valentine, aged	7	0
B. Lewis's b g Gadhopper, 6 years	6	13
J. Wilson's Poodle, 4 years	6	12
P. Lewis's b c Heroine, 3 years	6	10
J. Wilson's b c Belphegor, 3 years	6	10
J. Brown's br g Jack Sprat, 4 years	6	10
W. Mason's ch g Boomerang, aged	6	10
Henderson's br m Jewess, 6 years	6	10
S. Davis's ch g Sheet Anchor, aged	6	7
A. Bromfield's b f Pandora, 4 years	6	4
S. Mahon's b g W. F., 5 years	6	4
P. Lewis's b c Blue Peter, 3 years	6	2
T. Ryan's b c Lee, 3 years	6	0
P. Lewis's br m Vision, 5 years	6	7
R. L. Bell's b m Yarrowee, 5 years	5	7
S. Davis's gr m Mermaid, 6 years	5	7

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—All who know the perils attending the early years of childhood will be interested in the following observations by Thomas Hunt, Esq., M.R.C.S., in the Medical Times.—"In badly-nourished infants, Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil is invaluable. The rapidity with which two or three tea-spoonfuls a-day will fatten a young child is astonishing. Children generally like the taste of Dr. de Jongh's Oil, and when it is given them, often cry for more." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole consignees—Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London.—ADVT.

BOOTS and Shoes at 11 a.m.; and Earthenware, China, and Glassware, at 12 o'clock prompt this day.—Chas. Moore and Co. beg to call the especial attention of buyers of the above to their auction sales, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, commencing punctually at the hour named.—ADVT.

THE BOTANY WATERSHED.

THE following is the City Engineer's third Report to the Municipal Council of Sydney on the Capabilities of the Botany Watershed, and Extension of present Water Supply, &c.

"City Engineer's Office, 24th October, 1872.

"Gentlemen,—I have the honour again to report on the progress made with the additional works now in the course of construction for the purpose of impounding more water, as well as on the further investigations made in ascertaining the capabilities of the watershed from which the city is supplied.

"DAM No. 2.—In my report of the 8th of June last, I mentioned that No. 1 dam was reconstructed; since then No. 2 dam has also been completed, a small portion only of the flank embankment remaining still to be done.

"LACHLAN DAM.—Good progress is being made with the Lachlan embankment parallel with the Randwick Road, about three-quarters of the work being now completed; and as there are about eighty men constantly employed, I consider that in about six weeks it will be in a sufficiently advanced state to commence storing water. This embankment is over half a mile in length (45 chains), and the quantity of water that will be impounded in the reservoir itself, when full, I estimate at 45,000,000 gallons.

"ENGINE POND RESERVOIR, BOTANY.—At present this reservoir is only able to retain about 24 million gallons, a capacity totally inadequate to impound anything like the quantity of water which at times is discharged into it, and which has hitherto been lost in consequence. It is proposed to increase the capacity of this reservoir by raising the level 6 feet 6 inches higher, which will have the effect of giving a very much greater depth, as well as increasing the superficial area to about 45 acres. The quantity of water it will then be able to contain I estimate at about 80 million gallons. The sea embankment of this reservoir has been ascertained to be anything but water-tight, as a great quantity of water is found to escape into the bay. With the view of remedying this, I have had borings taken along the centre of its entire length as well as along the site of the proposed extension of embankment, the result of these shows that in no instance has the puddle been carried down to the bed clay, which exists here at depths varying from 10 to 32 feet from the surface. I estimate this entire work will cost (including the purchase of five acres of land for the diversion of the Blackwater Creek) about £7000. Of all the reservoirs, this is the only one, being the lowest and nearest the sea, that is necessary to be perfectly water-tight, as all the water that escapes through the others can be arrested here. I am now much pleased to say the Council have approved of these works, and they will be proceeded with as quickly as possible.

"To sum up the aggregate of the additional impounding capacity of all these reservoirs, we have:—

	Million gallons.
No. 1 storing capacity, when full	20
No. 2 ditto, ditto	22
Lachlan Reservoir, ditto	45
Increase to Engine Pond Reservoir, ditto	56
	143

"This is independent of what will be thrown back into the sand and stored there above and around Nos. 1, 2, and Lachlan reservoirs, equal to the height that the water stands at in the reservoirs. I have estimated this quantity to be about 150 million gallons, so that the total storing capabilities of all these new works will amount to about 313 million gallons, or about ten weeks' supply at our present rate of consumption.

"EXTENSION OF SURVEY.

"Since the loss of the field books, and plan of portion of the survey of the Botany Watershed, a contract has been entered into with Mr. Handcock for its completion. The survey is now being rapidly proceeded with, the greater part of the triangulation is done, and I am in hopes that the work will be completed and handed over within the contract time.

"TEST BORINGS.

"Since my last report five additional borings have been put down, and the average gives a depth of over 60 feet of pure sand from the surface; they are as follows:—

"DEPTH OF SAND AT EACH BORING.

No.	ft.	in.	
No. 1.	76'	0"	on clay and sand
2.	96	6	still on sand
3.	59	0	on clay
4.	104	6	ditto
5.	73	0	on rock
6.	92	0	on clay
7.	47	6	on rock
8.	54	0	on rock; here water rose through the tube 18 inches above surface of ground
9.	123	0	on clay
10.	55	0	ditto
11.	76	0	ditto
12.	97	6	ditto
13.	43	0	on rock
14.	89	0	ditto.

Average depth of sand equals 80·36 feet, result of fourteen borings distributed over the area of the watershed.

"These figures fully confirm my former calculations, and prove beyond a doubt the immense natural reservoir here revealed. All these borings were taken at spots where the water was standing at the surface of ground, thus proving that this immense body of sand, 5560 acres in extent, and averaging 80 feet in depth, is charged entirely with water of the very purest description. Thus (basing my calculations on the experiments recently made by me, which showed that the sand contains one-third of its own bulk of water), and assuming that only one-fourth of this is available, I find that we have the enormous quantity of 30,274 million gallons of water that has never yet been touched, which we can always draw from when required, and within reach, I may say, of our very doors. This, as I have shown before, is quite independent of our present supply, which comes entirely from the surface, and from the sand hills which rise above the inclined plane; and is partially stored in the several reservoirs. As shown in my former report, the average yearly rainfall is 6237 million gallons: this added to that contained in the sand basin, viz., (30,274 millions) gives 36,511 million gallons, or over nineteen years' supply at the present rate of consumption of five millions per day, even if no rain should fall during that time; but as I have just stated the average yearly rainfall is 6237 million gallons on this catchment area (being one-third more than the greatest quantity recommended by the Water Commission), which would be replenished yearly, so that we have always this vast store of water to fall back on, in the emergency of any lasting or severe drought; and I maintain that our watershed of 5560 acres of sand, 80 feet deep, a fourth of which is water, or 5560 acres of water 20 feet deep, will always be amply sufficient for any future requirements if proper means be adopted to utilise it.

"As it has been incontestably proved that there is this large supply of subterranean water obtainable from the sand, I would now advert to the quality, temperature, &c., of the same. By the last mail, from England, I received from the celebrated hydraulic engineer, S. C. Homersham, Esq., C. E., reports and pamphlets, &c. of the most valuable kind, all bearing on this question. In England and on the Continent, subterranean water is now being gradually introduced where practicable for the supply of large towns, in lieu of river and surface water. Mr. Homersham in his letter to me states:—'River or flood water impounded in reservoirs always proves to be more or less contaminated with decayed vegetable matter, derived from fallen leaves and blossoms, as well as with other more deleterious impurities—such as the growth and decay of conifers in the water, the exuviæ of animals and fish, all of which get dissolved in the water or mixed with it, and afford nourishment to numerous vegetable and animal organisms, the spores and ova of which are conveyed into the water by the air, or washed into it by floods, &c. In this country a careful microscopical examination of river water shows such water to be pervaded by numerous minute living vegetable and animal organisms and fungi, with germs and ova, all more or less detrimental to the health of those who drink such water. These impurities more especially abound in warm seasons of the year, when the normal temperature of such water in this country is about 70° Fahrenheit. In New South Wales, where the temperature of river and surface water is 80° to 85° Fahrenheit in summer, or 10° to 15° higher than here, decomposing organic matter, and these classes of impurities, cannot fail to be more abundant, and more detrimental to health. Now, careful examination proves that in its normal condition subterranean spring water is entirely free from all such impurities.'

"If we analyse the return that appeared in the Herald of the 14th instant, of the annual rates of mortality in the United Kingdom and Sydney, we find that in all the cities and towns where the mortality is greatest the water is obtained from river or flood water impounded in reservoirs—such as Dublin 24.9, Glasgow 33.5, Liverpool 37.0, for every 1000 of population, &c.; but in Portsmouth (which is supplied entirely by spring obtained from wells) the mortality is only 19.8—the lowest in the entire list—thus proving beyond doubt that water obtained from wells is much more wholesome than surface water. Compare Sydney and suburbs with these, and we find the mortality of Sydney to be 21.9, and suburbs 14.0. The water now supplied to Sydney and part of the suburbs is of the purest description, being filtered rain water, springing from the bases of the various sand-hills throughout the Lachlan and Botany water sheds, and from this wholesome water being supplied to the inhabitants may mainly be attributed the health of the city and suburbs, as compared with the English cities and towns; and we may safely assume the quality of the water has something to do with the rate of mortality. It would, therefore, be in my opinion most unwise to seek for another source of supply when our present can be developed and augmented sufficiently for our requirements. I may here cite some of the principal towns in England that are supplied by wells—Winchester, Arundel, Brighton, Dover, Deal and Walmer, Ramsgate, Canterbury, Gravesend, St. Albans, Hull, Portsmouth, Plumstead, Woolwich, Charlton, Blackheath, and Watford.

"Last year the Corporation of Edinburgh promoted a bill in Parliament to supply that city with water by gravity from Loch St. Mary. The bill, after great investigation, was thrown out in the Lords'; for, though the water was very soft (indeed almost as soft and free from mineral matter as distilled water), yet the microscope showed that it contained numerous living organisms, both vegetable, animal, and fungi, such as undoubtedly proved the water to be unwholesome for drinking and domestic use.

"I have dwelt thus long on this most important subject, with the object of showing the incalculable value it will be to the inhabitants of Sydney and suburbs for them to obtain a sufficient supply of the most wholesome and purest water delivered at a temperature of 63° Faht., the entire year through, at a moderate cost, not greater than the present rate, and this object can be achieved by drawing the filtered water from the sand by means of wells, and pumping into receiving reservoirs for delivery.

"If we compare this scheme with that proposed by the Commissioners, where we find it is intended bringing the surface and flood waters a distance of 62 miles, principally running in open streams or conduits, and impounded in large reservoirs, with all the impurities of living organisms, both vegetable and animal and fungi, which must be developed to a very great degree in this warm climate—with the water delivered to the inhabitants in the summer at a temperature of not less than from 80° to 85° Faht., in addition to the immensely increased cost to the householders and consumers, to say nothing of the probable great increase of mortality which would most likely arise by using such water—if, I repeat, we compare the two schemes, I have little hesitation in saying that the extension of our present magnificent conserving basin will be that which will be pronounced to be the most advisable and economical of the two.

"TUBE WELL.

"During the very dry weather which continued for so many months during this year, and when the surface water began to show symptoms of not being able to keep up the requisite supply, I thought it advisable to try and supplement it by pumping water from the experimental tube well at the Lachlan, and allow it to flow down to Botany. Before starting the pump I found on sounding that at the bottom of the well, which was 71 feet 4 inches deep, and resting on the sand which stood in the well 15 feet from bottom of cylinder, there was a deposit of very tenacious fine pulverised clay, about three inches in thickness. This deposit was caused from the sediment in the water which came from the stratum of clay which was within a few inches at the bottom of cylinder. I regret much that I had not this clay deposit taken out before I commenced pumping, for I feel assured in that case, the test of the yield of water would have been very different; however the principle is proved beyond a doubt, that water can be pumped in immense quantities from the deep sand beds as will hereinafter appear. The pump in the test well was started on the 23rd September, just five months from the last of the former experiments, which showed a yield of 88 gallons per minute, or 126,720 gallons per twenty-four hours; this was tested over and over again and gave the same result. On the last occasion, however, the yield was very much less, but this was easily accounted for from the fact of the length of time (five months) for the sediment to form into a hard crust of clay on the surface of sand, which prevented the water from percolating through it; and also the cylinder itself had settled down into or within a few inches of the bed of clay. The yield of water by the last trial under these very unfavourable circumstances was 45 gallons per minute on starting, but on continuous pumping night and day, which was done from 23rd September, to 5th October the yield increased to 51 gallons per minute. If the wet weather had not set in and the water from the pump no longer likely to be required, it had been my intention to have taken out the chain pump and lowered once more the sand pump to clear away the clay sediment. Even this yield of 51 gallons per minute, or 72,888 per day, must be taken as a very satisfactory result as the yield derivable from a tube well of only 4·4½ in diameter. If I had been enabled to have retained the bottom of the tube in the pure sand, and not to have allowed it to approach the clay, I will venture to say the yield would have been at the very least four times greater. It was most unfortunate sinking the well where we did, as we came on the outside of the spur of the clay bed which runs out here, and which has been clearly defined by the borings that have been taken since. My object also in sinking where I did was to be close to the engine to facilitate our sinking and pumping. As these experiments are the first of the kind that have ever been made in any part of the world, and there being no previous experience to guide us, we must necessarily expect to meet with difficulties and disappointments at the outset, and it is only by persevering that we can hope to gain the knowledge necessary to overcome them when they occur. I can now say with confidence that we have gained that experience which will enable us to proceed with the construction of cylindrical wells that will yield large quantities of water. I now, by experience, have found that after the cylinder is sunk to a certain depth, and the sand cleared to the bottom, if the water be lowered in the well the sand rises proportionally, provided the cylinder is prevented sinking; therefore, after the cylinder has been sunk to the proper depth, and before the water is pumped out, sand should be filled in, proportionately high to the depth of the cylinder, as it is incumbent on us to arrest the bottom in pure sand, and not allow it to touch the clay on any account; otherwise we do not get the requisite quantity of water. Other means should be adopted in addition at the surface of ground to prevent the cylinder sinking too far. The yield of water from sand is, however, sufficiently known to give us the greatest confidence in our proceedings. As an instance, Mr. Robert Stevenson in his report in 1840 to the London and Westminster Water Company states, 'In the county of Durham two shafts within a few yards of one another are now in process of being sunk for the purpose of a coalpit. They have encountered a stratum of sand lying between the magnesian limestone and the coal formation, abounding with water to an extraordinary degree. For some months past and up to the present moment more than 10,000 gallons per minute, or 14,000,000 gallons per 24 hours have been pumped from the stratum of sand crossing these two shafts.'

"Mr. Homersham in his communication to me by this mail states, 'He had a well sunk during the year 1865 in the parish of Cheddington, Bucks, for a depth of 118 feet in the Gault clay, with a bore hole 35 feet further carried through the clay into the lower greensand and the yield of water from the Borehole, 4 inches internal diameter, was 160 gallons per minute, or about 230,000 gallons per twenty-four hours.' Some wells sunk, geologically speaking, in a similar sand formation yield from 1 to 1½ million gallons per day.

"It being satisfactorily proved that an immense body of water does exist in the sand basin of the Lachlan and Botany Swamps, of the purest and most wholesome quality, I will now proceed to describe how it may be obtained. I would propose to sink four cylindrical wells on the south side of the Randwick Road, at different levels and sufficient distances apart to enable them to be connected by syphons to a large receiving one at the lowest level, which I propose should be situated close to where the stream crosses the Bunnerong Road, under Constitution Hill, and here I would propose to erect engines and pumping machinery, and pump the water from here to the high level reservoir at Paddington, and also to another reservoir proposed to be built at Woollahra. In making my estimate of the number of wells requisite to yield sufficient water to supply the high levels of the city, I have taken 5.36 gallons to the square foot per minute as the yield from a well when the bottom of cylinder is in sand, and over 80 feet in depth; that having been the ascertained quantity after many trials.

"The cylinders I propose to have of wrought iron, being so much lighter than cast iron, each 15 feet in diameter, and sunk to such depths as the nature of the ground will permit. These four should yield on the above basis 1000 gallons per minute each, which would give in twelve working hours 2,880,000 gallons, or in twenty-four hours 5,760,000 gallons, or just five times the quantity being delivered to the high level reservoir. would all discharge into one large receiving w[ell] pumping from, say 30 feet diameter and 40 feet with bottom. I would propose to erect four e[ngines] seventy-five horse power each, with adequate p[umps] &c., and to construct and lay from thence a [line of] wrought iron main to connect with the Padd[ington] high-level reservoir, and connect the Paddington [with] the Woollahra reservoir by means of a 20-inch [main]. These works are subject to great enlargement [at a] future time when the requirements of the [city] demand it.

"The following is my estimate for the pr[oposed] additional works by the erection of pumping e[ngines] and wells for a high level service:—

Four cylindrical wells 15 feet diameter, 80 feet deep each, including cost of sinking, at £2000 each	£8,000
One large receiving well 30 feet diameter and 40 feet deep	2,000
Connecting syphon pipes from wells, with locks, &c.	3,000
Three 75 h.p. engines, including boilers, at £40	9,000
One 75 h.p. spare engine, ditto ditto	3,000
Engine and boiler house, chimney, &c.	6,000
686 tons wrought iron 30-inch main from engines to Paddington	21,000
160 tons wrought iron 20-inch main from Paddington to new reservoir at Woollahra	5,800
Paddington reservoir, to be increased to double the capacity	6,000
New reservoir, Woollahra, to contain 5 million gallons	9,500
Locks, stopback valves, &c.	3,000
12-inch main from Paddington reservoir to Crown-street reservoir	3,100
Purchase of land, say	1,000
Contingencies, 10 per cent	6,800
	£86,20[illegible]
Reticulation of mains through Paddington and Woollahra, &c., say 11 miles	16,800
Total	£103,0[illegible]

"ESTIMATED REVENUE.

"By a return just received the number of ratable houses in

Paddington is 939 (say rooms)	5634	
Do. Woollahra 755 (say rooms)	5284	
	10,920	
say 11,000 rooms from high level service, at 5s.		2,75[illegible]
Estimated number of rooms in Camperdown, Darlington, Waterloo, Alexandria, &c., &c., 11,000 at 5s.		2,75[illegible]
Total		£5,5[illegible]

"The working expenses, however, would [be] about much the same, but the revenue [would be] increasing yearly with the same expend[iture; for] instance the present revenue derivable from t[he] rate.

Total receipts on account of the Water Fund for the year 1871	£33,3[illegible]
Annual cost of pumping, including wages of Botany staff, coals, general repairs, stores, &c., and cost of reticulation through the city, with office expenses, &c.	12,0[illegible]
Total net revenue, exclusive of interest on capital	£21,3[illegible]

"By the Water Act the Corporation are em[powered] still to raise additional capital to the am[ount of] £48,600.

"At present the average daily supply del[ivered to] the Paddington or high level reservoir, 1,140[,000 gal]lons; and if the Botany engines be relieved [of this] duty (which is equivalent to about 2,122,00[0 gallons] delivered to the low level reservoir), we have [an ad]ditional quantity which can be made availab[le for] low lying parts of the city and suburbs, a[nd] relieving altogether the Botany engines from [the] strain of pumping to the high level, the adv[antage of] which I need not comment upon.

"In other words, we should calculate at p[resent, in] extreme cases, on pumping to the high level [about,] weekly, ten million gallons, and to the low l[evel] 24½ millions. But if we pumped entirely t[o the low] level, using the same power and for the same [time, the] quantity delivered would be 39½ million gall[ons, or 5] million gallons per week more than at prese[nt.]

"The advantages that would be deriv[ed from the] execution of this scheme would be the [relieving] entirely the two high-service reservoirs from [Botany,] sufficient for the present supply to the [city, in] addition to what would be required for P[addington] and Woollahra; also the further extension [of the] service mains to Camperdown, Darlington, [Waterloo,] Alexandria, &c.; the great relief to the [engines at] Botany in not having to pump to the h[igh level] reservoir: and by laying a main (includ[ed in my] estimate) from the Paddington to the Cr[own-street] reservoir, we could on an emergency s[upply the] latter from the wells in case of any accident [occurring] to the Botany engines and vice versa, s[o that we] would always have two sources of supply [to depend] on, instead of one, as at present.

"Whilst reviewing the entire water schem[e, I] wish to summarise the several alterations [and addi]tions that have been and are being carried o[ut.] Commencing with the watershed that su[pplies the] tunnel, otherwise "Busby's Bore," we h[ave been,] during the last few months, steadily co[nstructing] small dams across the several creeks [and gullies] throughout the Lachlan Swamp, with [the object] of conserving the water as much as [possible] by throwing it back into the sandhills [around,] and also with the view of restoring the [swamp as] nearly as possible to its original state. So[me of these] dams are of considerable size, and have ans[wered my] expectation in every respect. The one we [are at pre]sent engaged on is about four chains in leng[th, and] feet in height, and will be furnished with [an] outlet pipe, with lock, &c. This dam will [be capable] of retaining a great quantity of water, wh[ich will] back up for some half-mile in length.

"Since the tunnel was cleared out, an[d put] again into operation, it has been working [satis]factorily, the low portions of the city havi[ng been en]tirely supplied by it ever since; the quanti[ty] it has delivered being fully one million ga[llons per day] by gravitation.

"The next work is the Lachlan Reservo[ir (in pro]gress), which is estimated to contain 45 milli[ons;] the Dams, Nos. 1 and 2, estimated to conta[in] 62 millions; and the enlargement of the B[otany] Reservoir, which will add about 56 millio[ns to] its present capacity.

"With all these additional means of st[oring and] supplying the water, the extension of the [service] services throughout the city and subu[rbs] keeping pace with it, and the great respo[nsibility of] augmenting our present supply still remain[s.]

"The Botany engines cannot do much [more than] they are now performing; and indeed it [would be] highly injudicious to increase their work[ing; and] it is most essential that an additional sup[ply should] be obtained, and the only one that cou[ld be im]mediately carried out is the plan that I hav[e proposed,] which can be at once proceeded with.

"Any other scheme would take years a[nd] construct, at an immense cost—fully ten ti[mes more] than will be that of the one I propose—[and would] necessarily supply (as I have endeavoured [to show in] the course of this report) water of a much [inferior] some description than that which can b[e obtained] from the "sand basin" of our present wat[ershed.]

"I have the honour to be, Gentlem[en,]

"Your most obedient servant,

"FRANCIS BELL, City E[ngineer."]

STRAW HAT MANUFACTURE.—We shall [probably] hear a good deal this winter about the di[stress of the] straw-plaiters at Dunstable, on account o[f the enor]mous bales of "Canton plaits" now bein[g bought] by our straw-hat manufacturers. When [we hear] that this Canton plait costs the English m[anufacturer] about half, or even less than half, the [cost of the] home-made article, and is very nearly a[s good, the] appeals that may be made from our st[raw-plaiting] districts are easily accounted for. The [wages have] always been cheap on account of [the labour] employed consisting of women an[d children] chiefly, but, cheapened as it may and m[ay be, ac]tually, it cannot compete with Chinese. [This] opens some grave and interesting question[s as to] the future of labour. If our straw-plaite[rs are driven] out of the market by the Chinese, surel[y other arti]sans and handicraftsmen must stand sim[ilar risk of] being driven out also. We have said tha[t the Canton] plait is very nearly as good—in fact th[e only dif]ference is, that the English is a little [better made] and finished. But there are many ki[nds of work] which we pay high for, and which is ill [done; and if] skilled Chinese labour were once to com[e into compe]tition with unskilled English labour, th[e latter would] have no chance.—Pall Mall Gazette.

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THE FATAL FIGHT AT WESTBURY, TASMANIA.

ADDITIONAL particulars appear in the *Cornwall Chronicle* (December 25) of the shocking occurrence whereby Thomas Lindsay Field, eldest son and heir of Mr. Thomas Field, of Westfield, lost his life from injuries received in a pugilistic encounter with another young man named Seton Williams, a son of the Rev. Mr. Williams, of Westbury. The deceased young man had but recently attained his majority, and was universally beloved and respected for his genial kindness of disposition and upright conduct. An enmity, which was chiefly attributed to the fact of Williams having been summoned by Mr. Field for trespassing, had sprung up between the two young men, and more than one little disturbance had taken place between them. The deceased had heard a rumour about Westbury some months ago, to the effect that Seton Williams had asserted he would punch deceased's head. This led him to send the following challenge to Williams:—

"Westfield, July 22.

"Seton Williams,—It being generally reported about Westbury that you are going to punch my head, or, more politely, that you are going to try to use your fists on my cranium, now, I don't think you can. If there is any truth in the report, I will be most happy to meet you on Saturday afternoon, weather permitting, at any place you like to mention, if you only drop a note in the interval at the Post-office, or Murphy's, which I will be sure to get, but if you do not like these terms, I will meet you and your brother together, one up and the other down, on the same day, if convenient for both of you.

"I do not wish for any fighting, but I do not like people to talk about punching my head, and calling me a liar. If you come, I shall expect fair play and plenty of room. I should think that you ought to be able if size has anything to do with it. If you beat me, then I shall shake hands with you. If the report is not true, you can write. I don't think that I could have proposed fairer terms, and now,

"I remain, yours sincerely,
"T. L. FIELD.

"Seton Williams, Exton."

Williams replied in the following letter:—

"Exton, July 23.

"To L. Field,—If you had asked me civilly whether I had said anything about you I would have given you a truthful answer, but I refuse to reply to such a note as you have written to me, more than to say that I am perfectly able and prepared to defend myself from insult when the occasion makes it necessary, but decline to take part in such a scene of low blackguardism as you propose. You must have known you were quite safe in writing such a letter to me, as no respectable person who had the least regard for his character would disgrace himself by fighting with you in that way.

"SETON WILLIAMS."

Notwithstanding this, the two young men agreed to settle their differences in the way proposed by the deceased. On Saturday, the 21st instant, accompanied by their respective friends, they left the cricket-ground and proceeded to a lane, which was fenced in on both sides with thick gorse hedges, and they there fought for upwards of two hours. At the inquest one of the witnesses, named Leonard Harris, who was present during a portion of the fight, deposed:—On the day of the encounter I saw a lot of boys all running in one direction; I ran to see what was going on: when I got near Thwaite's house, between two hedges, I saw a young man lying down evidently quite exhausted; when I came close I saw it was Lindsay Field; I went close to him, and he said, "How do you do?" I said, "You've had enough of it, your cheek is in an awful state;" he replied, "No, I will fight it out;" Williams was there also; they then got up and commenced fighting again, and kept on fighting; I saw Field thrown at different times by Williams; the first time he was thrown he came pretty heavily on the ground with Williams on top of him; they both fell together; the second time he fell with greater force—very heavily indeed; he was asked if he was hurt, and he said "No;" the third time it was a very slight fall; he fell down, and half got up again; when nearly up again he fell down, exclaiming, "Oh, oh," putting his hand on his chest; he lay in that position until they carried him up to Mr. Superintendent Mahoney's, where we laid him on a bed; I was not present at the commencement of the fight: about thirty or thirty-five minutes elapsed from the first I saw of it until the last; I saw Williams hit Field on the left cheek; I saw him just touched about the brow, but not hard at all; Field hit Williams in the same manner; I did not see Williams thrown; I believe some disturbance at the election led to the fight; on the last election meeting at Mr. O'Meara's I saw Field strike Williams, and previously to this there had existed ill-feeling between them respecting a police-office affair; whilst I was there I saw both of them have water to drink; I saw several going for water, and should think thirty or forty dippers' full were brought. At each time Field fell Williams fell right on to him; I should think the second fall calculated to injure deceased; there were thirty or forty persons present; the second fall was caused by closing, not by a blow; I saw Mr. Charles Watson timing the fighting; he allowed, by a watch in his hand, so much time from the time they went down until they were called up again; a minute and a half was the time I believe; I saw no other person assisting either of the parties or encouraging them to fight; no person picked them up; they got up themselves; I saw Williams strike deceased a blow on the chest, it was very slight; they were in earnest, and it was a vicious fight, they seeming determined to best each other; they had their coats and waistcoats off, not their shirts; I saw Charles Watson suggesting to Williams how he was to hit Field, as was also his brother Walter Williams; I do not know of any challenge having passed between the combatants; as far as I saw there was nothing unfair in the fight; when Field fell the last time he never got up again, and lay there for an hour before Mr. Mahoney came; Charles Field and Charles Watson were bathing him; Williams did not go up and lift up his head and ask him if he was hurt; he did not go near him; Williams asked "if he had given in, if he had beaten him," and some one said "yes;" Williams then took his coat under his arm and rode away; during the fight I heard Charles Watson tell Williams to strike first and take the lead off; I heard Charles Field tell Lindsay Field to take the lead; I heard them tell Williams to close in with him; there was no drink produced, only water; I heard each party entreating Williams and deceased to leave off; I heard both Charles Field and Charles Watson ask Lindsay Field to leave off; he said he "would not do so until it was over, and then he would shake hands;" Williams did not reply; the entreaties were addressed to both of them; I heard Frank and George Watson give directions; I heard them say, "Follow him up, head back."

The medical evidence was to the effect that the immediate cause of death was effusion of blood on the brain, and utter exhaustion, as indicated by the state of the heart. Williams was committed for trial for manslaughter on the coroner's warrant.

THE ATTEMPT TO MURDER AT NEWCASTLE.

AT the Police Court, Newcastle, on Thursday, before Mr. H. Scott, P.M., Samuel Naylor was brought before the Court, charged with attempting to murder his wife, Elizabeth Naylor, on the 9th December, at 1872, at Hamilton.

The following report of the evidence appeared in the *Chronicle* of Saturday:—

Constable John Meara deposed: I produce a razor with blood and human hair on it; it was handed to me by Mrs. Murphy, on the evening of the 9th December last; I produce a shirt with blood on it, and which I found in a yard where the prisoner lodges; the prisoner was in the yard; I asked him if it was his shirt, showing it to him, and he said it was; I found the razor case, I now produce, near the shirt; I produce a pair of trousers I took off the prisoner in the lockup, on the night of the 9th of December last; it has a spot of blood on it, and there is a cut on the left leg of the trousers as if done with a sharp instrument; I produce a dress which was handed to me by Mrs. Jack, on the 10th December, at the lockup, at Newcastle; it is saturated with blood.

Elizabeth Naylor deposed: The prisoner, Samuel Naylor, is my husband; I have been married to him three years last 23rd August; I have been living at Hamilton, which also goes by the name of the Borehole; on the 21st of August I parted from my husband on account of his ill-treatment; I got an order from this Court for support from him for 10s. a week for twelve months; it has been paid regularly; since that time I have been living with my father, William Jack, at Hamilton; prisoner has been lodging at Mrs. Taylor's, about three hundred yards from my father's; I have one child, who was five months old last Saturday; prisoner used to come sometimes to see the child; the first fortnight he tried to stop the money; on the 9th of December, I had occasion to go the well, about four hundred yards from our house, which supplies the neighbourhood, and is at No. 2 Pit; while I was in the act of drawing the water, he came to the well and asked me how I was getting on; I said first-rate; he then came forward, and threw his arm round my forehead, and drew a razor he held in his other hand four or five times across my throat, saying at the same time, "I will do for you;" he knocked me down with his fist, and, as I struggled with him, he drew the razor twice across my neck; I got up again and struggled, calling for help, and staggered into a waterhole, which is not very deep; he got in after me, and I fell down; he got his knees on me; I got up again the third time and tried to get away; he knocked me down again and said, "You ——, I will murder you; I will be hung for you," and drew the razor again across my throat, which I was endeavouring to save with my hands; my hands were cut; my brother, William Jack, came up while I was getting away from him; he then went away to his lodging; the razor, now produced, with the sheath, belongs to prisoner; he had it in his box when I was living with him; I know it—I saw it in his box; my brother and mother led me home to the house; Dr. Knaggs was sent for and soon came to render me assistance; I have not seen prisoner since until to-day; from the time I left him, until this occurrence, on the 9th of December, he had not threatened me with any violence; he is a coal-miner by trade; on my way to the well I saw my husband and William Taylor lying on the grass near Mrs. Taylor's; I got ten cuts on my neck and throat and fourteen on my hands; all these were inflicted by my husband at that time; the dress produced is the one I wore at that time; it is saturated with blood.

William Jack deposed: I am the brother of the last witness, Mrs. Naylor; I live with my father and mother; I am sixteen years of age; I know the prisoner, Samuel Naylor; he is my brother-in-law, the husband of my sister; she has been living apart, this last time, about twelve weeks from her husband; I remember the 9th of the last month; between 5 and 6 o'clock in the evening, a little boy told my mother that prisoner was beating my sister at the well; I ran down to it; it is a public well; when I got there I saw prisoner pulling at my sister; he had something in his hand like a razor or knife; I went and picked my sister up; she was covered with blood; prisoner ran away towards his home; I saw him fling what he had in his hand away; I got my sister up and was helping her home when my mother came; we got my sister home, and my mother sent for Dr. Samuel Knaggs; I saw William Taylor lying on the ground; I do not know whether he could see what was going on or not; I saw a wound on her wrist; I could not tell what other wounds there were, as she was covered all over with blood.

By prisoner: My sister was lying beside the creek near a log when I picked her up; you were then about twenty yards away; she was about six yards from the waterhole; I saw you jump on her while she was near the water.

Caroline Baldwin deposed: I am the wife of Daniel Baldwin; he is a miner by trade, residing at the Borehole; I know the prisoner at the bar; I have known him nearly eight years; I also know his wife now in Court; I remember the 9th of December; I saw Mrs. Naylor about 5 o'clock on the evening of that day, going past my house towards the well; she was carrying two buckets with yokes on her shoulder; I saw the prisoner, Samuel Naylor, get up from the place where he had been lying on the grass, in front of the house where he was lodging, and go after Mrs. Naylor; in about five or six minutes after, I heard screams from the well, which is not in view of my place; I thought there was fighting; I ran to the place, and when I got within sixty yards of the well, I saw Mrs. Naylor covered with blood; I got frightened, and ran back for assistance; I went to get young William Taylor; when I was speaking to him I saw prisoner kneeling on his wife, and he had something shining in his hand, but I could not tell what it was; he let her go, and when he saw her brother and mother coming he ran after her again and threw her down; I saw no more, as I had to go inside.

By prisoner: When I saw you kneeling on your wife, she was about five or six yards from the well; when I saw you throw her down again, her brother and mother were running towards her; she was not in the water, but near it; when I first saw you I was not at my own house; Taylor's is about one hundred yards from the well; the first time I saw you throw her down, she was about five yards from the well; the last time was where the trees are, that was near a log; I swear you were not kneeling on the log, but on her.

Samuel Thomas Knaggs deposed: I am a legally qualified medical practitioner; on the 9th of December last, I was suddenly summoned to attend Mrs. Naylor, at the residence of her father, at Hamilton; in the presence of her mother, I saw her lying on a sofa, in a weak and exhausted condition; her clothing, hands, and neck were covered with blood; I removed the clothes from her neck, and discovered several wounds from which the blood was yet oozing; I examined the wounds; there was one deep wound, four and a half inches long, across the throat, in a direction from ear to ear; there were two other wounds of a less serious nature, and six slighter wounds; there was a wound at the angle of the left jaw—making, in all, ten wounds on the neck and face; I dressed these wounds, and administered restoratives; I then examined the hands and wrists; on the left hand there were twelve wounds, and two wounds on the anterior aspect of the left wrist; on the fingers of the right hand there were two wounds, and a deep gash across the interior aspect of the right wrist, which had cut through one of the tendons and just escaped wounding one of the larger blood-vessels; I dressed all these wounds; there were twenty-nine wounds in all; from the appearance of the wounds, I believe they were made by a sharp instrument, such as the razor produced; the directions in which the wounds were made indicate that they were made by a person from behind and in front of the patient; the neck was in an extended position; the wounds were of a dangerous character; at the time I was apprehensive of her death, and sent for the Police Magistrate to take her depositions; she is now out of danger; they were incised wounds cut through the true skin; the blood was flowing freely.

By the Court: If one of the blood vessels in the neck, just beside the wound, had been cut, she would have died instantly from loss of blood.

William Taylor deposed: I am 18 years of age; I live with my mother, Eliza Taylor, at Hamilton; I am a coal miner; I know the prisoner, Samuel Naylor, now before the Court; I have known him for eighteen months or two years; he and his wife have been living apart; prisoner has been lodging with my mother since their separation; I was in prisoner's company on the 9th ultimo, at about 4 o'clock; I saw Mrs. Naylor going past to the well; it might be 100 yards from where we were; I said, "There is your old woman, Sam;" he said, "Yes, I will go and have a bit of a chat with her;" he then got up and followed her to the well; it is called a well, but it is a tank; I went inside; I saw Mrs. Baldwin running, and she called to me to say prisoner was murdering his wife; I went towards the place; I saw Mrs. Naylor running towards her brother; she was covered with blood, and prisoner was running after; he caught hold of her, when they struggled, and she fell under him; when we got pretty close to her, he let her go; he was leaning over her; I saw nothing in his hand while he was over her; when we got within twenty-five yards of her, he released her, and walked towards us; I then saw the razor; I said, "By ——, you will be hung, Sam;" he said, "I don't care a ——; I will hang for her;" Mrs. Naylor ran into her brother's arms as he got up to her; I knew he had a razor in his box, but I never saw him use it; it is not there now; I would not know it; I saw him throw a razor away.

By prisoner: You were kneeling on Mrs. Naylor at the logs where it is bad in wet weather; I did not see you throw her down until you got to the logs; I did not see you throw her down in the waterhole.

Jane Green deposed: I am the wife of John Green, of New Lambton; I know the prisoner, Samuel Naylor, and his wife, now in Court; on the 9th ultimo, from what I heard of the occurrence between prisoner and his wife on that day, I went to look for a razor, and found the one now before the Court, near Taylor's garden face, at Hamilton; it had hair and blood on it; I brought it to Mrs. Jack; Mrs. Taylor's son showed me where it was.

William Taylor, re-examined: I was with prisoner when he threw the razor away, but did not see where it fell; Mrs. Green and I went to look for the razor; she saw it first, and picked it up.

On the evidence being read over, prisoner said:—"I did not know what I was doing at the time, I was knocked about so. On the pay Saturday previously I went up to Mrs. Jack's, and they turned me out; I went then to Cameron's public-house. I was then so agitated that I did not know what I was doing."

Prisoner was then committed for trial at the Maitland Circuit Court, to answer the indictment that would then be preferred against him for this offence.

INTRODUCTION OF AUSTRALIAN WINES INTO THE ENGLISH MARKET.

THE following is a paper which was read before the Vigneron's Club, at Adelaide, by Mr. H. D. Holbrook. It would be remembered, he said, that some time ago the Association sent a memorial through the Governor to the Secretary of State for the Colonies urging the reduction of the duty upon our wines, which was felt to be a great obstacle in the way of exporting from the Australian Colonies; and their Secretary (Mr. Hoyne) had a letter in his possession informing him that, although the complaint was considered as just, their request could not be complied with. No reason for this refusal was given, but at that time a treaty was in force with France, and it was quite natural to suppose that that was one cause of the refusal. A telegram had reached them a short time ago from England—and he wished to call the members' attention to this—stating that the treaty with France was about to terminate, so that if they wished an alteration in the wine duties now was the golden opportunity, before another treaty was concluded. He noticed by the daily papers that another treaty was about to be made, so that now was the time to be alive in the matter, which should be attended to before the mail went out. It was forcibly pointed out at the time the last memorial was sent, and there was plenty of evidence on record from reports made upon our wines in England, as well as at our own wine show, held in last October, to prove that nearly all our full-bodied wines exceeded 26 per cent., p.s., and therefore had to pay the higher duty—2s 6d per gallon—whereas these wines had to compete with French and other wines, that contained as a rule less than 26 per cent., which paid only 1s. duty. The bulk of the South Australian wines were more of the character of the Spanish wines, and in order to contest with French wines it would be most desirable that the duty on all wines should be reduced to 1s. a gallon. They claimed and were acknowledged to be a portion of the British Empire, and if the loyalty of which they boasted, and of which they were proud, was to be maintained, they expected that their interests would be considered before those of foreigners. (Applause.) It was very probable the English revenue would not suffer by that alteration. He was not one of those who delighted in disparaging our Government or Parliament. (Hear, hear.) He believed it would be better for the country if the Government and Parliament received more of the moral support of the people; but they could not shut their eyes to the fact that the wine interest had been looked upon more as an alien interest than as one of our native industries. He thought they would do well to ponder over what Lord George Bentinck once said in the British House of Commons, "It is our duty to defend and promote the agricultural, the commercial, and colonial interests of this mighty Empire; to cherish, to protect, and to stimulate British industry in England, Scotland, Ireland, on the ocean, and in the oversea possessions of the British Crown; to lighten the burdens of taxation which oppress and beat down industry, and shackle the powers of equal competition of the people of the British Empire at home and in the colonies—by raising taxation as far as may be practicable from the industry of foreigners to the sparing of our own." The reduction of this 1s. 6d. per gallon might prove the turning point whether it would pay or not to export wine from this colony. It would represent in many cases 25 per cent. of the value of wine, and would make a difference of £75 upon ever 1000 gallons—no small item to be placed to the credit of an interest that had been languishing for years. Referring to the character of our wines, he wished to direct attention to a report alluded to by the Press of this colony, and more extensively noticed in the *Australasian* of December 7, upon the number of wines exhibited in Melbourne in 1870, and afterwards sent by the late Board of Agriculture to Sir G. Verdon, Agent-General of Victoria, to be reported upon by competent authorities in England. Gentlemen who read that report would see those instructions were carefully carried out and reported upon by some of the highest authorities in Europe, and that report showed conclusively that it was the full-bodied wines that would pay (if any) to export to England. Our light wines appeared to be deficient in aroma to those of France and Germany, which most probably was caused by the heat of our climate and the too rapid attenuation of our light wines. The report also went on to say they must be sent at a very low price to compete with those wines. The natural outlet for our light wines must be sought for in cultivating a taste for them amongst our own countrymen in the colonies; but there was every encouragement given them as regarded our full-bodied wines. He had selected two of the most valuable from the number sent, viz., Section 10, No. 5, described as a sound wine with a muscat flavour, worth £90 per 260 gallons, nearly 7s. per gallon; and Section 15, No. 12, described as a sherry wine for England, 270 f. per hectolitre of 22 gallons, or a little over 10s. per gallon. Now, judging from this reliable information, it appeared to him most important that they should leave no stone unturned to get the duty reduced to enable them to send their full-bodied wines to England. These could be produced extensively in this colony, and he thought they would be neglecting a duty to themselves if they did not seize this opportunity of again urging their just claims, especially at this time, when so much attention was being given to our wines in England. No doubt the export of wine had considerably increased of late. Nearly every ship that left our shores took away a consignment of wine, and although their wines might not have been appreciated as they deserved in this colony, it was evident that there was a growing interest taken in them at home; and once let the wealthy middle classes of England and her nobles patronise our genuine wines, once let them set the fashion—and he believed fashion had as much influence in the taste of wine as ever it had with the bonnets of the ladies—(laughter)—we should soon see them patronised here and their good qualities acknowledged. There was one important result likely to follow from the notice our wines were receiving, viz., the establishment of firms in this colony to purchase and properly manage our young wines. Nothing had crippled the winegrower more, after in many cases making a good young wine, than the want of a market for it. It had also been a fertile cause of bringing their wines into disrepute. Instead of these young wines being taken by the merchant from the grower and subjected to that skilful treatment and attention they required, these wines lay in the cellars of the growers, in many cases like a white elephant that they could not get rid of, until perhaps they became unsound, and, as a last resource, they spread them broadcast by the gallon over the country at any price they could obtain, as he had said, to the great injury of the wine interest. It was to be hoped they would soon have firms established to do away with this state of things, and let the growers be growers, and not every little grower a wine merchant. He believed there was plenty of scope for capitalists at the present time, and if what he suggested were done, they would not so often see vignerons rooting up their vines and returning to the planting of cabbages as being more remunerative. There never had been a more fitting time for this club to be on the alert than at present, not only to bring about the opening up of a market for their full-bodied wines in England, but as indirectly bearing upon the question before them, in having their light wines placed before the public to suit the taste of the people of this country, for which they were so admirably suited, and converting their low wines into spirit, which was so largely imported at this time. They heard much from those high in authority promising to support native industries, but whenever the wine interest came on for consideration their patriotism oozed away, and instead of bread they offered them a stone. (Hear, hear, and a laugh.) This club, as representing the wine interest of the colony, should not rest satisfied until they could dispose of their produce to the best advantage, and have the same freedom to dispose of it as the farmer his wheat or the squatter his stock. He believed from the signs of the times there was a bright future for the wines of this colony, and after the discouragements and disappointments they had endured for many long years, the time was coming when these fiscal restriction would be removed, when there would be as certain a market for the vigneron's wine as there is at this time for the other main staples of this country, when their interest would arise Phœnix-like from her ashes, and become, what what she by nature was destined to become, one of the principal industries of this country. (Applause.) He would move,—"That a memorial be prepared and presented to the Chief Secretary, to be forwarded by his Excellency the Governor to her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, urging the importance of the relief to the wine interest of this colony; and that the Agent-General of this colony be instructed to support the same."

MUSICAL NOTES.

OUR Paris correspondent, Stella, writes on the 1st November: The past week has witnessed the *debut* of a new singer, Mlle. Albani, at the Theatre Italien, concerning whom the interest and curiosity of the *habitués* of that famous opera-house had been raised to a very high pitch by the portraits of a most lovely young face, displayed, as that of the prima donna expectant, in all the music shops of the capital, and by the highly eulogistic paragraphs concerning her voice and accomplishments inserted in all the journals. On Friday evening she made her first appearance here, in the "Sonnambula;" and was, on the whole, received with favour. Her excessive agitation nearly overpowered her during all the earlier part of her performance; but her auditory, prepossessed in her favour, lavished their encouragements on the new candidate for their favour, and she gradually regained a greater degree of mastery over herself, and gave proof of powers which may fairly be said to be considerable, even though they may not appear, as yet, to justify the somewhat extravagant eulogiums that had been so injudiciously lavished upon them beforehand. In the first place, it must be noted that the pictures of the new *diva* are not in the least like her. Instead of the marked handsome features, full face, eyes of fire, and masses of rich, wavy black hair, with all the characteristics of force and fire which all Paris has been admiring for the last fortnight, the real "Albani" is slight, pale, and thin, not in the least handsome, but with a sweet and pleasing expression of countenance, and an air of such innocent and modest grace that she pleases even before she utters a note. She is said to be 22 years of age, but looks scarcely 18; and is not an Italian at all, but a daughter of England's great Western dependency, born in Montreal, her father being French and her mother Scotch. Her real name is Emma Lajeunesse. She came to Paris some years ago, and took a few lessons of the famous vocal trainer Duprez; but she soon proceeded to Italy, and her training has really been the work of Lamberti, the celebrated professor of singing at Milan. At the end of a year, devoted to persevering studies, she came out at the theatre of Messina under the assumed name of Albani, in the "Sonnambula," with decided success. After singing there for some time, she obtained an engagement at the small Pagliano Theatre, at Florence, then went through a season at Malta, and next appeared at the Pergola, the principal opera house of Florence, where she sang in "Lucia," the "Sonnambula," "Count Ory," and "Mignon." The painter Cabanel, being in Florence at the time, wrote to Ambrose Thomas (the composer of the last named opera)—"We have here a 'Mignon' who fanaticises the Florentines." After obtaining much applause in Italy, the young artist appeared last season, with success, at Covent Garden. The young artist in question is of delicate appearance, and acts with sobriety of gesture. Her eyes are intelligent and expressive, and her countenance lends itself with wonderful mobility to the alternate rendering of joy and sorrow, and other expressions pourtrayed on the stage. Her voice as yet wants strength, and its medium notes are somewhat clouded; but she has an exquisite "shake," and great facility in executing "runs" and cadences. Her greatest excellence is her earnestness and great attention to the business of the stage. In the great scene of the third act, and especially in the admirable prayer, Mlle. Albani was wonderfully fine. It would be impossible to express more truly the chaste lamentations of virginal tenderness, as the reminiscences of former happiness come thronging to her mind in sad succession. The whole of the subdued passages in that charming scene were given by her with exquisite feeling and delicacy; and when she arrived at the rapturous outbreak of the final rondo, it was felt that nothing could be finer than her rendering of the whole, and the applause was loud and long. That the new *débutante* will occupy a distinguished place on the stage and will be a favourite with the public, may be confidently predicted. Whether she will ever become a star of the first magnitude in the operatic heaven, rivalling in power and brilliancy the Malibrans and Grisis of a past which seems, as yet, destined to be left without equivalent successors, is a matter in regard to which the future must decide. The splendid galaxy of varied talents of the highest order which constituted so distinguishing a feature of the Paris of Louis Philippe throws the notabilities of the present day, with rare exceptions, sadly [illegible] shade, and the "waifs and strays" of the celebrities of that brilliant period are still eagerly welcomed as mementoes of a period of artistic development to which the present offers no parallel. Where in the musical world shall we look for such a personality as that of Auber, for instance? And where shall we find the wit and charm of the incomparable Rossini, whose *bon mots* and sparkling sallies were as keenly relished as his exquisite melodies? Who among the composers of the present could give such counsel as that given by Rossini to a young musician who had consulted him as to the best method of composing an overture to the opera he was about to bring out? A demand for advice to which the witty *maestro* responded as follows:—"For the composing of an overture.—*1st Receipt*: Wait until the evening before the first performance to compose an overture. Nothing excites inspiration like necessity and the annoying presence of a copyist waiting for your work fragment by fragment, or the sinister view of a manager in despair, and tearing out his hair by handsful. Real masterpieces of the kind have never been composed otherwise. In Italy, in my time, all the operatic managers were bald at 30. *2nd Receipt*: I composed the overture to 'Otello' in a little chamber in the Barbaja Palace, where the baldest and most ferocious of managers had shut me up by force, with only a dish of maccaroni, and with the threat that I should not come out alive until I had written the last note. *3rd Receipt*: I wrote the overture to the 'Gazza Ladra' not on the previous evening, but on the very day of the first performance, in the upper loft of La Scala Theatre at Milan, whither I had been conducted by the manager, a true imitator of Barbaja, under the guard of four scene-shifters. Those gaolers were under orders to throw my text, bit by bit, from a dormer-window, the copyists being in waiting below to transcribe and send it to the conductor, who was waiting with the orchestra, and had each bit practised as soon as it arrived. In default of the sheets of music, the barbarians had orders to throw me out of the window. *4th Receipt*. I did better for the overture of the "Barbiere di Seviglia," for I did not compose it at all—that is to say, instead of the one I had originally written for that extremely *buffa* opera, the one used was that intended for "Elisabetta," which is excessively serious. The public were delighted with the substitution. *5th Receipt*. I composed the overture, or rather the instrumental introduction, to "Count Ory," when angling, with my feet in the water, in company with M. Aguado, who was talking all the time of Spanish finance, and boring me mortally. *6th Receipt*. That of 'Guillaume Tell' was written under somewhat similar conditions in an apartment I occupied on the Boulevard Montmartre, and which was the rendezvous of all the eccentric disagreeables of Paris, who came there to smoke, drink, chat, dispute, and show themselves off, while I was hard at work in order to hear them as little as possible. *7th Receipt*. I did not compose any overture for 'Moise,' which method is easier than any other, My excellent friend Meyerbeer also employed it for 'Robert le Diable,' and for the 'Huguenots,' and had no reason to complain of the result. I am informed that he has done the same for the 'Prophete.' As usual, he could not have done better."

THE PILGRIMAGE TO LOURDES.

IT was stated in our London telegram a few days ago that the Mayor of Nantes had been suspended for not sufficiently protecting the pilgrims to Lourdes, but it is not stated in what way the pilgrims were interfered with. The ceremonies are thus described by the correspondent of a London journal:—

"The great 'Manifestation Religieuse' about which so much has been said and written in and out of France for the last two months, has duly come off, accompanied, I am informed, by a quite imposing amount of 'miracles.' On the 11th of February, 1858, the child of a miller of Lourdes, named Marie Bernarde Soubirons—and not Bernardette, as the legend styles her—wandered out with two companions of her own sex, and about her own age, fourteen, for the prosaic purpose of picking up sticks on the banks of the Gave, at a place called the Grotto of Massabielle. Whilst taking off her stocking in order to cross the stream, she heard a rustling noise, and affirms that she saw the figure of the Virgin Mary in the Grotto of Massabelle. The other two children, not being asthmatic and unhealthy as Marie Soubirons was, of course did not share her hallucinations, and saw nothing at all. The child Soubirons returned often to the spot where she had dreamt a dream, and affirms that she saw the Virgin more than a dozen times in all. Being told by the priest of the parish of Lourdes—who at first laughed at the whole story—to ask the apparition its name, the reply was, 'Je suis l'Immaculée Conception.' Then the Virgin asked to have a chapel built in her honour, and finally she directed the child to a part of the grotto from which, on Marie Bernarde's touching it, or rather, I believe, scratching it, a spring of water flowed. This water now plays an important part at Lourdes, as we are asked to believe that it is perpetually working miracles by curing the lame, the halt, and the blind. Oddly enough, this miraculous water only cures diseases which have from time to time immemorial been successfully treated at the numerous bathing places in the Pyrenees. Broken arms are quite obstinate in not being cured; and indeed their unhappy possessors do not often try them at the grotto. The religious ceremonies began by a midnight Mass yesterday at the chapel built over the Virgin's Grotto, in the crypt, at the grotto itself, and at many little altars dotted about on the surrounding rocks. Suffice it now to say of these midnight Masses that they went on until 3 o'clock on Sunday morning, and began again at 5 a.m. The sight was picturesque and curious. The place chosen for the manifestation was singularly picturesque, and a glorious Southern sun lent even still greater enchantment to the beautiful scenery. Just below the towering old chateau of the Black Prince the rapid Gave makes a sudden turn, and leaves a flat tongue of land between the castle walls and the Grotto of Massabelle. This flat meadow, some 500 yards long by half as many wide, is surrounded on all sides by rocky slopes. At one end is the grey weather-beaten old castle, typical of the military power of an age that is gone. At the other the bran new white church erected in honour of an imposture worthy of the days when the castle was built. On the south may be seen the snow-clad tops of the not distant Pyrenees. On the north, in strange contrast to the religious and military relics of the Middle Ages, before the eyes of the spectators, the railway from Bordeaux and the telegraph—the real miracles of modern days—run close to the spot where we are asked to believe that even now miracles (there has, I hear, been one to-day) are of constant occurrence. On the eastern edge of the plain a high altar had been erected, from the lofty poles surrounding and supporting which floated four Venetian streamers bearing the blue colours of Mary, intermingled with ugly white and yellow banners of the Holy Father. At this altar, the weather being favourable, and a more glorious day could not possibly have been wished for, a Pontificial Mass was celebrated by the Archbishop of Tarbes, who then preached, and finally gave the assembled multitude his apostolical benediction, and 'indulgence pleniére'—this latter, I believe, having been sent from Rome for this special occasion. It was announced that the procession would start from the parish church of Lourdes at half-past 1 o'clock, but it was nearly 2 before the banners and their bearers were set in motion. This part of the proceedings did not, I must confess, seem to me to have been planned with the usual skill of the organisers of religious ceremonies in France. People did not seem quite to know what to do with their banners, which had besides an unpleasant trick of getting entangled together, which was enough to vex even the faithful. Then there were sundry little disputes about the order of precedence between different banner-bearers. And the banners, what were they like? Well, though some of the devices on them, sacred hearts and so forth, were not altogether such as Protestant eyes care to look on, it is only right to say at once that the vast majority of the three hundred and fifteen banners I saw to-day were very tastefully worked and painted. The observed of all others was a small black velvet banner, bordered with heavy gold fringe, with 'Notre Dame de Bon Secours, Alsace, a Notre Dame de Lourdes. O Marie, priez pour nous.' This flag, to which many people took off their hats, headed the procession. Next came a white and gold flag from Metz, wreathed in black folds of crape. There were in all, I think, four banners from Alsace Lorraine. At length the procession, consisting of the lay delegates from the towns which had sent banners and the delegated priests, was started, and worked its way slowly through the narrow streets of Lourdes toward the chapel of Notre Dame to meet the bishops and clergy. All the houses on the route were decorated tastily enough with wreaths of evergreens and flowers, white and blue flags in honour of the Virgin being exhibited from many windows. The streets were of course crowded by the Bearnese peasants in their picturesque 'Berets,' as their caps are styled. Taking up a position on the steep rocks overlooking what, for the want of a better name, I shall call the tilting-ground, one had a perfectly charming view of the two processions wending slowly down the rock-hewn paths to meet one another. That coming from the chapel was headed by the 'Fanfare,' or town band of Lourdes, playing a 'Chant National,' which had been written for the occasion, and playing it horribly out of tune. Next came the susse, or beadle of the chapel, a sight to make any English beadle die of envy on the spot. Such a gorgeous mixture of laced cocked-hat, blue-coat, silvered baldrick, sword, and tight pantaloons and gaiters, and big halbert, I have seldom set eyes upon. Next, and immediately in front of the bevy of bishops and archbishops which headed the procession, came two small artillerymen with shouldered carbines and fixed bayonets. Then behind the bishops came the clergy, in hierarchical order, some 500 strong, I should reckon, chanting in slow and solemn tones. Just as the two processions met at the bridge leading into the tilting ground, the crowd caught sight of the mourning banners of Alsace and Lorraine. 'Vive l'Alsace, Vive la Lorraine,' rang out as if, though evidently not, by word of command, and every eye was turned to the banners from the lost provinces of France. The priests were energetic in endeavouring to check the shouting, and soon the refrain of the chant '*ora pro nobis*' sighed out in the summer air again; 'Ah, oui, priez pour nous,' said a black-clad Alsatian lady following a banner. Not a few of the simple Bearnese peasants dropped down on their knees there and then in silent supplication for their afflicted countrymen of the lost provinces. Then the procession defiled slowly into the space reserved for the delegates round the high altar. There was much clapping of hands when the banners of Alsace-Lorraine appeared, and they were given the place of honour on the platform, on which the altar stood, the others remaining below. When the banner from Nantes, where as your readers will recollect, there were some disturbances occasioned by the return of the Lourdes pilgrims lately, appeared, there was some cheering and I heard some priests mutter near me. 'A bas le petit Thiers.' It was stated that the Nanies flag was carried by some ex-Pontifical Zouaves, who had sworn to defend it against insult. The Archbishop of Auch, after solemnly blessing the banner, then delivered a sermon, which lasted about three-quarters of an hour. He alluded to the castle behind him as being one of the last fortresses left to France. A strong exaggeration, surely. He compared, in a rather old simile, France to a storm-tossed vessel, which required believers to help and guide her. Very likely the enemies of religion would in their anger insult and blaspheme against the present great manifestation of the power of religion in France. Such insults must be left to the properly constituted authorities to deal with, and believers must take no notice of them. Then the Archbishop prayed for a miracle which should confirm all sceptics. Finally—and this was the only touching part of his sermon—he alluded to the woes of Alsace and Lorraine in a way which left hardly a dry eye in the assembled thousands."

THE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES AMENDMENT ACT, 1872.

(From the Review.)

THE *Solicitors' Journal*, in its review of the legislation of the year, contains some observations on this important measure, to which we propose on the present occasion to direct our readers' attention. The writer first notices a rather curious inconsistency in the provisions of the Acts of 1871 and 1872, with regard to the deposit of £20,000, which is required by the Act of 1870. The first section of the present Act empowers the Board of Trade to make rules as to the payment in and out of Court of the deposits which are required to be made by the Act of 1870. (The rules which have been issued by the Board pursuant to this power will be found in *The Review* for September 15.) The provision in the Act of 1871, which empowers the Court of Chancery to make orders on the same subject, is not repealed; and thus, as the writer says, "there may be a clashing between the Board of Trade powers under the present Act, and the Chancery powers under the Act of 1871, or the Chancery Funds Act of the present year." This would, indeed, be a triangular duel with a vengeance.

The writer then proceeds to notice section 4 of the Act of 1872, which, he says, "is one of the lengthiest sections ever inserted in an Act, and is intended to provide for the ancillary winding-up of all 'amalgamated' companies wherever the amalgamating or drowning company (a somewhat peculiar phrase, by the way) comes itself to be wound up." His comments are as follows (we must here refer our readers to *The Review* for September 15, where they will find the text of the Act itself):—

"In the Albert case, the question of 'novation' was frequently fought on a petition to wind up one of the amalgamated companies. The winding-up of all such companies seems desirable, indeed necessary, in every such case, except cases in which part only of the business of the subsidiary company was taken over by the principal company; and the simplest plan of providing for both categories would apparently have been to empower the Court to wind up the subsidiary company in every case in which it might consider it 'just and equitable' so to do. The present section takes the roundabout course of enacting, in two separate paragraphs, one mandatory, and the other containing the 'just and equitable' qualification, that where the subsidiary company or its creditors have claims on the principal company, the Court is to wind up the subsidiary if it thinks such conjoined winding-up just and equitable. Where the subsidiary company has transferred all its business to the principal company its winding-up must be necessary, if any policy-holders or annuitants remain who have retained their claims upon it. But the question whether the subsidiary company or its creditors can substantiate any claims against the principal company must depend upon that prior question—whether the principal company's guarantee to indemnify the subsidiary company gets put in operation by reason of some policy-holders proving to retain their original claims on the subsidiary company. And so that prior question can practically be tried only on a policy-holder's petition to wind up the subsidiary company. So that, unless the Court, as perhaps it will, takes some rough and ready short cut to the equity of this section, the practical value of the section is reduced to the bare permission that the winding-up of the subsidiary company, when once decided on, may be 'in conjunction' with that of the principal company; and we may add some minor details, such as the permission to wind up in groups of companies."

A considerable portion of these observations appears to us, we must confess, to savour of hypercriticism. Any one who carefully peruses the section itself will see, we think, that the enactment simply amounts to this—one clause is mandatory, the other, which has quite a different purview, contains the just and equitable qualification. The paragraph which refers to the mode of winding up the companies is mandatory,—*i.e.*, if the subsidiary is to be wound up at all, the Court shall order it to be wound up in conjunction with the principal company; and the commencement of the winding-up of the principal company shall, save as otherwise ordered by the Court, be the commencement of the winding-up of the subsidiary company. The meaning of the latter portion of this paragraph, to judge by the analogy of the interpretation which the Courts have put upon similar enactments, is, that the Court is to make the date of the commencement of the winding up of the subsidiary company the same as the date of the commencement of the winding up of the principal company, unless there be good reason to the contrary. The other paragraph, containing "the just and equitable qualification," has quite a different subject-matter—a circumstance which appears to have escaped the observation of the writer in the *Solicitors' Journal*. The question referred to in this paragraph, viz., whether the subsidiary company shall be wound up at all or not, is one with regard to which the Court is to have a discretionary power. The writer would also appear, from his subsequent observations, to have forgotten for the moment the complete change which is introduced into the subject of novation by the 7th section of the Act. We say forgotten for the moment, for he himself subsequently comments, as we shall see, upon the section at some little length. He thinks that "the prior question whether the principal company's guarantee to indemnify the subsidiary company gets put in operation by reason of some policy-holders proving to retain their original claims on the subsidiary company," can "practically be tried only on a policyholder's petition to wind-up the subsidiary company." But surely—when under the new law, a 'policy-holder paying his premiums to the new company is not to be considered to have abandoned his claim against his old company, or accepted in lieu the liability of the new company, unless such abandonment and acceptance have been signified by some writing signed by him or his agent"—there can be no difficulty whatever in deciding at once whether there be any claims against the subsidiary company. The question of novation will no longer depend upon elaborate arguments and fine-drawn distinctions, but simply upon the broad issue whether there be a policy-holder of the old company who has not in writing, signed by himself or his agent, signified his abandonment of the old company and his acceptance of the new. Surely, under these circumstances, the Court will have no difficulty "in taking," to employ the writer's own phrase, "some rough-and-ready short-cut to the equity of the section."

With regard to the 7th section, the writer notices the very important alteration which it has introduced "as to what is commonly called novation" in the following terms—"In a large quantity of cases decided by the Court of Chancery, as well as by Lord Cairns in the Albert Arbitration, policy-holders were held to have forfeited their claims in their original companies by acquiescence without any overt act of assent." Spencer's case is cited by the writer as an instance of this; but we must remind him that in that case there was an additional circumstance, "an overt act" which distinguished it from several of the cases decided by Lord Cairns. The policy-holder received a circular announcing a bonus, and wrote a letter, in which he elected to take the sum allotted to him by way of bonus in the form of reduction of future premiums. Lord Cairns carried the doctrine of novation, as we have endeavoured on another occasion to show, not only much further than the Court of Equity had carried, but also, in our opinion, very much further than he ought to have done.

The writer then proceeds as follows:—"Section 7 (which, as to date of amalgamation, is retrospective) enacts that a policy-holder paying his premiums to the new company is not to be considered to have abandoned his claim against his old company, or accepted in lieu the liability of the new company, unless such abandonment and acceptance have been signified by some writing signed by him or his agent. This seems to cut off even those stronger cases in which policy-holders were held to have forfeited their claims in the old company by accepting bonuses of the new. The claim, however, now given on the old company cannot include such bonuses." Before we proceed to comment upon these comments, it may not be uninteresting to notice what this clause was before it was "amended," into its present form. We have previously directed our readers' attention to the fact that the clause as it now stands only declares that for the future certain acts shall not constitute a novation, whereas as originally brought in it was so worded as to enact that similar acts done before the passing of the Act should not constitute novation. We shall not, however, refer to this subject at greater length on the present occasion.

The clause, as it was originally introduced into the House of Commons by Mr. Chichester Fortescue, provided that the policy-holder should not be deemed to have abandoned his claim against the old company, or to have accepted the liability of the new company, unless his abandonment of the old claim, and his acceptance of the liability of the new company (in other words, his "novation"), was signified by writing under his hand, or by his acceptance of a bonus or other benefit in respect of his policy from the new company after notice had been served upon him that such acceptance would be deemed by both companies concerned to testify his abandonment of such claim, and his acceptance of the liability of the new company. The clause then contained a provision with regard to any policy-holder who should have received bonuses or other benefits from the new company without the notice above-mentioned. "He," the clause said, "may be required to refund such bonus or other benefit before any claim against the first-mentioned company in respect of his policy is allowed."

The clause in its present form declares that no payment of premium made, or any other act done after the passing of the Act, whatever may be the date of the amalgamation, shall constitute a "novation," unless the abandonment, &c., be signified by writing, &c. This not only "seems to cut off," but actually cuts off, in the most express terms, "all those stronger cases in which policyholders were held to have forfeited their claims on the old company by accepting bonuses of the new."

The clause as it originally stood directed, as we have seen, that the amount received, by way of bonuses or other benefits, should be refunded. The clause, as it now stands, is silent on the point, and we must therefore fall back upon the authority of Bell's case, which came before Lord Justice, then Vice-Chancellor, James, and is reported in the 9th Law Reports, Equity, p. 717. In that case which of course is not an authority binding upon Lord Westbury, the rule was laid down as follows:—

"So far as the speculation has resulted in an ascertained profit, so far as it has resulted in a bonus being declared, so far as it has resulted in cash paid, so far as it has resulted in a diminution of premium, all that is settled, and bound by the contract between the parties. I must act accordingly, and take such contract exactly as it stands, considering that the chance of profit is now reduced to nil. If a bonus has been declared, and not received, he will add that to the policy. If the bonus has been received there is an end to it."

According to this rule (*a*) there would not be any question of refunding "bonus or other benefit" already paid or received in any shape (as was intended by the clause as it originally stood) (*b*), all chance of future bonus would of course be extinguished at once, while (*c*) bonus already declared, but not paid, would be added to the amount for which the participating policy-holder would be allowed to prove in the winding-up.

CANON KINGSLEY ON THE LAWS OF HEALTH.—The *Telegraph* holds that Canon Kingsley, in his theory that the English race is degenerating in consequence of the destruction of the strongest part of the manhood of our country in the Peninsular war, vigorously states a half-truth, but leaves out of sight a crowd of important facts. When he says that the commons of England were strong down to the time of the war, he forgets that the French war was only the last of a long series of contests which had weeded out much of what was choicest in the manhood of this country. Nor have battles been so destructive as he fancies. The loss of British life, from first to last, in the Peninsula would now seem trivial, we fear, to General Grant or Count Moltke. Nor is Canon Kingsley altogether fortunate when he unfavourably compares the manhood of England with that of Greece. The Greeks had no such idea as we have of the sacredness which lies in every individual life. Their aim was to develop perfect specimens of manhood and womanhood. Galileo, Newton, Pope, Voltaire, and many others of the men who have left the deepest mark on the modern world, could not have existed in Greece, for they were feeble in childhood, and would have been allowed to die. But Mr. Kingsley does point to an important truth when he says that the care with which we keep alive the feeble tends to perpetuate a deceased or infirm race of beings. He forgets, however, that competition is now doing some such work as once was done by pestilence, famine, and social disregard forthe laws of health. The race is now to the swift and the battle to the strong. Such is the hurry to be rich, powerful, or famous, and such, in fact, is the difficulty of gaining a livelihood at all, that the weak go down in the crush, killed by the possessors of strength. Mr. Kingsley may then take comfort; and when the poor people shall be better housed and better fed, when something more shall be done to make their lives cheerful, and when they themselves shall learn to be temperate, the commons of England will have no reason to fear a comparison with the lustier generations of the forefathers.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 4.

Fire King (s.), 171 tons, Captain Hersee, from the Manning River. Passengers—Mrs. Slaven, Mrs. M'Gregor, Miss Cosgrove, Miss Lobban, Miss Smith, Miss Richardson, Messrs. Lobban, M'Donald, Slaven, Richardson, and 5 in the steerage. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

Grafton (s.), 213 tons, Captain Harding, from Macleay River, via Newcastle. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

City of Brisbane (s.), 504 tons, Captain Hill, from Brisbane 2nd instant. Passengers—Dr. A. Roberts, Master Rourke, Mr. and Mrs. Dalhumby, Master Young, Mr. and Mrs. C. Williamson, Mrs. S. Shenton, Mrs. W. Black, Mrs. Raff, Messrs. T. R. Hackett, F. Keogh, Wilson, and 21 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Egmont (s.), 388 tons, Captain Phillips, from Rockhampton, 27th ultimo. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Barker, 2 children and servant; Miss Daly, Mr. and Mrs. D. Wilson, Lieutenant Praed, Messrs. J. Daley, W. Ranken, Thiessen, C. York, J. Keel, J. Brown, K. Welsh, J. Whittingham, and 20 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

John Penn (s.), 200 tons, Captain Sheed, from Eden, Merimbula, and Tathra, 3rd instant. Passengers—Mrs. Hinton, Miss Manning, Messrs. Oliver, King, Russell, Munn, Ryan, M'Cusland, and 8 in the steerage. I. S. N. Co., agents.

JANUARY 5.

Platypus (s), 164 tons, Captain Creer, from Macleay River. Passengers—Mrs. Hart and 4 children, Mr. Hart. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

Blackbird (s.), 531 tons, Captain Torrance, from Rockhampton, via Gladstone and Brisbane. Passengers—For Sydney: Mr. and Mrs. Ormsby, Miss Lehardy, Mrs. Mitchell and child, Miss Norwood, Mr. and Mrs. Healey and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. C. Healey, Rev. Mr. Callanan, Mr. Hester. For Melbourne: Mrs. Skinner, Mrs. C. T. Clay, and 3 children, Mrs. Toussaint, Mrs. Thomas, Mr. D. Allan, and 18 in the steerage. J. Ward and Co., agents.

City of Melbourne (s.), 615 tons, Captain Moore, from Melbourne 2nd instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Westgarth and infant, Mrs. Lewis Marks, Mrs. Brown and 2 children, Mrs. Brotherston, Mrs. J. S. Hume, Mrs. Carpenter, Miss Westgarth, Miss Rose, Miss Thwaites, Miss Walshe, Miss Emanuel, Rev. Robert Lewers, Messrs. D. Heartcan, E. Lewis, Sewell, J. Stephens, T. Stephens, C. Mitchell, C. Walker, Rose, E. Emanuel, A. Fairfax, H. Clarke, F. Phillips, A. Wright, M. J. Pedon, J. W. Daly, J. M'Kellar, H. Shum, W. Cotter, G. Dowell, Otter, W. Von de Heyde, Master Hume, and 53 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

H. M. S. Rosario, 3 guns, Captain Challis, from the South Sea Islands.

Mystery, schooner, 60 tons, Captain Irving, from Maryborough 30th ultimo. Parbury, Lamb and Co., agents.

Forward, barque, 260 tons, Captain Howells, from Maryborough 29th ultimo. Captain, agent.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 4.

Harriet Armitage, for Dunedin.
H. M. S. Clio, for Hobart Town.

JANUARY 5.

Border Chief, for London.
R. J. Robertson, for Hongkong.
Rotumah, for S. S. Islands.
Robert Towns, for a whaling voyage.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 6.

Ben Lomond, for London; Nukalau, for Auckland; Southern Cross, for Newcastle; Hannah Newton, for Broad Sound; August Reimer, for Foo Chow.

CLEARANCES.—JANUARY 4.

Contest, barque, 322 tons, Captain Meiklejohn, for Newcastle, with part of original cargo from Adelaide.

Rotumah, barque, 282 tons, Captain Robertson, for S. S. Islands. Passengers—Rev. Dr. Battallion, Rev. Mr. Bouzique, Mr. T. Prinney, and 2 Sisters of Mercy.

Hannah Newton, schooner, 78 tons, Captain Willing, for Broad Sound. Passenger—1 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—JANUARY 4.

Oberon, from Cape Hawke, with 8000 palings, 40 crooks, 200 bags maize, 18 bags oysters, 6000 feet timber; Prince Alfred, from Port Stephens, with 28,000 feet timber; Hirondelle, from Wollongong, with 130 tons coal; Surprise, Alert, Tasmania, and Naomi, from Newcastle, with 865 tons coal; Marquis of Lorne, from Manning River, with 28,167 feet hardwood, 20 bags oysters; Ann, from Brisbane Water, with 8000 feet timber, 2 ironbark girders; Lady Young (s.), from the Hunter River, with 210 bales wool, 6 bales skins, 108 hides, 60 cases meat, 150 bags potatoes, 50 bags onions, 4 casks tallow, 18 cases cheese, 378 ingots tin, 77 bales hay, 2 cases eggs, 100 sheep, 14 horses, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—JANUARY 4.

Oberon, for Cape Hawke; Prince Alfred, for Port Stephens; Welcome Home, for Richmond River; Hirondelle, for Wollongong; Surprise, Alert, Tasmania, Naomi, for Newcastle; Marquis of Lorne, for Manning River; Ann, for Brisbane Water.

IMPORTS.—JANUARY 4.

Egmont (s.), from Rockhampton: 100 large cakes copper, P. D. C. M. Co.; 25 bales wool, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 1 parcel gold (275 oz. 10 dwts.), Bank of N. S. Wales; 890 mats sugar, Sloane and Co.; 45 bags quartz, Mort and Co.; 12 bales wool, H. Beit; 11 bales wool, R. Towns and Co.; 2 bundles bags, 1 box, Order.

JANUARY 5.

City of Melbourne (s.), from Melbourne: 28 tanks malt, 50 cases clocks, 59 barrels apples, 30 cases candles, 54 boiler plates, 30 cases chairs, 27 cases shovels, 269 cases lobsters, 50 bags pepper, 20 drums soda, 1 wheel, 11 packages tobacco, 3 cases cigars, 16 bars iron, 124 packages sundries, and a quantity of cargo for Northern Ports.

Blackbird (s.), from Rockhampton, Gladstone, and Brisbane: 154 oz. 4 dwts. 18 grs. gold, Union Bank; 2 bales wool, 4 hides, J. A. Turner; 5 bales wool, Allan, Street, and Norton; 2 packages tallow, 56 hides, 1 bag hair, Mort and Co.; 39 cases arrowroot, Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co.

Mystery, from Maryborough: 55,000 feet timber.
Forward, from Maryborough: 90,000 feet timber.

EXPORTS.—JANUARY 4.

City of Brisbane (s.), from Brisbane: 31 bales wool, S. and A. Investment Co.; 10 bales wool, Mort and Co.; 8 bales wool, Richardson; 8 bales wool, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 6 bales wool, Scott, Henderson, and Co.; 13 bales wool, Skinner; 380 bags tin ore, G. Hardie; 18 bales wool, Towns and Co.; 1 case cigars, 1 case boots, 9 bags oysters, 25 cases fruit, Order.

Rotumah, for South Sea Islands: 20 cases brandy, 5 packages tobacco, 121 packages missionary stores, 74 packages ironmongery, 131 tons empty casks, 27 packages drapery, 4000 feet timber, 4 hogsheads wine, 20 packages tea, 13 packages, M'Donald, Smith, and Co.; 1 package tobacco, A. W. Sutton; 1 case gunpowder, 4 cases beer, 20 bags flour, 10 boxes soap, 47 packages, Rabone, Feez, and Co.; 20 cases beer, 8 packages tobacco, 55 cases geneva, 5 cases old tom, 2 cases whisky, 40 kegs white lead, 13 cases gunpowder, 6 revolvers, 300 percussion caps, 60 packages, Biffen and Clarke; 6 cases wine, Harbottle, Biddulph, and Alsop; 30 cases kerosene, Hoffnung and Co.; 1 case brandy, 7 cases claret, 18 packages, Peate and Harcourt; 8 bags rice, Barnard and Hinton; 5 packages, T. and J. Skinner; 1 package, S. J. Cohen; 12 packages tea, 26 packages, H. P. Palser; 20 cases kerosene, M. Moss and Co.; 5 packages, Lane and Co.; 2 cases, J. B. Holdsworth; 1 case, Willis, Lloyd, and Co.; and part of original cargo.

Hannah Newton, for Broad Sound: 50 packages tea, 20 boxes corn flour, 400 bags flour, 16 pieces iron, 405 bags maize, 10 cases confectionery, 50 cases machinery, 1 engine, 200 bags rice, 20 barrels currants, 53 bags sugar, 92 packages.

SHIPS' MAILS.

MAILS will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR FOO CHOW.—By the Auguste Reimers, this day, at noon.

FOR GRAFTON.—By the Ballina (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, January 4: City of Brisbane (s.), 504 tons, Captain Hill, for Brisbane.

LOSS OF THE COQUETTE SCHOONER.—This vessel, on her upward passage hence to the Clarence River with cargo of coal and gunpowder, got on shore last Tuesday on the west bank inside of the Clarence Heads, and has become a total wreck, being completely sanded up. She was owned by the master (Captain Brown), and is insured in the Victoria Marine office for £500. A portion of the powder has been saved.

H.M.S. Clio left on Saturday, for Hobart Town. The Hon. Lady Robinson being a passenger.

The Fire King (s.) arrived in Sydney at 6.30 a.m. on Saturday, having left the Manning River bar at 11.30 a.m. on the previous day. She experienced light S.E. winds throughout the passage, with rain during the latter part. Her cargo comprises: 350 bags maize, 75 bags lime, 186 cedar boards, 14 cases eggs, 16 coops poultry, 22 hides, 13 pigs, and sundries. Passed the New England (s.), and Agnes Irving (s.), off Seal Rocks, at 4 p.m. on the 4th, and the Diamantina (s.), at 5 p.m., off Long Island.

The Grafton (s.) crossed the Macleay River bar on the 31st ultimo, at 8 a.m., and experienced fresh southerly winds and head sea to Newcastle, where she called for coal on the 1st instant. Left again at 7 p.m. on the 3rd, and arrived in Sydney at 5.30 a.m. on the 4th. Cargo: 316 bags maize, and sundries.

The City of Brisbane (s.) still retains her reputation for speed, her last passage from Brisbane being accomplished against light head winds in forty-five hours. She left the Company's wharf at Brisbane on the 2nd instant at noon, cleared the South Passage at 3.45 p.m., passed the South Solitaries at 8.30 a.m. on the 3rd, and entered Sydney Heads at 9 a.m. on the 4th. Passed the Rangatira (s.), at 3 p.m. on Friday.

The City of Melbourne (s.), left the Sandridge Pier on Thursday, the 2nd instant, at 2·45 p.m.; cleared Port Phillip at 6·15 p.m.; rounded Wilson's Promontory on Friday, at 4·20 a.m.; passed Gabo Island same day at 11 p.m.; entered Port Jackson on Sunday, at 2 a.m., and arrived alongside the Company's Wharf at 2·45 a.m. Experienced light head winds and calms throughout the passage; passed the City of Adelaide (s.) and You Yangs (s.), off Ram Head, on Friday, at 9 p.m.

The Egmont (s.), left Rockhampton on Friday, the 27th ultimo, at 6·50 p.m.; cleared Keppel Bay on Sunday, at 9 a.m.; rounded Breaksea Spit on Monday, at 11·30 a.m.; put in at Moreton Bay through stress of weather on Tuesday, at 5·30 p.m.; left on Thursday, at 6 a.m.; passed Smoky Cape on Friday, at 1·20 p.m., and arrived at Sydney on Saturday, the 4th, at 1·40 p.m. She had fresh S. E. gales, attended with heavy squalls and high sea to Cape Moreton, from thence to Sydney light S. E. wind, with fine weather; passed the Boomerang (s.), on Thursday, at 7·45 a.m., off Cape Moreton, and the Rangatira (s.), on Friday, the 3rd, at 4 p.m., 8 miles north of Tacking Point.

The barque Forward left Maryborough in company with the schooner Mystery, and arrived here last night at half-past 11 o'clock.

The John Penn (s.) left Merimbula at noon on the 3rd; touched at Tathra and Wollongong, and arrived in Sydney at 3 p.m. on the 4th instant. Experienced light variable winds with fine weather throughout the passage. Her cargo consists of 220 bales wool, 3 cases 50 bags bacon, 70 kegs butter, 150 bags bark, 20 hides, 3 bales leather, 4 bundles skins, 11 pigs, 1100 cheeses, and sundries.

The Blackbird (s.) left Rockhampton at 6 p.m. on the 27th ultimo, and called at Gladstone and Brisbane, leaving the latter place at 10 a.m. on the 3rd instant; passed Smoky Cape at 9.30 a.m. on the 4th, and put into Newcastle on the 5th for a cargo of coal, but Captain Torrance was unable to get any owing to the strike amongst the miners. Left again immediately, and arrived in Sydney at 10 p.m. last night. Experienced light variable winds and fine weather from Brisbane. Passed two schooners, one with three masts, off Broken Bay, bound south.

H. M. S. Rosario, Captain Challis, returned yesterday from a cruise among the Pacific Islands, her attention having been principally directed to the Solomon Group. She left Sydney on the 12th October, and arrived at Makura on the 27th same month, the voyage throughout having been made under canvas. During her cruise she has visited Santa Katelina, St. Christoval, Guadalkana, Yasabel, Saro, Eddistone, Treasury, and Floriday. At Santa Katelina and Yasabel Captain Challis surmises from the hostile attitude of the natives, and from what slight information he was enabled to glean, that some labour-seeking vessel had visited there islands, and had sunk some canoes, consequently but little communication was held with the natives. The mate of the schooner Restless, lost some time since on the island of Makia, is a passenger by the Rosario.

The schooner Mystery, from Maryborough, arrived yesterday morning, and brought up off Parbury's wharf.

NEWCASTLE.

COASTERS INWARDS.

January 3.—Venture, Agnes, Vibilia, from Sydney.

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE POLLY HOPKINS.—On Wednesday, as this schooner was beating out of the harbour against the stiff easterly breeze, she got aground when off the Northern Breakwater. Senior-pilot Taylor, who was proceeding to the flagship, at once went to her assistance, and got the vessel away from her dangerous position, the tide being at ebb at the time. The schooner was rather deeply laden with coals, and bumped several times very heavily on the bank, so much so, that pilot Taylor deemed it more prudent to bring the vessel back to harbour than allow her to proceed to sea.—*Newcastle Chronicle*, January 4.

THE SHIP ENGLAND.—We understand that Messrs. C. P. Stokes, the agents of this ship, received a telegram yesterday, from the captain, announcing her safe arrival in Cleveland Bay, from China.—*Newcastle Chronicle*, January 4.

ST. LAWRENCE.

ARRIVAL.

December 28.—Jane, from Sydney.

BRISBANE.

ARRIVAL.

January 1.—Harmodius, from London.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

December 28.—Vernon, Marpesia, from Liverpool; Agra, from New York; Emily, from Mauritius; Berfore and Son, from Gefl; Clara Hargraves, Jane Spiers, from Newcastle.

December 29.—Ann and Jane, from Newcastle; Yarra, from Richmond River; Derwent, from Wangaroa.

December 31.—H. M. S. Cossack, from Sydney.

January 1.—Macedon (s.), from Newcastle; Aditu, from Grafton; Rangitoto (s.), from New Zealand.

DEPARTURES.

December 28.—Suffolk, for London.
December 31.—Sylphide, for Newcastle.
January 1.—Sarah Ann, Adeline Burke, for Newcastle; Helen, for New York.

ADELAIDE.

DEPARTURE.

December 31.—South Australia, for London.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

January 3.—Examiner (s.), from Richmond River; Mary Ann, from Adelaide; Sea Nymph, from Newcastle; Hero (s.), from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

January 3.—Star of Peace, Douglas, Maud Helen, for London; Jane Spiers, Suffolk, for Newcastle; Ben Ledi, for Guam; Odalisk, for Wellington.

ADELAIDE.

DEPARTURE.

January 3.—Alexandra (s.), for King George's Sound.

BRISBANE.

DEPARTURE.

January 3.—Blackbird (s.), for Sydney.

SYDNEY HEADS.

	TIME.	WINDS.	REMARKS.
Jan. 4.	8.30 a.m.	S.	Light, and cloudy.
	Noon.	SE.	Ditto, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	E.	Ditto, and clear.
Jan. 5.	8.30 a.m.	ENE.	Light, and clear.
	Noon.	NE.	Mod, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	NE.	Ditto, and cloudy.

WINDS AND WEATHER.—JANUARY 4.

QUEENSLAND.—9 A.M.

Normantown—NE. Fine	Gladstone—N. Fresh, cloudy
Gilbert Town—E. Cloudy	Rockhampton—SE. Cloudy
Etheridge—Calm. Cloudy	Maryborough—SE. Cloudy
Cardwell—Calm. Cloudy	Roma—S.W. Fine
Townsville—S.E. Half gale	Taroom—E. Cloudy
Bowen—E. Showery	Cape Moreton—E. Fine
Mackay—SE. Fine	Brisbane—E. Cloudy
Copperfield—E. Fine	Toowoomba—NE. Cloudy
Clermont—NE. Strong, cloudy	Warwick—NE. Overcast.

N. S. WALES.	9 A.M.	3 P.M.
Tenterfield	SE. Cloudy, like rain	NE. Showery
Casino	Calm. Cloudy	S. Fine
Grafton	SE. Like rain	E. Like rain
Clarence Heads	SE., Fresh, showery	SE. Fine, cloudy
Glen Innes	E. Strong, fine	E. Showery
Inverell	W. Fine	SW. Fine
Port Macquarie	W. Fine	NE. Fine
West Kempsey	SE. Fine	E. Fine
Armidale	SE. Fine	Calm. Fine
Tamworth	Calm. Fine	W. Cloudy
Gunnedah	SW. Fine	NW. Cloudy
Narrabri	SW. Fine	W. Fine
Wee Waa	Calm. Fine	NW. Fine
Pilliga	W. Fine	W. Cloudy
Muswellbrook	S. Cloudy	SW. Fine
Murrurundi	Calm. Cloudy	SE. Fine
Singleton	Calm. Raining	SE. Fine
Maitland	E. Dull	E. Fine
Port Stephens	SE. Showery	NE. Fine, sea smooth
Newcastle	SE. Fine, sea smooth	E. Fine, sea smooth
Barrenjuee	SE. Fine, dull	S. Fine
Windsor	SE. Raining	SE. Cloudy, showery
Sydney	SE. Cloudy	E. Fine
South Head	SE. Cloudy, sea smooth	ENE. Fine, sea smooth
Wollongong	S. Dull	S. Dull
Kiama	S., light. Fine	SE., light. Fine
Jervis Bay	S. Fine	SE., light. Fine
Goulburn	E. Fine	NE. Fine
Braidwood	Calm. Fine	Calm. Fine
Araluen	Calm. Fine	Calm. Fine
Moruya	NE. Fine	NE. Fine
Queanbeyan	Calm. Fine, warm	Calm. Fine
Bombala	NW. Dull, fine	NW. Fine, warm
Cooma	E. Fine	NE. Fine
Eden	NE. Fine	NE., fresh. Fine
Gabo Island	NE. Cloudy, fine	NE., strong. Fine
Yass	Calm. Fine	SW. Fine, warm
Gundagai	NE. Fine	Calm. Fine
Tumut	Calm. Fine	N. Fine, very hot
Kiandra	Calm. Fine	Calm. Fine
Albury	SE. Fine, sultry	Calm. Fine
Mount Victoria	SE. Cloudy	Calm. Hot
Bathurst	NE. Fine	Calm. Fine
Carcoar	NE. Fine	Calm. Fine
Hill End	W. Fine, cloudy	Calm. Fine
Tambaroora	NW. Fine	Calm. Fine
Mudgee	E. Fine	NE. Fine
Gulgong	E. Fine	SE. Cloudy
Cassilis	Calm. Cloudy	NE. Fine
Merriwa	SE. Fine	SE. Fine
Coolah	NE. Fine	NE. Fine
Wellington	SE. Fine	SE. Fine, hot
Dubbo	NE. Fine	SE. Fine, hot
Orange	NE. Fine	E. Fine
Forbes	NE. Fine, clear	Calm. Fine
Grenfell	Calm. Fine, warm	E. Fine
Young	W. Fine	W. Fine
Wagga Wagga	E. Fine, hot	E. Hot, fine
Urana	Calm. Warm	Calm. Hot, fine.
Deniliquin	N. Fine very hot	Calm. Fine
Hay	Calm. Fine	Calm. Fine
Moulamein	Calm. Fine	NE. Fine, hot
Balranald	ESE. Fine	SE. Cloudy, hot
Euston	Calm. Fine	Calm. Like storm
Wentworth	E. Fine, warm	Calm. Stormy

VICTORIA.		Bar.	Ther.
Melbourne	NW. Light. Fine	30·098	71·
Queenscliff	NE. Fine	30·16	65·
Cape Schanck	NE. Light. Fine	29·99	64·
Cape Otway	E. Moderate, cloudy	29·935	62·
Portland	E. Moderate, clear	30·140	65·
SOUTH AUSTRALIA.			
Guichen Bay	W. Fine	30·05	77·0
Adelaide	SSW. Fine	29·832	85·5
M'Donnell Bay	ESE. Fine		

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY.

Latitude 33° 51' 41". Longitude 10h. 4m. 46s.
Magnetic variation 9° 34' 13" East. 3rd September, 1872.
The time ball is dropped daily (Sunday excepted), at 1 p.m. Sydney mean time, or 2h. 55m. 14s. a.m., Greenwich mean time.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Barometers corrected to 32° Faht., and to mean sea level.
Velocity of wind, measured in miles per hour, and the force in lbs. on the square foot, deduced from velocity.
Rainfall and evaporation measured in inches.
Scales of { Humidity, 0 to 100. Cloudy sky 0 to 10. Ozone, 0 to 10.

JANUARY 3, 1873. CIVIL RECKONING.

Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature in Shade.	Humidity.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Wind. Force.	Cloudy sky.	Rain.	Ozone.
A.M. 9	30·022	70·7	78	S.	18	1·6	10	0·00	5·5
P.M. 3	·009	76·0	70	S.E.	16	1·3	10		
9	·112	69·2	89	SE.	9	0·4	9		3·0
Mean ...	30·048	72·0	79·0		14	1·1	9·7		4·6

Evaporation in 24 hours, 0·208.

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Shade { Maximum .... 77.2 | Sun—maximum ...... 119·1
Shade { Minimum .... 65·6 | Grass—minimum...... 61·6

Thermometer with black bulb in black wool, and protected from wind, maximum, 223·0.

Temperature of sea water, 3 feet below the surface, at Fort Denison, at 9 a.m., 71·8.

Total rainfall from January 1 to January 4, 0·44 inches.

Annual average of the preceding 14 years=50·109 inches.

METEOROLOGICAL STATIONS.

Arranged in order of latitude, with distance from the coast, and height above sea, where it is known.
Only twelve of the stations have barometers and hygrometers.

STATIONS.	Least distance from East Coast in miles.	Height above sea, in feet.	At 9 A.M.—JAN. 4, 1873. Barometer.	Temper. in shade.	Humidity.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Force.	For 24 hours previous to 9 a.m. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rain in inches.
TENT'RFI'LD	80		—	—	—	SE.	9·0	83·7	—	0
GRAFTON ...	22		—	—	—	SE.	4·0	82·1	69·7	0·24
NARRABRI ...	196		—	—	—	S.	—	95·9	69·5	0
ARMIDALE ...	80	3278	30·048	67·2	89	SE.	4·0	89·2	65·1	0
CASSILIS ...	120		—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	83·1	66·2	0
M'S'L'BROOK	68	475	—	—	—	S.	—	87·5	67·3	0
DUBBO	182		—	—	—	NE.	—	88·9	64·9	0
MUDGEE......	121		—	—	—	E.	—	82·4	64·0	0
W. MAITL'D	18		—	—	—	E.	1·0	82·1	53·4	0
NEWCASTLE.	1	112	30·050	76·7	81	SE.	0·1	79·3	69·5	0
ORANGE......	124	2891	—	—	—	NE.	4·0	77·7	58·8	0
BATHURST...	96	2200	30·144	72·0	68	NE.	4·0	85·5	57·0	0
M. VICTORIA.	61	3490	30·172	62·4	73	SE.	0·0	73·1	56·9	0
WOODFORD..	50	2192	30·144	64·0	—	Calm.	0·0	73·5	62·4	0
FORBES......	170		—	—	—	NE.	9·0	71·0	—	0
P'RRAMATTA	10		—	—	—	SE.	4·0	88·5	60·7	0·09
SYDNEY	5	155	30·174	71·2	87	S.	0·4	77·2	67·5	0·04
YOUNG	140		—	—	—	W.	4·0	93·0	59·1	0
WOL'NG'NG..	0		—	—	—	S.	1·0	75·4	63·7	0
GOULBURN ..	54	2129	30·235	67·5	86	E.	0·0	81·0	—	0
WAGGA	161		—	—	—	E.	4·0	96·1	66·9	0
C.ST.GEORGE	0	170	30·100	67·6	82	S.	1·0	80·2	—	0·11
QUEANB'YN..	60		—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	79·2	62·1	0
KIANDRA ...	88	4640	30·146	67·5	49	Calm.	0·0	76·4	39·4	0
COOMA	52	2637	—	—	—	E.	4·0	82·6	51·8	0
ALBURY	175	572	30·017	81·1	53	SE.	1·0	93·4	56·3	0
EDEN	0	107	30·114	67·7	71	NE.	1·0	70·0	62·1	0

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDUM FOR 6TH JANUARY, 1873.

Object.	Rises.	Sets.	Phases of the Moon.
	h. m.	h. m.	
SUN	4.57	7.14	First quarter 6th
MOON	12.37 p.m.	——	Full moon 14th
MERCURY ...	8.27 a.m.	5.27 p.m.	Last quarter 22nd
VENUS	8.19 a.m.	9.37 p.m.	New moon 29th
MARS	12.3 a.m.	12.38 p.m.	
JUPITER	9.43 p.m.	8.35 a.m.	Moon's age, 6·8 days.
SATURN	5.30 a.m.	7.41 p.m.	

MOON.—Perigee, 1st and 29th; in Equator, 5th; G. N. Declination, 12th; in Equator, 20th; G. S. Declination, 27th; Apogee, 16th.

High water at Fort Denison, a.m. 1h. 8m.; p.m. 1h. 35m.

H. C. RUSSELL, Government Astronomer.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THERE ARE UPWARDS OF 11,600 POLICY-HOLDERS in the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY, jointly contributing more than £179,000 per annum in premiums, to provide nearly £5,000,000 at their death, or to be paid themselves on attaining a given age. The Society, since its establishment twenty-two years ago, has issued 15,318 policies; paid for claims and purchase of policies £344,422; distributed to members realised profit amounting to £194,352, and has acquired a safely invested accumulated funds, raised entirely from the contributions of the members of £913,000, and a gross annual revenue from premiums and from interest of £224,400. The progressive increase in the Society's business and resources is prominently brought out by comparing the amount of business at the periods of the several Quinquennial investigations, as shown in the following abstract:—

Quinquennial Period ending	No. of Policies.	Sum Assured.	Annual Revenue From Premiums.	Annual Revenue From Interest.	Accumulated Funds.
28th Feb., 1854	251	£105,447	£3,386	£438	£6,683
" 1859	1,229	612,735	20,795	3,151	61,008
" 1864	4,338	2,050,584	72,227	13,389	242,209
" 1869	8,888	3,966,191	133,784	42,923	602,615

When it is borne in mind that this large amount of business has been obtained in 22 years from the Australian colonies and New Zealand, the success of the Society has a national interest.—"REVIEW" of 15th October, 1872.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
(Established 1849).
FOR LIFE ASSURANCE ON THE MUTUAL PRINCIPLE.
Principal Office:
98, NEW PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.

NOTICE TO INTENDING ASSURERS.

THE NEXT QUINQUENNIAL INVESTIGATION WILL TAKE PLACE AS AT 28TH FEBRUARY, 1874, AND MEMBERS JOINING THE SOCIETY PRIOR TO 1ST MARCH, 1873, WILL PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS TO BE THEN DECLARED. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BY-LAWS, EVERY POLICY WHICH SHALL HAVE ENDURED ONE COMPLETE YEAR, OR MORE, AT QUINQUENNIAL INVESTIGATIONS, IS ENTITLED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS OF THE SOCIETY, ACCORDING TO ITS DURATION.

The Quinquennial Report, showing the Society's state and progress, prospectuses, and forms of proposal, may be had, or will be sent post free, on application to the Principal Office, or any of the Society's agents.

ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.

PROSPECTUS of THE "UNCLE TOM" GOLD MINING COMPANY, Lucknow, near Orange.

The machinery, already on the ground, is in complete order.

The shafts already sunk have cut into reefs containing fabulously rich stone.

The capital reserved is ample to work them.

Apply to LITTLE and PILE, 62, Margaret-street.

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Proprietors of Mining Properties, Stocks, &c., requiring information regarding the transmission of the same to Europe are requested to communicate with the Agents for New South Wales.

Messrs. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Sydney.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is directed to the advantage of securing Shares in the SOUTHERN FREEHOLD GOLD MINING COMPANY, the USEDALE COPPER MINING COMPANY, and the DOUBLE CROWN GOLD MINING COMPANY. Prospectuses and all information at our office.

R. CAMPBELL and SONS, 410, George-street.

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TABLE KNIVES of best Sheffield manufacture, all degrees of finish, and proportionate price.

BEST ELECTROPLATED FORKS, will wear equal to solid silver.

Cruets, Covers, Spoons, and every article for the table, of genuine quality.

F. LASSETTER and CO., 421, George-street, Sydney.

VALENTINES, VERSE CARDS, &c., &c. (ex Tweed).—Large and choice assortment just landed.

J. ISAACS and CO., 605, George-street.

VALENTINES, VALENTINES, Poetry Cards, &c. Just to hand, newest designs, not to be surpassed.

GREVILLE and COMPANY, Wholesale Stationers and Printers' Brokers, George-street, Sydney.

SHARES FOR SALE.

Commercial Bank
Bank of New South Wales
Australian Joint Stock Bank
Australasian Steam
Band and Albion Consols
New North Clunes
Hustler's Tribute, No. 1
£5000 New South Wales Government Debentures (last issue).

MELHADO and CURTIS, 165, Pitt-street.

JOHN BULL G. M. COMPANY, CHAMBERS CREEK.—A Special Meeting, at the Royal Hotel, on TUESDAY, at 2 o'clock sharp. Important business.

DENNIS and SMITH, Account Book Makers, Manufacturing Stationers, and General Printers, 30, Bridge-street, Sydney.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1873.

THE Conference, it appears, is to be held after all, and to be held in Sydney, and to be attended by representatives from every Australasian colony. The general acquiescence in the summons to meet is doubtless due to Lord KIMBERLEY's despatch. Before that despatch had been received, Mr. PARKES had proposed a Conference at Sydney, to consider matters of importance to the colonies generally. But there seemed considerable doubt as to whether his request would be complied with. New Zealand made no sign, and Victoria seemed disposed to make excuses. While the project was thus hanging fire, came Lord KIMBERLEY's despatch, and to deal with the proposal in that despatch required a Conference, as the necessary negotiations could not well be conducted by correspondence. Nothing, therefore, seemed more natural than that the suggestion of Mr. PARKES should be taken up, and that the proposed Conference should be turned into one to consider the Imperial despatch. For a time there seemed a hitch on the part of Victoria, the Government of which was anxious to divert the assemblage to Hobarton; but this difficulty seems to have disappeared, and Sydney, which was first named as the place of meeting, is to be honoured as the seat of the Conference.

A few weeks ago there were gathered in our city ecclesiastical representatives of the Church of England from the different colonies. They sat in conclave several weeks, and did a great deal of constructive work in the way of organising and consolidating Church government. It is to be hoped that secular representatives from the different colonies will be able to work together not less harmoniously and not less constructively.

The meeting of the Conference has been somewhat delayed to allow New Zealand to be present. Lord KIMBERLEY urged dispatch; and, in the first instance, the Government of Victoria thought the matter so urgent that it acted alone, and instructed its Agent-General to act in England. But no delay can be complained of which is necessary to bring together those who are to be parties to the agreement, and to give a reasonable time for consultation and for a comparison of interests. It was very desirable that every colony should be represented, and it is fortunate that the Government of every colony is willing to be represented; and as as yet there is no telegraph line either to New Zealand or to Western Australia, it was necessary to await the course of steam post.

If all the gentlemen nominated meet in Sydney, the gathering will be the most complete representation of Australian interests that has ever been held. All our previous Conferences have been more or less partial, but the meeting in Sydney this month will be the first approach to a Federal Council. The entire continent of Australia will be represented, as also the insular colonies of Tasmania and New Zealand.

The most pressing object that the Conference will have to deal with will of course be the Ocean Mail Service; but there is no reason why it should direct its attention exclusively to that, or abstain from those other matters which it was originally intended to discuss. In fact, it would be a pity, seeing how difficult it is to bring about a Conference, to allow so good an opportunity to pass without utilising it to the utmost. Of course the meeting has no legislative power, and too many Conferences have been failures, because the specialities of the several colonies have not been sufficiently considered, and proposals were agreed to which it was afterwards found ran too much counter to local ideas to be practicable at the time. But in the movement which is always going on in human affairs, what is found impossible in one year is possible in the next. It would never do to despair of unity amongst colonies that seem inevitably destined to union, or to assume that, because hitherto discordant elements have been dominant, they are to remain so for ever.

Since the last Conference telegraphic communication with Asia and Europe has been opened, and we have here at once a subject for discussion. New Zealand wishes, very naturally, to be brought within the range of the wire, and is anxious to make proposals for a cable either from Tasmania, Victoria, or New South Wales, to some point on its west coast. Its isolation and insularity seem to be aggravated by its being left out of the electric circle. It is always a week, and sometimes ten days or a fortnight, behind the other colonies in the matter of news. This is felt to be a drawback alike politically and commercially, and New Zealand is, we believe, prepared to contribute liberally towards the cost of laying a cable if the colonies on the main land will grant some assistance. Nor is it a matter of indifference to the main colonies that they should assist in this matter even though the advantage of the connection will be principally with New Zealand. Then, too, Queensland is anxious to bring about a duplicate northern line, and this is a matter in which all the colonies except Western Australia are equally interested. The present line is working very well, but it is liable to interruption both by sea and by land; and the more we become accustomed to the luxury of a daily telegram the more inconvenient it will be to be deprived thereof for a week or a month at a time. South Australia, too, it is understood, is not unfavourable to transferring to a joint Australian account the line which it has constructed at its own cost; and if such a project should be entertained, all objection to a second line on the score of rivalry would be at once removed. The outlay and the receipts would be alike in common, and it would be quite immaterial to South Australia and to Queensland by which route any message came. Victoria has a project for subsidising the British Company that owns the cable, and so cheapening the rate at which messages are sent, and is further in favour of a proposal for a daily Government message containing the most important political and commercial news. It is clear, therefore, that in respect to telegraphs there is a very wide field open for discussion.

Then, too, there is the interminable subject of intercolonial free trade. South Australia and Tasmania will never cease to try and find a market for their produce in the neighbouring colonies, and Mr. VOGEL would doubtless like his last memorandum to Lord KIMBERLEY to be adopted in spirit, if not in form. We can hardly suppose that this subject will escape deliberation, and perhaps it may be found not impossible for the other colonies, by an amicable interference, to suggest some adjustment of the Border difficulty between New South Wales and Victoria.

IF all the books and pamphlets and newspaper articles which were published in America in advocacy of slavery were brought together, what a space would they occupy! They must form the chief constituent of many an American library. Slavery was viewed from every point of view under heaven, and found to be right. And usually the writers were not content with dispassionate argument, but enforced their conclusions with violent adjurations and striking expletives. The literature was generally in the style of a newspaper leader, CHARLES DICKENS mentions, in reference to "*the abominable and hellish doctrine of abolition — repugnant alike to every law of God and Nature.*" And yet morally, commercially, economically, all this display of zealous eloquence, and unanswerable logic is proved to have been wrong—palpably allowedly wrong. DICKENS, whilst travelling from Washington to Richmond, had the courage to reply to a slave-dealer, who observed to him that it was not the interest of a man to use his slaves ill, and enumerated "the peculiar institution" amongst the greatest blessings of mankind. He said, "It is not a man's interest to get drunk, or to steal, or to game, or to indulge in any other vice, but he *does* indulge in it for all that. Cruelty, and the abuse of irresponsible power, were two of the bad passions of human nature, with the gratification of which consideration of ruin had nothing whatever to do; and that, while every candid man must admit that even a slave might be happy enough with a good master, all human beings knew that bad masters, cruel masters, and masters who disgraced the form they bore, were matters of experience and history, whose existence was as undisputed as that of slaves themselves." Had the speaker been less distinguished, his courage in 1842 would have cost him a mobbing, if nothing worse, whereas the saying would now have small chance of contradiction. When at St. Louis, the same writer said, at the date alluded to, "a slave was arrested here, for running away, and knowing he had no chance of a fair trial, he drew his bowie knife and ripped the constable across the body. A scuffle ensuing, the deperate negro stabbed two others with the same weapon. The mob who gathered round, among whom were men of mark, wealth, and influence in the place, carried him away to a piece of open ground beyond the city, *and burned him alive.* This was done in open day, in a city with its courts, lawyers, tipstaffs, judges, jails, and hangman, and not a hair on the head of one of these men has been hurt to this day." Here was an act about which a really courageous man felt himself compelled to hold his tongue.

These circumstances, if allowed their proper influence, should convince us that it is not wise to give our concurrence to doctrines because they are urged with zeal and violence, but that we should adopt a wise man's advice, "prove all things," before believing them. And specially careful should we be to beware of being led away by self interest into the acceptation and advocacy of what is unsound. The rebuke once applied by a celebrated divine is worth remembering, since it lays bare the roots of most of the mistakes made by men and women. After hearing what the divine had to say, his companion, who was charged with some infraction of duty, replied that he could not see the justice of the imputation. "Look here," said the divine, and, writing the word *God* upon a bit of paper, added, "you see that, do you not?" "Yes," replied the other. "And do you see it now?" said the divine, covering it with a gold coin. "No, I do not," was the rejoinder. "And for precisely the same reason," said the first speaker, "you don't see what is wrong because you allow self-interest to blind you to the fact."

It is astonishing within how short a space of time opinion with respect to slavery has been changed in America. There was not a stronger hold of slavery than North Carolina before the war; and now we are informed that the cherished institution is unregretted. The planters would not have their negroes back even if they could be guaranteed their peaceable possession for all future time "and a public opinion throughout the country sustaining the institution." Now-a-days, whenever a man expresses any desire for the things that are passed, the popular reply usually is—"Well, perhaps you would like to have your niggers back again?" This makes them sensible of their position at once, and the key is changed. The evidence put before us is conclusive as to the satisfaction of the Southerners in the change. They cannot avoid feeling their loss of capital, and poverty, and inability to turn their estates to account; but this is not attributed to the freedom of the negroes, but to the chances of war and their want of success therein. As they once regarded slave labour as the corner-stone of Southern supremacy in the Confederation, they now regard free labour; but time must, of course, be allowed for the new machinery to be got into working order.

With a very few exceptions the planters confess themselves better off to-day than they would have been had the institution of slavery been allowed to remain after LEE's surrender. This state of feeling is well illustrated by the report of a conversation which took place between a cotton planter and one of the correspondents of the *New York Tribune*. The correspondent asked the planter "How do the profits of farming with free labour to-day compare with those of slave labour before the war?" The planter replied that if a planter had to-day capital to invest in stock and implements, fertilizers and provisions, to carry him through the season, he could make more money in raising cotton with free labour than he ever could under the old system. "Why," said he, "I owned all of the niggers I worked on my plantation before 1865, and although I had then to pay taxes on a much larger amount of property, my farm yields me not only a much larger percentage on the amount of capital invested, but absolutely brings me in more money at the end of the year. Many of our people are just settling up their old debts, contracted during or before the war. When they have paid them, and those which grew out of short crops several years in succession since, nothing but bad government can interfere with their prosperity." In explanation of the number of uncultivated fields, the planter said that it was not because planting since the abolishment of slave labour was unprofitable, but because of the difficulty of getting either labour or capital or both. The negroes, unused to their present state, are unreliable; but this tendency will soon be corrected. Their habits have been subversive of all ideas of providence and economy. It will be some time before they, who have been accustomed to recognise in work the badge of servitude, will be able to see in it anything desirable. They will stretch their legs and look round before settling down, but when this process is completed, it is generally expected that they will work with energy and skill.

THE HON. LADY ROBINSON left Sydney on Saturday, in H.M.S. Clio, for Hobart Town. Her ladyship will probably return by the Blanche, after her visit to the sister island.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.—A special notification appears in the *Argus* of Wednesday last. We will simply observe that our contemporary must have a lively faith in the honour of certain journalists, who decline to join the Associated Press, if he supposes that any consideration of *meum and tuum* will prevent the piracy of telegrams. If, however, the confidence thus placed in the Victorian journals should not prove a delusion, we hope that those proprietors of newspapers in this colony who have persistently appropriated our London telegrams, will not allow themselves to be outdone in common honesty by their brethren of Victoria. The *Argus* says,—"The proprietors and conductors of Victorian newspapers will hardly need to be reminded, probably, that the Telegraphic Messages Copyright Act, passed in 1871, expired yesterday, and that so far as that Act is concerned, the costly Press messages received by submarine cable from Europe and India are no longer protected from piracy. It becomes necessary, therefore, on behalf of the Australian Associated Press, to give notice to all journals not belonging to that association, that Reuter's messages are the exclusive property of the Associated Press, and it is hoped that, notwithstanding the expiry of the Copyright Act, the rights of property in those messages will continue to be respected. As the practice of extracting from one another's columns is almost universal among newspapers, however, we think it necessary to give a friendly warning without delay, and we feel sure that the non-contributing journals will recognise the right of the members of the Associated Press to the exclusive use of intelligence obtained at such very heavy expense. But although we confidently rely on the good feeling and honesty of our contemporaries to respect our rights in this matter, we think it proper to intimate that, apart altogether from the defunct Copyright Act, we still possess ample power to protect the telegraphic messages of the Associated Press, and, acting under legal advice, we shall take prompt measures to assert the rights of the Association should any attempt be made to infringe them."

NEW YEAR'S GREETING FROM EUROPE.—The following message was transmitted by members of the London Press to the telegraph offices throughout the East and Australia:—"London, 1st January, 1873.—The staff of the London *Daily Telegraph*, for themselves and their colleagues on the metropolitan press, send cordial New Year's greetings to the officers and agents of the telegraph companies in India, China, and Australia, and unite with the Eastern telegraph officers in wishing a happy new year to them, and to all the British residents in their respective colonies and neighbourhoods."

UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT.—A few weeks ago, Mr. J. E. Graham of this city met with an accident to the middle finger of his right hand, which has turned out a more serious matter than at first contemplated. The top of the finger was crushed by a stone, and very little notice was taken of the accident at the time, the loss of the nail being all that was anticipated; however, the finger gradually got worse, and on New Year's Day Dr. Cox was obliged to remove the finger at the knuckle joint. The hand is now progressing favourably.

REUNION OF AGED PEOPLE.—An interesting gathering of the aged poor of St. John's, Parramatta, was held at the Parsonage, on Boxing Day. The incumbent (Mr. Gunther) annually invites these of his parishioners to dinner and tea, and after that gives them some good advice. This year a goodly number availed themselves of the invitation and listened to an earnest address on "the things behind and the things before." Such meetings we cannot but feel are eminently useful, and we are glad to know they are much appreciated.

WEEK OF UNITED PRAYER.—In accordance with an invitation from the Evangelical Alliance—and a custom which has been of several years' standing in Sydney—a week of united prayer, to inaugurate the year, will commence to-day at the York-street Wesleyan Church. The other meetings of the series will be held on Tuesday, in St. Barnabas's school-room; on Wednesday, Bathurst-street Baptist Chapel; on Thursday, at St. Stephen's Presbyterian Church; and on Friday, at the Pitt-street Congregational Church. The whole of these services are to commence at half-past 7 o'clock in the evening. The topics for prayer, as will be seen by advertisement, are of great importance.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A man named Robert Appleton, about 63 years of age, and who has not been in any occupation for a long time past, and is said to have been greatly addicted to habits of intemperance was taken to the Central Police Station about 11 o'clock on last Friday night. On the Saturday morning he was seized with a fit which lasted for about a quarter of an hour. As soon as a cab could be procured he was taken to the Infirmary; but death took place while he was entering the gate of the institution. An inquest respecting the cause of death, will take place at 9 o'clock this morning at the City Coroner's office.

DEATH FROM DISEASE OF THE HEART.—On Saturday last, the City Coroner held an inquest at the Observer Tavern, George-street North, respecting the cause of death of a man named Frederick Massey, a butcher by trade, who, on Friday afternoon, had been found lying dead in a room at the Oriental Hotel, Circular Quay. The first witness called was George Innes, second officer of the ship Kosciusko, who said that deceased had been employed on board; that he was forty years of age, and a native of London (England); that he had good health while on board the ship, but that since his arrival in port he had been drinking to excess. This witness added that he saw Massey between 8 and 9 o'clock on Friday morning, when he was the worse for liquor, and again between 10 and 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when he was in the same condition. He did not again see him alive. The landlord of the Oriental Hotel (Neil Peterson) said that deceased had been occasionally drinking at his house, and he came there shortly before mid-day on Friday, being then in his usual state—in a state of drink; he joined some men who were singing in the parlour, and he heard him (deceased) singing there at 1 o'clock, when he told the men to go home to their dinners; deceased only had two glasses of rum; about half-past 2 o'clock he saw deceased sitting on a sofa in the parlour by himself; he then looked very strange; he was leaning back, and his face was very pale; being unable to find Dr. Hamilton, he saw constable M'Bride, whom he made acquainted with Massey's condition. Constable M'Bride deposed to going to the Oriental Hotel, and to finding Massey dead, in a sitting posture, on the sofa. Dr. Dansey, who had made a post-mortem examination of the body, gave it as his opinion that death had resulted from disease of the liver and heart, accelerated by intemperance. The jury returned a verdict of death from disease of the heart. Massey was buried yesterday. There was a very large concourse on the occasion of the funeral, which included the officers of several of the vessels in harbour, and about seventy seamen, who marched in procession after the hearse and mourning coaches.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—A short time ago, a little boy, a son of the Rev. Thomas Wilson, of Randwick, found in the cemetery there a thin rounded piece of iron, which had the appearance of a portion of a pencil-case which had been corroded. He took it home with him, and put it in a drawer; and on last Tuesday afternoon took it to his father to see what it was. His father thought it to be a broken pencil-case, and pricked it with a pin. No sooner had he done so than it exploded, and blew the top off the fourth finger of the right hand, severely lacerated his thumb, grazed his cheek bone, and, gliding upwards, cut his forehead. On the following day, the fourth finger of the right hand was amputated at the first joint by Dr. Renwick. There is every reason to believe that the piece of iron found in the cemetery at Randwick by Master Wilson, was a portion of a percussion fuse, dropped on the occasion of the recent interment, with military honours, of the late Major Fitzsimons.

BUSH FIRES.—On last Friday afternoon, a bush fire was burning on the Waterloo Estate, between Moore Park and Botany. On the same afternoon, large fires appeared to be spreading through the scrub in the direction of Botany and Coogee.

INTERCOLONIAL CHESS MATCH BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.—NEW SOUTH WALES v. QUEENSLAND.—According to arrangement, play was resumed on Saturday night last at a quarter to 10, but two of the Queensland players, Dr. Prentice and Mr. Darvall, not having put in an appearance at the appointed hour, Dr. Doherty played at the former's board and Mr. Bourne at the latter's. After a few moves had been played at board 1, Mr. Adams, the Queensland player struck his flag to Mr. Wallach, this being the fourth game scored by our players. Shortly before midnight the game at board 7, between Messrs. Brown and Dixon, was drawn by mutual consent. The remaining games, boards 1 and 3, were decided in favour of the New South Wales players, Messrs. Fisher and Lea. The result of the match being - New South Wales won 6 games, Queensland nil, and 1 game drawn. The games played in this match will be published in the *Sydney Mail*.

THE SYDNEY MARKETS.—The markets never look so gay or inviting as in the midst of the fruit season. Then the stalls, laden with the luscious produce of this sunny clime, present a very pleasing appearance. Side by side with the choicest of what are distinctly called "English" fruits, such as strawberries, currants, gooseberries, are piled up in tempting heaps tropical and semi-tropical productions - the banana, pineapple, fig, and, chief of all the fruits for which this colony is famous, the delicious orange in all its varieties. The market is further embellished by numerous exhibitions of flowering plants and shrubs. Now, as for some weeks past, the fruit show has enticed large crowds daily through those dirty, wretched looking buildings called by courtesy the "Central Markets," in George-street. Three times a week, in the early part of the day the middle division is literally crammed with boxes of fruit brought down the Parramatta and Lane Cove Rivers, and by the railway, and other sources. On Fridays especially there is generally so much fruit that it is difficult to thread one's way through the maze of cases, and crates, and hampers, the varied and redolent contents of which perfume the atmosphere for some distance around. The present season has been unusually favourable to the growth of almost every kind of fruit, which has been procurable in abundance and at moderate prices. Vegetables, too, have been singularly prolific. It is not without manifest pleasure that crowds of persons stroll through the George-street Markets to admire the tastefully-arranged displays or to possess themselves of some of Australia's beautiful productions. The southern division of the markets contain not only fruit, but also varied kinds of live stock—from a bantam to a cochin china—from a guinea pig to a lop-eared rabbit—from a silver-eye to a cockatoo—from a lapdog to a Newfoundland—from a weasel to a wallaby. Of course such things, when for sale, must be housed somewhere; but it is a pity they cannot be accommodated in less confined places, where the atmosphere would have greater play, and would more effectually remove the effluvia. At the Belmore Markets there is generally a much more miscellaneous display of goods. Not only can almost every kind of fruit and vegetable be purchased, but pots to cook them in may also be had. Articles for the toilet, the workroom, the kitchen, the laundry, are obtainable in great variety. The vendors vieing with each other in their frantic endeavours to attract purchasers for their respective wares, make the zinc-roofed buildings resound again with their hullaballoo. It would not do for a weak-lunged dealer to parade his wares here, for the probability is that in the early hours of Sunday morning he would have the melancholy satisfaction of carrying them home again. The man with a good stentorian voice is pretty sure of an audience, and when a number of persons are congregated purchases are pretty sure to follow. In these markets, which have been established somewhere about two years, an immense amount of business is done every Saturday—especially after sunset; the prevailing opinion being—whether true or not must be left to the buyers to say—that things are to be had cheaper here than elsewhere. At all events, the markets are always thronged with people on the evening of the last day of the week; and between the hours of half-past 7 and half-past 9, it is just as much as one can do to elbow his way through them, and down George-street and the Brickfield-hill.

BOURKE-STREET CONGREGATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL.—The anniversary picnic of this school took place on Wednesday. In the morning, about five hundred children were conveyed by the steamers Cygnet and Gomea to the pleasure-grounds at Birkenhead. They were joined, during the course of the day by about six or seven hundred of their parents or friends; the Rev. Messrs. Howden and Sunderland being among the visitors. The Rev. T. Johnson, the pastor of the church, and the teachers of the school catered successfully for the amusement of the young people, and games of various kinds were kept up vigorously throughout the day. An abundance of cakes and refreshments were provided for the numerous company. After spending a very pleasant day, the excursionists were landed safely in the city in the evening.

THE BALLARAT AND EAST SYDNEY CRICKET MATCH.—The cricketing community will regret to learn that the cricket match which has been spoken of for some months past between the Ballarat and East Sydney Clubs has been broken off by the former club. The following telegram was received on Friday by the secretary of the East Sydney Club, from Ballarat:—"Regret to say find match impossible—best players cannot go; write by post." Considering that the Ballarat team have had something over six months to perfect their arrangements, it is incomprehensible that the intimation of the inability of the majority to come over should have been left to the last moment, when their opponents had gone to expense in preparing for the match.

A NICE FATHER.—At the Goulburn Police Court, on Thursday (as reported in the *Herald*), Rebecca Lewis (aged nine), and Naomi Lewis (aged six years) were brought up for protection. These children had been left in Goulburn by their father, who had gone to Sydney by the holiday excursion train on Boxing Day. It appears that no one had been asked to take charge of them, but they had been told to go to a public-house, where, however, no arrangements had been made for their reception, and where they were not known, consequently they were not allowed to remain. They were afterwards found wandering about the streets by a cousin, a young girl who had not the means of keeping them, and therefore she took them to the lock-up. They were sent to the gaol, to be under the care of the matron, for eight days; and an information was ordered to be laid against the father, John Lewis, for deserting them.

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THE CYCLONE AT MAITLAND.—The *Maitland Mercury* of Saturday says:—The towns of West and East Maitland and Morpeth, as we reported, came in for a heavy dose of injury; but we learn since that the storm was much more destructive at scattered points in the neighbourhood. At Mr. Eales's, Duckenfield Park, and in that vicinity it was fearfully destructive. Not far from Mr. Eales's large trees, some of them gum trees of sizes up to 2½ feet diameter, were either torn bodily out of the ground, or snapped short off, 10, 15, or twenty feet from the ground. Such trees as willows and poplars were in many cases partly blown down, and partly stripped by the hail of every leaf, and of nearly every strip of their bark. Many valuable cattle were, we are told, killed. Few persons in this neighbourhood have spent so much time, industry, and money, recently, to beautify and adorn their house and grounds as Mr. Eales has done. The outbuildings were mostly covered with galvanized iron roofs. These were left chopped and dented through in all directions by the fierce hail, as if men had been employed hammering and chopping the roofs through with hammers and axes. The celebrated siloes on the estate were more or less unroofed. Not only were the windows on the weather side of the house itself broken in nearly every pane, but one large staircase window of stained glass was blown bodily in, and driven to the other side of the house. A building erected as Turkish bath-rooms was almost destroyed. A costly conservatory, with plate-glass roofing, had its roof and sides destroyed, and nearly all its plant contents. A beautiful flower garden, with terraced pleasure grounds ornamented with statuary, an orchard of choice trees, a large kitchen garden, were all beaten down, and the plants and trees broken or stripped of leaf and bark; and a young vineyard suffered in the same manner. And the cropped ground around was left in the same condition. Altogether, Mr. Eales's loss is estimated at some thousands of pounds - a loss which he is said to think less of than of the delay of years which will be required to replace the whole establishment in equal beauty. We have heard also of destructive results elsewhere to individual properties, to the extent of hundreds of pounds. At Mr. A. W. M'Dougall's, Lorn, the hailstorm was much more dense and close than in most parts of Maitland itself. The large orchard of fruit trees and vines in full bearing was almost entirely stripped of fruit, and the trees and plants greatly injured—a total estimated loss, including some cropped ground outside, of £300 to £400. At Messrs. Scobie's large market gardens, Oakhampton Road, the largest and most perfectly kept in the colony, out of Sydney and its immediate neighbourhood, the hail also fell fearfully heavy, beating down tons of fruit and grapes (12 tons of grapes alone, it is estimated) and leaving the trees greatly injured; estimated loss, £320. Another smaller market garden near was similarly destroyed; while on the Forest Hill vineyard, on the same slope as Messrs. Scobie's, the properties being divided only by a roadway, comparatively little injury was done. The accounts that reach us of similar capricious escapes and injury of adjoining premises are endless. In West Maitland, St. Paul's Church and St. Paul's parsonage are within the same enclosure, and separated only by some sixty or eighty foot of space. The church windows were broken to some extent on the weather side, but the parsonage was furiously attacked. The doors were blown in on the inmates, and the window panes were so rapidly and continuously broken, and the pieces of glass sent flying through the house, that the inmates had to cover their heads with clothing to protect themselves from the cutting shower—the Rev. Mr. Thackeray himself being out, exposed to the storm, attending Mr. Gibb's funeral. All the churches found their windows and roofs to some extent not hailstone-proof, but at St. John's so much damage was done that the heavy rain almost flooded the part of the church about the altar, doing a good deal of injury in that way.

FIJIAN AFFAIRS.—The following extraordinary statements have been published in the *Fiji Times*:—"Depositions made this day, the 10th of December, 1872, by the following native chiefs of Ba, before the undersigned settlers and planters of Ba. The chief of the town of Neamiya, Ko Raogo; the Turaga ni lewa of Sagunu, Ko Nasau; the chief Rairituba; a teacher, Saimoni; Saikasi, and others stated, that Mr. Evans, the secretary of Ratu Esikeli—the Governor of Ba and Yasawas—had told them last Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th instant: 1st. That the whites at Ba, Nadi, and Nadroga, were to be taken away by the so-called Fijian Government to be hanged, and their land given back again to the natives. 2nd. English men-of-war would also come and take away said whites. 3rd. If the English should take Fiji, the natives would all be shot or killed by poisoned bread, just as they (the English) had done to the natives in Australia and New Zealand. 4th. If the natives like to steal from the white settlers at Ba, they could do so, and they could also burn their houses. 5th. If the white settlers did not like the present Government of Fiji, Government troops would be sent down here to shoot them. Signed, Raogo x (his mark); signed, Nasau (his mark; signed Rairituba x (his mark); signed, Saimoni x (his mark); signed, Saikasi x (his mark). Witness to signatures—Philip Jack, John Pfluger. We hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct interpretation of the depositions made by aforesaid natives—C. J. Lindborg, H. L. Tripp. Ba River, Decem- ber 10, 1872."

DEATH OF M'KINLAY, THE EXPLORER.—Intelligence was received at a late hour on Tuesday night (says the *Argus*) announcing the death of Mr. John M'Kinlay, the explorer. When the search was made for the ill-fated expedition under Burke and Wills, South Australia sent out a party to examine the continent from north to south, and the command was given to Mr. M'Kinlay, who started on 14th August, 1862, with six men, twenty-two horses, four camels, and twelve months' provisions. Mr. M'Kinlay, starting from Lake Blanchewater, struck off in the direction of Lake Pando, and from what he observed and heard in his travels was confident that Burke and his party had been murdered by the natives, who swarmed in that party of the country. A body was found interred in about latitude 27° and longitude 139·50, which, from subsequent comparison, was believed to be that of Gray M'Kinlay, believing that there was nothing more of Burke's party to be found, and that the whole had perished, proceeded to Lake Eyre, and thence to Central Mount Stuart. He afterwards returned to the settled districts, and then passed to the eastward, through the lake country to the stony desert, as described by Sturt. After many hardships and numerous difficulties M'Kinlay and his little band reached the Leichhardt River and followed it to the sea. Failing to find the Victoria steamer at Carpentaria, as anticipated, M'Kinlay started for Queensland, and after encountering much danger, reached an out-station on the Burdekin on 2nd August in the same year. After his return to Adelaide he settled down to a quiet life. As an explorer Mr. M'Kinlay is said to have been unequalled, and all who were associated with him in his wanderings speak in terms of the highest praise of his coolness, courage, and undaunted perseverance. On questions of physical geography there is no doubt he added considerably to the scanty knowledge already possessed of the interior of the Australian continent.

AN OLD DOCUMENT.—We (*Argus*) have been shown a printed copy of a commission to Justices of the Peace, which may be considered of ancient date in the history of the colony, as it is dated the 15th February, 1844, and is signed by Sir George Gipps, Governor of the territory of New South Wales and its dependencies. The list of magistrates assigned to keep the peace in the "Town of Melbourne, in the colony of New South Wales," consists of the following names, viz.:—George Sherbrole Airey, Richard Hanmer Banbury, James Cain, Henry Condell, Skene Craig, Benjamin Heape, Wm. Hull, Fredk. Almond Powlett, Chas. Payne, James Frederick Palmer, Andrew Russell, James Smith, Jones Agnew Smith, Fredk. Berkley St. John, Jonathan Binns Were, Edmund Westby. Several of these gentlemen have left the colony, and it is believed that the only survivors now are Messrs. Wm. Hull, Benjamin Heape, J. B. Were, and E. Westby; and of those still living the only one who now sits in his magisterial capacity at the City Court is Mr. Hull.

A DARING COACHMAN.—The passengers by Cobb's coach, leaving Stanthorpe at 1 p.m. on Saturday, December 21, have accorded (through the *Examiner*) their thanks to the driver, George Chamberlaine, for his skill in avoiding what, except for his able management, might have resulted in a very serious accident. The roads were in dreadful state, and about a mile and a half from Stanthor... when in a dangerous part of the road, the bar-hooks b... ing the traces of three leading horses snapped, an... leaders dashed off with the swindle bars dragging a... heels. George, however, was equal to the occasi... made a flying leap, such as would have astonished Ash... over the pole horses, and was thereby enabled to steady the leaders and save the coach from a capsize. After some delay the coach proceeded on the journey, and on reach... Six-mile Creek the road was under water for miles, the gullies were running a banker. George, howev... ceeded in landing his passengers at about half... o'clock at the Commercial Hotel.

A ROWING MATCH FOR FEMALES.—The ...castle Chronicle is responsible for the following, understand it is the intention of the Rowing Club ...quent upon the splendid rowing of the two Miss De... at the late Newcastle Regatta, to invite them to go... ney, and contest the race for the honour of the... River District. Should the ladies accept the invita... have but little doubt as to the result of the race.

THE ARREST OF GARDNER.—The Br... *Courier* of Friday states that Gardner was arreste... making for the Ipswich coach. He had £2010 in n... gold in his possession, besides jewellery and other p... He was brought up at the Police Court on Thursda... ing, and remanded for a week. Our telegram fro... bane in to-day's issue says that Gardner was relea... writ of *habeas corpus*.

A REMARKABLE THROW.—A wonderfu... was witnessed by the spectators at the Clermon... match on Boxing Day. The *Telegram* says that... the innings some discussion arose amongst the p... to the distance some of them could throw, an... decided to test the powers of those who professe... in this line by a match. Amongst several good ... Billy, the aboriginal, astonished every one by ... the ball a distance of one hundred an... yards, as measured with a tape. After ... every allowance for inaccurate measurement (a... being as accurate in practice as a chain) this th... passes the best we have ever heard of in the colo... England. It takes a good thrower to throw a... yards, and in athletic sports in England the man... get beyond one hundred and ten is almost cert... winner. A hundred and twenty yards is very rar... of, and hitherto a throw of one hundred and th... been quite unknown.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.

MUDGEE.

SATURDAY.

A PUBLIC meeting was held last night. Resolutions were carried to request Mr. District Judge Josephson to exercise his authority, and put a stop to the unseemly personal attacks between counsel at the Quarter Sessions.

BRISBANE.

SATURDAY.

Gardner has been released on a writ of *habeas corpus*.

A man named Davy, formerly a letter-carrier, was drowned in the River.

SAILED.—Leichardt (s.).

CLEARED.—Shakespeare, for London.

MELBOURNE.

SATURDAY.

As the Western Australian delegates will not arrive until the January mail, it is reported here that the Conference will be postponed till their arrival in Sydney, about the 22nd instant.

Mr. Edward Young, manager of the Castlemaine branch of the Oriental Bank, has been charged with embezzlement.

A fire, of a suspicious nature, took place at St. Kilda, yesterday evening.

At the Maribyrnong sale of yearlings ten lots were disposed of, and one was withdrawn; the total amount realized was 4375 guineas, the average was 430 guineas. A bay colt by Fireworks and Gildermire brought 670 guineas. J. Thompson, the bookmaker, bought a bay filly by Fireworks out of Moonlight, for 660 guineas. Mr. Hurtle Fisher purchased two Green and one Boiardo colts. Mr. Bowler bought a Fireworks colt, and Messrs. Wilson and Sampson are also purchasers.

Oppenheimer and Hamburger have been found guilty of a conspiracy to defraud, and were remanded for sentence. A new trial is to be moved for, on the ground of misdirection of evidence.

The rumour that an agent of the Victorian Government has been sent to enlist the disbanded Infantry Force of New South Wales has been contradicted.

QUEENSCLIFF.

SATURDAY.

ARRIVED.—Derwent (s.), from Launceston; Sydney Griffiths, barque, from Newcastle; Macassar, French brig, from Charente; Charlotte, Swedish barque, from Sundswold, anchored for orders.

SAILED.—At 7 p.m.: Macedon (s.), for Sydney.

CAPE OTWAY.

SATURDAY.

Signalled at 10 a.m., Lady Bowen, barque, from New York to Sydney, 109 days out.

ADELAIDE.

SATURDAY.

Two reef claims at Yam Creek have been sold for £2000.

There have been large sales of wheat at 4s. 4d. afloat; 10,000 bushels have been sold at 4s. 3d. for delivery in January.

THE LATE CAPTAIN GRAY.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Melbourne *Argus* sends to that journal the following reminiscence of the late Captain Gray, of the steamship Great Britain.

"I do not suppose I have more claim to put pen to paper for the purpose of writing a few lines about our good old friend than any one of the many thousands whom he ferried over the great pond, and yet I feel impelled to do it. That bitterly brief telegraphic announcement, which is all the authentic intelligence we possess, seems to make the sudden and irretrievable loss of the familiar face and figure a more appalling calamity than it would have been had we been enabled to dwell upon all the details accompanying and following the catastrophe. So far as the fact of the suicide is concerned, upon which some doubts have been cast, I fear it will turn out to be too true. Those who encountered Captain Gray ten weeks ago could hardly fail to notice how changed was his aspect, and how depressed his demeanour. One well-known citizen of Melbourne tells me that he could not help one day remarking to him how ill he looked. He replied that he was suffering great agony in his head, adding that if it did not get better he should 'make a hole in the water one of these days.' Of course, the expression was regarded by the hearer as a melancholy jest, until the telegram published last Saturday gave it such a terrible meaning. The world does not possess another life, I am sure, the loss of which would be half so generally and unfeignedly mourned in this colony. To multitudes of Victorians Captain Gray stood in the light of a dear and valued relative. By hosts of Melbourne men his periodic visits were anticipated as pleasurable epochs. His beaming face and burly sailor-like form in Collins-street were a satisfaction to view even for those who knew him but by sight. No man of my acquaintance possessed in a higher degree the faculty of making and retaining friendships. As for his lady passengers, I never heard one of them say an ill-natured word of him. It must be some years ago now that *Punch* brought out his picture of 'the most popular man in Victoria,'—the gallant skipper of the Great Britain literally stuck up in the street by a band of admiring ladies and children.

"It was on August the 1... in the year 1853, that I made Gray's acquaintance, as th... ...ritain was steaming down the centre of the br... ...'s Pier on the one side, and the Egrem... ...r, black with spectators. It was t... ...p to Australia, and Gray was f... ...mandership, as in the first trip, ...ads of Captain Matthews. The ... ...ourne men know well, a worthy ... ...ut I remember remarking at the t... ...show to advantage by the side of hi... ...er there was a man who looked as th... ...ly designed to inspire confidence in th... ...an in the midst of a raging storm, ...n. When I came to know him be... ...n the winds and waves were having ... ...all, and more than all, he gave pr... ...stood on the deck a sort of human roc... ...necessary for him to hold on to anythi... ...ather. Those who have felt the grip ... their arms will not require to be told ... ...gth. In those days it was a thing ... ...e him lend a hand at a rope was also ... ...en of us ordinary bipeds could not ... ...s first mate he was perhaps a trifle les... ...terwards became, but he evinced the s... was throughout noticeable in putting r... ...arrels which occur among peevish pas... ...ocasion, I recollect, when two fellows ...n usual at war, he turned the *vendetta* ...gesting to myself and some others that ...the one man complainant and the other judge and jury trial. The affair came off ...*t* in the saloon, where scores of other ...ainments have doubtless transpired since. ...rossed the Line Gray was King Neptune's ...member announcing the approaching visit of ...d, who came in the person of Chapman, the ...ate, who has captained ships for himself since ...who has latterly gone back as chief officer to his ...next trip of the Great Britain, in 1854, saw Gray ... It was by this trip that our old friend ...came to the colony, and he and ...ive captain were ever afterwards fast ... The end of this voyage was a notable ...mall-pox had been reported on board, ...ig steamer, after an excellent passage, had to pass ...antine, where she was detained some weeks. Need ...ord of the demonstration which marked her ulti...val in Hobson's Bay? Is not the Battle of Mel...amous in the annals of the city? Was it not ...account on the stage of the old Queen's Theatre ...*e de circonstance* from the pen of Akhurst? ...ng the many names linked by memory with that of Gray are two which bring up recollections sad as ...y attaching to his own. It was he who brought ...hery to these shores, and it was on board his ship ...rs earlier that poor Brooke, harassed by debt and found shelter and escape. Three men, all notable, widely different ways, all lovable! Who among ...ociates could dream of the tragical incidents which ...tend the close of their careers?

'How frequent in the very thick of life,
We rub clothes with a fate that hurries past.'"

...ACT OF SALES BY AUCTION, THIS DAY.

...LER.—At the Repository, Horses, Springcarts, Drays, ...ics, &c.

...—At the Bazaar, at 11, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, Saddlery.

...ITT.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at the ...ab Station, at 1, Durham Bulls.

...RNER.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep.

...AND LAWSON.—At their Rooms, at 11, Unredeemed ...ges.

...RE AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11, Household Furni... Sewing-machines, Springcarts, Harness, &c.

...OCKBURN.—At his Mart, at 11, Household Furniture, ...mongery, Shop Windows, Horse, &c.

...RE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Boots and Shoes; ...l.30, Earthenware, China, and Glassware.

...RDSON and WRENCH.—At their Rooms, at 11, Insurance ...panies' Shares; Premises, in Margaret-street and Wyn...-lane; Circular Quay Sites.

CRICKET.

CHALLENGE CUP MATCH.—On Saturday afternoon last a match was commenced at the Albert Ground between the Albert C. C., the present holders of the cup, and the Newtown C. C. Owing to the match being generally regarded as a "certainty" for the Alberts, but little interest was taken in it, and the attendance was very small indeed. Mr. Goddard captained the Alberts, and Mr. S. Jones officiated in a like capacity for their opponents. The toss was won by the Newtown captain, who decided to send the opposing eleven first to the wickets. Play commenced at about twenty minutes to 3 o'clock, by Spofforth and Oliver taking charge of the wickets against the bowling of Fowler and Tindale. They made a good stand, and, when 28 had been totted up, Newman took the ball at Tindale's end, and off his fourth of the second over Oliver was smartly caught by Lucas, and retired for 21. Lathbury took the vacant place, and Spofforth gave an easy chance off Tindale to Lucas, and was let off; but this was made up for by Smidmore brilliantly catching Lathbury at long-leg, and the "stranger" retired for 4. Airey joined Spofforth, and the pair soon ran the figures up to 60, when Jones disturbed Spofforth's timbers, and he gave up his bat for a well-earned 30. T. Docker was next in, and some hard hitting took place, Docker sending Tindale over the fence into the road for 6, and almost immediately afterwards getting him well away for 5, but the pace was too severe to last, and before Docker could put more to his credit, Jones found his way to his stumps. Allen was the next to appear but soon lost his mate, who was easily caught by Jones off Tindale for 17. A. Docker then took possession of the "willow," but had only a short life, as he was well caught by Lucas off Jones for 6. Stack followed, and with Allen held the wickets for a long time, until Copp took the ball, and Stack was cleverly caught by Smidmore. Anderson came next, but soon lost the companionship of Allen, who was caught by Webster off Copp for 19. Vivian faced Anderson, put 10 to his name, and was cleverly bowled by Copp. The eleventh man, Goddard, was disposed of without adding to the score, and the innings closed for 186.

At the conclusion of the innings the ground, which was in excellent order, was rolled, and at half-past 5 the Newtownians sent Newman and Fowler to the wickets, the ball being entrusted to Lathbury and A. Docker. The partnership did not last long, as when 2 had been obtained, Newman gave an easy chance to Airey, which was accepted. Tindale joined Fowler, and some good and careful play ensued until the score reached 17, when Docker disturbed Fowler's bails, and he retired for 7. Dumett now took charge of the stumps, and after scoring 6, and "walking round" a great deal, was easily caught by Oliver off Docker. Webster came next, but it was not his day out, and Spofforth lowered his wickets without giving him a chance to score. Things now began to look very "unsettled," and Jones, coming to the rescue, earned a "fourer" by a fine straight hit, and then had his stumps lowered by a beautiful ball from Spofforth, and time being called the score stood at 46 for 5 wickets. The fielding of the Newtownians was very indifferent, and the bowling not of the best, but the Alberts were as much at home as usual, and let but few chances slip. Mr. Hilliard acted as umpire, and the refreshments were supplied by Mr. Kettle, of the Cricketer's Arms. The game will be continued on Saturday next, and the following are the scores so far:—

ALBERT C. C.
First Innings.

Spofforth, b Jones	30
Oliver, c Lucas, b Newman	21
Lathbury, c Smidmore, b Tindale	4
Airey, c Jones, b Tindale	17
T. Docker, b Jones	23
Allen, c Webster, b Copp	19
A. Docker, c Lucas, b Jones	6
Stack, c Smidmore, b Copp	43
Anderson, not out	6
Vivian, b Copp	10
Goddard, c M'Kern, b Copp	0
Byes 2, leg byes 2, wides 3	7
Total	186

NEWTOWN C. C.
First Innings.

Fowler, b A. Docker	7
Newman, c Airey, b Docker	1
Tindall, not out	25
Dumett, c Oliver, b Docker	6
Webster, b Spofforth	0
Jones, b Spofforth	4
Bye 1, leg-bye 2	3
Five wickets for	46

THE LOCK-OUT AT THE COLLIERIES.

(From the Newcastle Chronicle.)

AT 11 o'clock on Friday, a general meeting of the coal miners in this district was held in the open air, at Griffiths' Flat, Waratah, for the purpose of considering the course to be pursued in reference to the lock-out from the pits, on Thursday morning, by the masters. The attendance was very large; some estimated the assemblage at not less than a thousand persons, all of whom appeared to take a very deep interest in the proceedings, which were conducted in the most orderly manner, all the speakers, whether on the popular side or not, having been accorded a very patient hearing. The Wallsend band was also in attendance, and enlivened the proceedings at intervals with some very good music. Mr. William Davis, of Burwood, was called to the chair.

The chairman commenced the business by directing the attention of the meeting to the business to be brought before it.

Mr. Abraham Evans, delegate from Waratah, came forward to move the following resolution:—"That we, the miners of the Hunter River district, pledge ourselves to strictly adhere to the result of the ballot on the ten (10) hours question." He did not know how it was that he should be called on to speak to this question, but somehow the lot fell upon Jonah. They were met now, not because of a strike, but because they were locked out. The last time they met they passed resolutions, and they succeeded—they succeeded in knocking a sixpence into a shilling. They would still succeed if they were faithful to themselves on the present occasion. He should judge that as men of common sense they would adhere to the ballot. They were not school children, but men—men who would stand by what they held up their hands for. This was not a question of their own, it was one in which themselves, as miners, were principally concerned—it was one that chiefly concerned their children and the rising generation around them. He trusted they would stand by the ballot as taken last week, for ten hours a day—five hours for each shift. In the old country they commenced an agitation for shorter hours, and generally were successful. Most trades had now shorter hours than formerly, and the eight hours would soon be universal. If then, in a cold climate like England, it was found necessary, on sanitary grounds, to adopt eight hours as a day's labour, how much more so was it in a semi-tropical climate like this. And yet they did not ask for such short hours as they had obtained in England. [The speaker here read, amid loud cheers, some verses.] They were not now asking for eight hours as in England, nor were they asking to have the time reduced to nine hours, as a good many desired; they only asked that it should be ten instead of eleven hours, which the masters wanted. They, as a body, should stand by what they had voted.

Mr. William Thornton, of Waratah, seconded the resolution. During the past year they had done much for the interests of the miners. They had to get up formerly at 4 o'clock every morning, and it was 7 in the evening before they got home again. This they had got removed, and, if this resolution were passed, something better would be obtained. He believed the carrying of this resolution would be beneficial to the miners.

Mr. William Humphries, from Wallsend, supported the motion.

Mr. William Bower, of Old Lambton, could not understand why they should ask for ten or eleven hours. Thirty-one years ago, they demanded in England eight hours' time; mechanics and labourers were then working twelve hours a day, and it was always considered that those who were working in the open air or above ground could endure longer hours of labour than those working underground. Now, labourers had been conceded the privilege of eight hours' time; in that case, miners had a right to demand six hours, but this was not asked.

The Chairman said he understood that there was an amendment to be moved, and called for Mr. Reid; but afterwards it was determined that the speakers on the motion be first heard, and then the amendment might be moved before the resolution was put.

Mr. John Davis, of Wallsend, said he could not support this resolution. He did not approve of even ten hours' time. He maintained they should go in at once for the eight hours' system; eight hours was long enough for a man to be underground.

Mr. Reid, from the Co-operative Colliery, came forward to move an amendment. He had an idea of a better plan to benefit the wheelers and boys than what the supporters of this motion contemplated. He contended that this movement would be futile. At the last meeting at the Co-operative, he gave an opinion, but he was branded as one who had no sympathy for children, having no children of his own. He scorned such an imputation. He had heard the words "Mr. Fletcher" applied to him. He repudiated any connection with that gentleman in the sense implied. He had been long employed as a coal-miner, and might be designated a white slave. He contended that they should have two shifts for the boys as well as for the men in the pits. (This announcement met with strong approval and cheers.) This would allow the boys to attend their schools. By an arrangement of this kind, they might have eight hours for themselves and seven hours for the boys. He would not detain them, for he believed what he had to say would be very distasteful to many of them; he knew that he advocated the unpopular side of the question. He moved the following amendment:—"That we, the miners of the Hunter River district, agree to accept the terms offered by the Associated Collieries, namely, the eleven hours, and to get the other hour at some future time."

Mr. Robert Laing seconded the amendment. He had heard all the speeches made, but he heard no argument to show that this movement would benefit the boys or wheelers. He thought they had not sufficiently considered the effects of this strike. They had to consider what would be the effects of this strike, which might be of very long duration. They should consider the effect of a strike on their families, the district, and the shipping. They should consider that, if the masters were forced to accept the terms demand d now, it would produce in their minds a feeling of irritation that would, as soon as they found it suited themselves, lead them to recur to their own terms, and do just as they pleased, in spite of the miners. He would recommend a more conciliatory course than to be carrying on this agitation.

The Chairman then put the amendment to the meeting, when there were sixteen hands held up for it; against it, a countless number. The amendment was, therefore, negatived. The original motion was then put and carried without opposition.

The Chairman then called attention to the possibility of a conference with the masters. He would put it to the meeting whether it was desirable. The meeting unanimously voted in the affirmative.

Mr. Alnwick then proposed a vote of thanks to the Press, which was carried by acclamation.

THE MINING BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Considering the vast importance which the mining interest has lately acquired in this colony, and the powerful influence which it is destined to exercise over the future welfare of its inhabitants, it is a matter of equal surprise and regret that the Mining Bill lately introduced into Parliament has received so small a share of public attention. It is in the hope that a more thorough examination of the bill than it has yet received may lead to its ultimate improvement which induces me to lay before the public, through the medium of your ably conducted journal, my views upon the subject. I must here disclaim all party or political motives, being solely actuated by a strong desire to place mining in this colony on a sound and permanent basis, and to raise the condition of the mining community to the highest possible standard.

It appears to me that the principal error committed by the Solicitor-General has been that he conceived his duty to be solely eclectic; that he had merely to wade laboriously through innumerable Gold-fields' Bills, Gold-fields' Acts, Gold-fields' Regulations, and Gold-fields' Commissions; and from these materials alone to construct a scheme of mining reform and jurisprudence. But had he considered the utterly chaotic state out of which mining legislation first emerged, and the powerful political and private influences which have operated in creating and maintaining the grossest abuses in the mining systems throughout the various colonies, he would have relied less upon the labours of others and more upon his own powers of original construction.

It should be steadily borne in mind, in connection with mining legislation, that in this colony we possess a practically unlimited area of valuable mineral land, and are perfectly unfettered by any influential political parties largely interested in supporting class legislation; the Legislature consequently is free to adopt any line of policy dictated by justice and wisdom. This being the case it behoves the Government, while it possesses the power, to apply the broad general principles of legislation towards the establishment of a simple, yet permanent and comprehensive, mining scheme, in accordance with and based upon the unerring and immutable laws of political economy. To this end I would here suggest what appears to me as the only sound bases upon which to construct such a system:—Firstly, all mineral lands should be disposed of so as to attract the largest possible number of miners to the colony, and when here to induce them to remain; secondly, so as to act as the most powerful motive to the vigorous and constant prosecution of effective labour on our mines. Thirdly, so as to admit of the distribution of the largest amount of the wealth produced by the labour of the miners among the miners themselves. Fourthly, so as to induce and encourage the mining population to abandon a nomadic for a settled and stationary mode of life; and lastly, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the State from meddling and interfering with the direction and employment of labour on the mines. These conditions are, I submit, essential to the highest development of our mining resources, and are, I believe, completely within the legitimate province of legislation—when, as in this case, the great commodity upon which labour is to act—the raw material of land, is at the disposal of Parliament.

As this question is one of very considerable magnitude, embracing a large variety of subjects, I have thought the foregoing introductory remarks necessary, rather as indicating my own opinions than pointing out what I deem the errors contained in the bill. I will now, however, enter upon an analysis of the bill, and for that purpose will consider its provisions *seriatim*. The first six clauses are merely formal, and I will pass them with the remark that as regards clause 3, I think the latter portion of clause 6 of the Crown Lands Alienation Act should be repealed, and included in schedule 1, as it is inconsistent with clause 30 of the Mining Bill. The "Management and Regulations" commence with clause 7, which provides for the establishment of a separate Mining Department. To this I do not object, but think it has been too hastily taken for granted that such a change would be an unalloyed benefit; whereas in Victoria—the only colony where it has been tried—I consider it has been a miserable failure. In support of this statement, I will adduce one or two facts which suggest themselves to my mind. In the first place, the departmental expenses alone have been enormous. In the second place, a number of reserves, situated in the very centres of the chief gold-fields—such as cricket reserves, public parks, and recreation reserves, commissioners' and police reserves—had, by the tracing of rich leads and reefs out of Crown lands into them, acquired extraordinary value, perhaps to the extent of over half a million sterling. This department got them into its clutches and carved them out (according to the most approved red-tape style) among a favoured few, instead of realizing their full value, and employing the proceeds in such manner as would be most beneficial to the mining community at large. But, as a climax to all, I may mention that Parliament entrusted a sum of over three-quarters of a million sterling to this department with which to carry out an extensive gold-fields' water supply; and the manner in which that money was squandered, and the absolute failure of the water scheme, will ever render the term "Mining Department" in Victoria synonymous with that of the infamous Tammany Ring.

I am far, however, from arguing that there is any *necessary* connection between a Mining Department and the evils I have here pointed out. Before quitting this subject, I would remark that the new Minister is styled "Secretary for Mines." Now, in its popular and general acceptation the term secretary is confined to merely clerical and routine office work; and, as so understood, it excludes the most important element in the newly created office—namely, its Parliamentary and political significance. I would therefore suggest a change of nomenclature to Minister of Mines, and allow the permanent head of the department to be styled "Secretary for Mines." Clause 8 provides for the establishment of a most excellent institution, the School and Museum of Mines; but I believe that institution could be far more efficiently and economically conducted in connection with the University. The lecture halls and other buildings, together with the numerous costly appliances and books connected with chemistry, geology, and mineralogy which I presume are already in connection with the University, would all be available for the School of Mines.

Clauses 9 to 12 inclusive bring me to a very important principle of the bill, to which I take grave exception, namely, the limitation of mining operations to a few comparatively small areas, called Mining Districts, now or hereafter to be constituted.

It is true the term "Crown lands" is generally used throughout the bill; and, according to the interpretation clause, "Crown lands" means, "All land vested in her Majesty, which have not been dedicated to any public purpose, and which have not been granted in fee or lawfully contracted to be so granted, or which are not under lease for purposes other than pastoral purposes." But when we examine the matter more closely, we find that all the rights and privileges conferred on the holders of miners' rights are "subject to the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder," and, as the Act itself does not determine any matter in connection with the occupancy of a claim, we must seek in clause 86 for all the rights and privileges conferred on the holders of miners' rights; and, according to that clause, all regulations are confined to mining districts, or, what is the same, gold-fields; so that I am led to conclude that when the term "Crown lands" is used, it is strictly limited to these Crown lands within proclaimed gold-fields or mining districts. In a colony like this, where the metals and minerals are so generally distributed throughout the entire territory, it appears to me a most unwise and injudicious curtailment of the sources of our national wealth to voluntarily limit the production of these valuable commodities to a few small areas, and as effectually to exclude the community from the untold wealth contained in these portions of the colony outside the mining districts as though that wealth was situated in the territory of, and belonged to, some hostile nation. Why, I would ask, have not small portions of the colony been selected out, within which free selection is confined? Are there not more miners than free selectors? Do they not produce more national wealth and territorial revenue; and why, then are the miners restricted in the prosecution of their industry within these perfectly arbitrary limits? Instead of attracting population by pointing out the vastness of our mineral possessions, and assuring the miners of the unrestricted exercise of their pursuit over every inch of it, we act as though we feared they would overrun the land, and bring some dire calamity in their train. It appears to me that the eleventh clause exhibits some confusion of ideas as to what lands may be legally mined upon. This clause assumes a discovery to be made on "Crown lands," which is to be reported "to the Warden of the mining district *within* which the place of such discovery is situated." This clearly contemplates the discovery as having been made "within" a district already proclaimed, and hence its inutility, as it cannot be made any more a "gold-field" than it was at, and previous to, the discovery. But let us assume to the contrary, that the discovery was made *outside* the limits of a proclaimed mining district, then the discoverer must have been a trespasser, and liable, under the 32nd and 33rd sections of the Crown Lands Occupation Act 1861, to heavy penalties, and to have his horses and cattle impounded. In proof of the correctness of my view on this matter, I would refer to a case, reported in the *Herald* some seven or eight months ago, where a party discovered a valuable claim outside a proclaimed gold-field. Another party took possession of it which caused an encroachment case to be heard before a Justice, who decided in favour of the original occupant and discoverer. The ejected party, however, obtained from the Supreme Court a prohibition, restraining the Justice from carrying out his decision, on the obvious grounds that the Gold Fields Act only applied to "proclaimed gold-fields," and that consequently the Justice had no jurisdiction. I would further observe regarding this question that clause 50 presents the same difficulty; and clause 38 specially confines the cutting of water races and use of water under that clause to "Crown or private lands *included within* any proclaimed gold-field."

If this bill is not so altered, as suggested by me, as to throw open the whole of the Crown lands to the operation of mining, and it is desired to render the provisions of this clause effectual, it must be so amended as to legalise prospecting, at all events, upon all Crown lands; else what advantage in giving authority to the Governor to proclaim new districts when no person is legally authorised to make such search as would prove these districts to be auriferous.

As I purpose discussing at some length the whole question of the jurisdiction of wardens when I come to Part II of the bill, I will for the present dismiss the 13th clause, with strongly urging the necessity of strictly prohibiting any officers, or their deputies or assistants, from holding any interest whatever in connection with mining within the district for which they act. I am far from joining in the ignorant notion that almost every gentleman in the public service is open to all kinds of corrupt practices; but I know that the duties of surveyors, registrars, &c., place these persons in a position of peculiar suspicion, and that it is important to reduce the grounds of that suspicion as far as possible.

I would further remind the Solicitor-General that he cannot so restrict any officer by the contemplated regulations. A case in Victoria on that point is conclusive: the Ballarat Local Court passed a regulation prohibiting any mining surveyor from holding a mining interest within his district; a surveyor, to evade this regulation, got some shares taken up in other persons' names, and they refused afterwards to transfer them. But the Supreme Court in this case decided that the regulation was *ultra vires*, and that the Local Court (which had extensive powers for making regulations) could not restrict the common law rights of any man from buying or selling shares.

With reference to clauses 16 and 17, which authorise the granting of miners' rights and consolidated miners' rights, I would observe that, as the Solicitor-General professedly borrows largely from Victorian legislation, it is a pity he did not borrow from that colony the liberal portions of their gold-fields' legislation. In Victoria, from 1851 to the date of the last Gold-fields Act, each successive measure reduced the burthens on the miners; and it has been found that in proportion as the charge on the individual miner was reduced the general revenue from the gold-fields increased. These reductions have been from £18 per annum (the original 30s. per month license) to the present charge of 5s. per annum for a miner's right. Although the charge of 10s. is, I believe, excessive, yet there is nothing dishonest about it: it is simply the amount which the State demands for the right to appropriate a portion of the national wealth to the individual's exclusive use and benefit. But it is the circumstance of the dates of issue and expiration of miners' rights which renders the present and proposed miner's right peculiarly obnoxious to the miners; and their objection to it is thoroughly well grounded. A miner comes on the gold-field, say in May, and takes out a miner's right, for which he pays 10s., and it expires in December; thus he is obliged to pay for the right to mine for between five and six months in a year, which time he may not have been in the colony at all. What even-handed justice is there in this? Let the hon. gentlemen who will have this matter to be decided put this case to themselves: Suppose one of them went in May next to take a house, and the landlord were to say to him, "Sir, this house is £100 per annum, but your tenancy must date back and rent commence from 1st January last;" would not the irate member exclaim, "Do you want to rob me? Why should I pay you for one hour longer than I occupy your house? Have I not been paying rent elsewhere; and why should I pay you over again for your house, which I did not know was in existence until this very day?" No, Sir, I contend that if the Government desire to show that they are really friendly to the miners, and do not wish to mark them out as special objects for excessive taxation, let them allow the miner's right to date on the day of issue and expire on that day twelvemonths. It is not the amount so much as the fact that the miners deem this an extortion which renders it so deservedly unpopular. In Victoria, although the annual charge is only one-half, namely 5s., the miner's right is in force for twelve months from date of issue. I would also observe that the long clause (27) is utterly useless, as if the miner has his miner's right for one year he will know perfectly well when it expires, and consequently when to get a new one. I cannot conceive the necessity of all this work about "renewals." When his right expires the miner gets another if he requires it, and he is the best judge on that point. The real object of a "consolidated" miner's right is to get one document to act instead of a number; but I am aware that an important decision in Victoria declared that it had no such effect, and that, notwithstanding the possession of a consolidated miner's right, the full number of individual rights should also be held. I hope clause 17 will be so constructed as to carry out the intention of the Legislature, which the Victorian clause wholly failed to do.

I am sorry to find that the latter part of clause 18 limits the residence area to a quarter of an acre. As this is in italics, of course it can be altered in committee, and I sincerely hope, if limited at all, it will be increased to a maximum of five acres. I am aware that this restriction is borrowed from the Victorian Acts, and how so narrow-minded a provision got into these Acts I shall explain.

The first Act which limited a residence area was framed by Mr. J. D. Wood, who at the time was member for the Ovens district, where mining was nearly exclusively confined to "surfacing," and where large residence areas were found materially to interfere with the ordinary mining operations. This fact having been forcibly impressed on Mr. Wood's mind, he inserted this proviso. I have no hesitation in affirming that it has had most pernicious effects in all the districts except the Ovens (and there its beneficial effects are more than doubtful), and is still more unsuited to this colony, with a territory over five times the extent of Victoria. Miners wisely adopt the eight hours' time, and why not encourage them to devote a portion of the remaining sixteen hours towards establishing a neat and permanent home for themselves and family, and give them ground enough to cultivate a good-sized garden, and have a small paddock for a horse and cow. I would only allow the residence areas here recommended where they would not interfere with mining; and if found to be required for mining, then they should be yielded up on payment of full compensation for actual improvements, or else worked, according to the law in force, by the occupant. It is a well-known fact that a large number of our miners are Cornishmen; and no class of men are more capable or desirous of establishing comfortable and permanent homes for themselves and families than the Cornish miners.

Having extended this letter beyond its assigned limits, I will now conclude it, and will resume the consideration of the Mining Bill in a future issue.

ALFRED A. O'CONNOR.

Sydney, January 4.

ATTEMPTED SWINDLING ON THE TURF.—The principal topic of conversation among racing men on Monday (says the *Argus*) was the attempted swindle by a bookmaker in the trotting match at the Croxton-park meeting on Saturday last. With a singular unanimity everyone selected the same person as the culprit in the transaction, and it was the general opinion that at last there was a very strong probability of the charge being brought home to one of the cleverest, as well as one of the most unscrupulous, wrongdoers on the turf. The great doubt in the public mind appears to be whether or not the turf authorities will take any action in the matter. The Bendigo stewards received the hearty thanks of all lovers of honest racing throughout Victoria for the prompt manner in which they dealt with the owner of Emily, and surely the committee of the Victoria Racing Club cannot allow this transaction to be passed over in silence where the evidence is so much more conclusive against the arch-offender than it was in the Bendigo affair. The culprit is said to have made use of threats of exposure against others should he be disqualified in consequence of this affair. If he does so the public will be considerably the gainer, as an opportunity will be thus given to weed out the black sheep whose misconduct has too long brought a noble sport into unmerited contempt.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

SATURDAY EVENING.

THE Customs' revenue received to-day was as follows:—

Spirits	£851 13 2
Wine, still	76 8 0
—— sparkling	15 0 0
Ale, porter, and beer (in bottle)	82 18 6
Tobacco and snuff	26 8 0
Tea	30 15 0
Sugar (unrefined)	375 0 0
Ad valorem duty	1488 1 6
Specific duty	296 12 10
Harbour and light dues	40 3 4
Harbour dues	1 0 0
Total	£2790 0 4

The only transaction of any note to report to-day was the sale, by Messrs. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, of the cargo of Mauritius sugars ex Mary Ann Annison. The sale was well attended, and considerable business was done, nearly 250 tons being placed at the following rates:—Ration, £30 15s.; low counters, £33 15s. to £36; medium to fine, £36 10s. to £37 10s.; fine counters, £38 to £40 5s. The best samples of whites were withdrawn.

The *Argus* of Wednesday gives the following report of the import market:—

In the import markets, notwithstanding the nature of the day, a moderate amount of business was transacted. Breadstuffs are moving off steadily at about late prices. Trade parcels of flour are quitted at £14 15s to £15 5s. A line of 30 tons was disposed of at £14 15s, while a parcel of 50 tons offered at auction was withdrawn for £15; £14 10s was refused. Business in wheat has been confined to the disposal of new. The sales privately and by auction aggregate 1000 bags of Adelaide, for which from 6s 0½d to 6s 3d was realised. The quality of the grain was very good. Oats are moving, though no great demand is experienced; a line of 500 bags common was quitted at 2s 11d. Under the hammer, some 3000 bushels New Zealand were cleared off at 3s to 3s 1d; up to 3s 4d is obtained for prime feeding. New Kent hops, 1872, are selling, according to quantity, at 1s 9d to 2s. A private telegram, dated London, 24th December, advises an advance there in first-class goods of 34s to 40s per cwt. Sales of medium congou teas are reported at 1s 4d to 1s 6d. Sugars evince much firmness. A good demand has been experienced, leading to the quittance of 2000 bags of Java at a slight improvement on late auction rates. Sales of whitish Mauritius have also been made at £37. A late telegram from Port Louis advises a further advance in that market, white being now quoted at 7.85 dollars, and yellow 7 dollars. An invoice of galvanized iron, best brand, 26 gauge, was placed at £36. There are inquiries for fencing wire. We hear of a considerable line of No. 6 having been taken up at £22. In liquids, sales are recorded of Hennessy's case brandy at 25s 7½d.

MINING.

SATURDAY EVENING.

THERE is no change to notice in the Share market to-day, and business was limited.

The yield of the Band and Albions to-day was 27 oz., and for the week 118 oz.

The legal manager of the Lucky Venture G. M. Co., Dirtholes, Tambaroora, reports an assay of surface stone from the above claim: Six pounds crushed and otherwise treated yielded 18 grains and 9-10ths of a grain of gold, equivalent to 14 oz. 9 dwts. 20 grs. per ton.

I'M NOT MARRIED.

WHEN, in the course of his canvassing, the agent seeks a proposal from a young man he is often put off with the rejoinder:—"I'm not married."

It is not difficult to show that there are inducements offered to the *un*-married by life assurance. Under *all* circumstances a man can be advantaged most by assuring at the *earliest* moment.

Health is fickle, and advanced years mean high rates of premium.

Moreover the agent can argue that the habit of economy—fostered by the systematic payment of a premium, if acquired *before* marriage, will be of more value than the largest dowry, or hoarded wealth. But, "I'm not married," is after all, but a specimen of a myriad trite utterances which selfish or heedless lips pronounce, rather than discuss with the agent the advisability of taken out a life policy.

Through all the grades of society there is none in which life assurance may not be adopted with advantage, yet it is equally true that "I'm not married," or some similar statement, is offered almost universally when the agent begins to unfold his mission.

The rich *ought* to assure, for there is no other investment that can be made which is so ample; this fact is largely recognised by business men. Very many of them possess policies upon their lives amounting to from £5000 to £50,000, and what they consider a sound investment may safely be accepted as such by other men. The poor should assure, for they have no other dependence, and their moderate savings cannot effect so much and so speedily in any other way.

The man who lives upon *daily wages* and the *salaried* man should assure, for death or disease may cut of their work at any time.

The *un*-married man should assure, for he will need the help of assurance for *himself*.

The man who is saving from day to day can save more rapidly and certainly by life assurance than in any other way; the man who is not saving should at least begin to save by assurance.

Life assurance contributes effectually to make life itself longer, the aggregate prosperity of the community greater, and just so far as it shall extend, it will multiply the kindly bonds that connect men, while encouraging economy, invigorating enterprise in each individual, and shedding the light of a more serene happiness over the whole life.

Let these time-proved truths be reiterated never so constantly, the agent has always to meet the adamantine carelessness which in "I'm not married," or some equally threadbare utterance, is put forth.

There *is* a way to make a little produce much; to sow seed that is *certain* to make an ample return. That way is by using life assurance, the greater equalizer of both burdens and benefits. That is a resource adapted to all conceivable circumstances; it is positively the only one that is now known or is ever likely to be found practicable.

To assure life is neither gambling with chance, nor tempting of providence, and it is now more and more admitted to be not expediency merely, but *duty*.

Life assurance is not presented for more than it is. It is not a remedy for all misfortunes; but it is a safeguard against at least *one*,—poverty for ourselves in old age or for our families after us.

It does not shorten life a moment, but often prolongs it; and it is *always* a benefactor, never yet proved false by facts or circumstances.

Under the influence of these incontrovertible claims, we counsel the agent to heed not trival objections, which are in their essence akin to "I'm not married." —*From the Life Agent.*

AUDACIOUS ROBBERY IN THE STREETS OF MELBOURNE.—We extract the following report from the *Argus* of Tuesday last:—Four young men, named James Fulton, William Fulton, James Hayes, and Thomas Drysdale, were charged at the City Court with savagely assaulting and robbing Matthew Moylan, a farm labourer, residing on the Saltwater River. Moylan stated that on Friday week he came to town, and on Sunday week went to see a friend in King-street. At about a quarter-past 11 o'clock on Sunday night he was walking from Bourke-street West on his way to his lodging, and when opposite St. Patrick's Hall was rushed upon by the four prisoners. They held him, and one (James Fulton) forced a stick or knife handle into his mouth to gag him. Four of Moylan's teeth were broken, and the stick was forced so far down his throat that he was nearly choked. William Fulton took from Moylan's trousers pocket a purse containing 15s. 4d., a rosary, and a silver watch, the others holding Moylan down. They then ran away, and he got up and called for the police. He was able to notice the prisoners as there was a lamp ten or twelve yards off. He went to the post-office, and was telling a policeman when the four prisoners came along. The constable drew his attention to them, and Moylan said they were the offenders, and gave them in charge. He had not had anything to drink since about 10 or 11 that morning. Two women who heard screams, and saw Moylan lying on the ground, said that he seemed to be under the influence of drink. They saw some men run away up a right-of-way. One of the women said that Moylan spoke to a constable before going to the post-office, but Moylan said he did not see a policeman till he reached the latter place. He said he saw two women, but did not think the witnesses were the same. The police said that Moylan was apparently sober, though excited, and that they found blood in the channel where the struggle was said to have taken place. A sixpence, a threepenny piece, and a copper were found on the spot. The prisoners denied having meddled with Moylan when arrested. Mr. Finn submitted that there was nothing to corroborate the prosecutor's statement. The Bench committed the four prisoners for trial, refusing bail.

AN ILLUSTRATION FROM THE CLASSICS.—Mr. Lowe, in his speech at Halifax, told his hearers a story from one of the Greek authors of a king who was under an obligation to one of his friends:—"He allowed him, for once to go into his Treasury and carry off as much gold as he could appropriate. Before going on this adventure he put on a pair of the largest boots he could obtain and some enormous cloaks, and thus he went to the Treasury. He filled his boots and cloaks, and sprinkled the gold over his head, and so came staggering." Sprinkling gold "over one's head" is rather a novelty. If he had said *silver*, the right honourable gentleman might have made his audience understand what he meant by taking his own hat off. There would be nothing "staggering" in the sight presented, though certainly it would have been decidedly Lowe.—*Fun.*

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By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Secretary.
171, Pitt-street.

COBAR COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited).

PERSONS having purchased Shares in this Company are informed that SCRIP can be registered at the office of Mr. W. H. MACKENZIE, Jun., 96, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY, the duly appointed agent of the Company.
Holders of unregistered Scrip are requested to comply with the regulations of the Company, in respect to registration, without delay.
By order of the Board.
ALEXR. OGILVIE, Secretary.
Bourke, December 21, 1872.

PROSPECTUS of a Promoters' Company to work the SIR HERCULES ROBINSON FIVE-ACRE LEASE, South Turon, being a continuation of the rich veins of Hawkins Hill. See Engineer's report, at Broker's.

Capital £1000, in one thousand shares of £1 each. 500 fully paid up shares are retained by the proprietors, and 500 contributing shares are offered to the public. 2s 6d per share on application, and 2s 6d per share on allotment; the balance in 2s 6d calls per month. No Cash Bonus required by the proprietors, who pay all preliminary expenses, but if the Company is floated, 10 per cent. on the subscribed capital will be deducted to pay all floating expenses.
The ground lies on the western slope of a range running north, and at about twelve chains from the Turon River, and is on the general line of the easterly underlay of the Hawkins Hill veins, and is within view of them. It is immediately bounded by Spence's 5 acres on the north, south by the Sydney Commercial, east by the True Blue, west by the Pandora.
There are several veins and reefs running through the Sir Hercules Robinson Lease, but the principal one is the Sink to Rise Prospector's Rees, from which good available stone is being raised.
Several good crushing-machines are within a short distance, and from the great facility of working by tunnel or shaft, and judging by the nature of the gold-bearing stone in Spence's claim, adjoining on the north, the proprietors feel confident that a sure fortune awaits those who join in opening up what every competent judge declares to be the real continuation of the richest veins of Hawkins Hill.
The Proprietors hope by their bringing this valuable lease out so cheap, and asking no bonus, they will have no trouble in floating it, when the shareholders will be called together to elect a board of management, and place the affairs of the Company on a secure footing.
ALFRED FOWLER,
Broker to the Company,
316, Castlereagh-street,
near Bathurst-street, Sydney.

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital £2,200,000.

FIRE, MARINE, LIFE, and GUARANTEE.
Mr. C. DYSON, of 239, Pitt-street, Sydney, is authorised to receive proposals for Assurances in Sydney and suburbs, and is prepared to furnish forms and afford information.
New South Wales Branch—New Pitt-street.
F. J. JACKSON, Res. Sec.

REDUCTION IN FIRE RATES.
THE AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

Capital, £100,000.
Only Society in the colony in which Insurers, without liability, participate equally with shareholders in the annual division of profits.
Losses by Lightning and Explosions by Gas paid.
FIRE INSURANCES promptly effected, at lowest rates.
Offices, 235, Pitt-street.
JAMES HENDERSON, Manager.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
BRANCHES of this Bank are now OPEN at WELLINGTON and INVERELL in this colony for the conduct of all usual Banking business.
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.
Sydney, 24th December, 1872.

REPORTS OF COMPANIES.

THE "ARBOUIN" TIN MINING COMPANY, (to be Limited), STANTHORPE.

PROGRESS REPORT.
The allotment of shares in this Company has been made. Mine worked on tribute.
Telegram dated 31st December, 1872.
J. R. Rigby, Mining Manager, to E. N. Emmett, Sydney.
About three tons tin being shipped.
E. N. EMMETT,
Manager.
362, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney, New South Wales.

THE "VALE OF CLWYDD AND LITHGOW VALLEY COAL MINING AND COPPER SMELTING COMPANY," BOWENFELS (to be Limited).

PROGRESS REPORT.
DIRECTORS: Messrs. E. N. Emmett, T. Saywell, Alexander Brown, W. H. D. Mitchell, J. N. Wark.
MANAGER: Mr. H. C. Emmett.
This Company has just been floated, and the Directors have energetically gone to work. Personally they have selected the site for the main shaft, sidings for the railway, &c.
Mr. Abel, from Newcastle, superintends the shaft; Mr. Garsed, Superintendent of Works.
By order,
H. C. EMMETT,
Manager.

MOLONG CONSOLS COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited), COPPER HILL, MOLONG.

TRUSTEES.
Alexander Macdonald, Esq., Sydney.
Charles Smith, Esq., Sydney.

DIRECTORS.
Mr. E. N. Emmett, 362, George-street.
John Eales, Esq., Duckenfield.
Hon. John Bowie Wilson, Sydney.
James Byrnes, Esq., Parramatta.
Robert James Rawsthorne, Esq., Newtown.
John Cuthbert, Esq., Sydney.

MANAGER.
Mr. H. C. Emmett.

PROGRESS REPORT.
Three reverbatory, roasting, and refining furnaces, of the best character, are being vigorously erected, one of which is completed; the whole of these furnaces are all substantially enclosed and covered with corrugated iron.
A blacksmith's shop and complete plant furnished.
Copper ores from the burrows are being rapidly dressed for smelting, consisting of green and blue carbonates, and red and grey oxides.
About 200 tons upon the surface are undergoing the process of dressing for the furnaces. Samples of those ores, and samples of dressed ore for the inspection of shareholders, at the office of the Company, 362, George-street.
A whim to the main shaft is nearly finished.
This Company has a lease for 54 years of 1200 acres, and the copper is traced a mile on the Company's property.
At the point of the main shaft an immense outcrop of copper formation appears, about 30 feet high by 200 feet wide.
1200 loads of firewood cut, stacked, and in course of delivery to the furnaces.
Firewood abounds.
Limestone in any quantity.
A selection of 40 acres, containing fireclay of a good quality adjacent to the mine is secured.
By order,
E. N. EMMETT,
Chairman of Board of Directors.

EXTRACT from the Builder of the Furnaces, dated the 31st December, 1872.
"With regard to the smelting works, I hope you will come and see the first charge of copper tapped out of your furnaces, and you may start on receipt of this letter. I intend putting fire in to neal the furnace to-morrow, therefore I will decline to smelt the bottom until your arrival, so that you will see the whole process from first to last.
"Yours obediently,
(Signed) WILLIAM DAVIES, S.M.
"To E. N. Emmett, Esq., Sydney."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MONEYS DUE TO MR. BUCHAN THOMSON.
Having disposed of my business in Bligh-street, I have to request that all moneys due to me be paid to Mr. W. P. WOOLCOTT, of Bell's-chambers, whose receipt shall be a sufficient discharge.
BUCHAN THOMSON.
3rd January, 1873.

MOLE RUN TIN MINING COMPANY.
It is requested that particulars of all claims against the above-mentioned projected Company be immediately sent me for adjustment and payment.
SAMUEL SYMONDS, Greville's Rooms.

NOTICE.—Mr. E. READING, Dentist, will resume practice on January 6. 117, Castlereagh-street.

STAR OF THE WEST GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited), RED HILL, TAMBAROORA.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.—750 Unallotted SHARES in this Company are hereby offered to the present shareholders at PAR. If not taken up within seven days from this date, the Directors will allot them as they may deem best in the interests of the Company.
By order of the Board.
WM. HOLME DAVIS, Manager.
309, George-street, Sydney, January 1, 1873.

TAMBAROORA AND LOUISA UNITED QUARTZ MINING COMPANY (Limited), BLACKFELLOW'S REEF, LOUISA CREEK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mr. WILLIAM HOLME DAVIS has been appointed Legal Manager to the above Company.
By order of the Board.
ISAAC PECK, Chairman.

TAMBAROORA AND LOUISA UNITED QUARTZ MINING COMPANY (Limited), BLACKFELLOW'S REEF, LOUISA CREEK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Office of the above Company has been REMOVED from 14, Spring-street to 309, GEORGE-STREET, Sydney.
W. HOLME DAVIS, Manager.

QUEEN VICTORIA GOLD MINING CO. (Limited.)

Mr. B. DE LISSA, Accountant, of 96, New Pitt-street, is, this day, appointed Manager of the above Company, in lieu of Mr. David Cohen, resigned.
JOHN BOOTH,
Chairman.
1st January, 1873.

QUEEN OF SHEBA GOLD MINING CO. (Limited.)

Mr. B. DE LISSA, Accountant, of 96, New Pitt-street, is this day appointed Manager of the above Company, in lieu of Mr. David Cohen, resigned.
CHARLES FIELD,
Chairman.
1st January, 1873.

QUEEN VICTORIA GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).—The Office of this Company has been THIS DAY REMOVED to Ramsay's-chambers, 96, New Pitt-street.
B. DE LISSA, Manager.
1st January, 1873.

QUEEN OF SHEBA GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).—The Office of this Company has been THIS DAY REMOVED to Ramsay's-chambers, 96, New Pitt-street.
B. DE LISSA, Manager.
1st January, 1873.

MORT AND CO., CIRCULAR QUAY, SYDNEY, WOOL BROKERS, LIVE STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, SHEEP AND CATTLE SALESMEN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES on WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, TALLOW, HIDES, LEATHER, TIN, and other MINERAL ORES, and any other Colonial Produce consigned to them for Sale in Sydney, or for Shipment to their agents, Messrs. W. MORT and CO., London.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.
A BRANCH of this Bank has been established at MACKAY, in the colony of Queensland, for the transaction of all usual Banking business.
FRED. N. BURT, Acting Manager.
Sydney, 9th December, 1872.

ASSAYING.—W. L. JENKIN, an Assayer of long experience, commenced business on the 24th December, 1872, at No. 2, Jamison-street, next door to Bank of Australasia.
All orders executed with correctness and dispatch.

CRINOLINE GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).
The Offices of the above Company are removed to Towns's Wharf, where all Calls unpaid may be paid to
WM. ED. WILSON,
Manager pro tem.

REMOVAL.
Mr. HENRY BEIT'S Offices are REMOVED from 5, Wynyard-street, to 62, Margaret-street, Wynyard-square North, adjoining Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—Mr. WILLIAM BARKER (late of Norton and Barker, Solicitors), has REMOVED from Elizabeth-street to the Offices at the corner of Hunter and Bligh streets.

REMOVAL.—The undersigned have, THIS DAY, resumed the business of DRAPERY WAREHOUSEMEN, in the premises, Pitt-street, late in the occupation of Messrs. George Moore and Co., next door to Messrs. Chas. Moore and Co.'s Auction Rooms.
WILLIAM PRICE and CO.
329, George-street, January 1, 1873.

REMOVAL.—H. SAVAGE, Tailor, has removed from Electric Telegraph Buildings, to 303, George-street, opposite Mr. T. T. Jones's, jeweller, &c.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The PARTNERSHIP existing between the undersigned as Attorneys, Solicitors, and Proctors of the Supreme Court, under the firm of NORTON and BARKER, having this day been determined by mutual consent, we desire to give notice thereof to our clients and others interested.
Any communications respecting business or papers in our hands may be addressed to either of the partners, who will receive and pay any moneys owing to and by the firm.
The offices of Mr. NORTON will be, as heretofore, at No. 59, ELIZABETH-STREET; and the offices of Mr. BARKER will be at the CORNER OF HUNTER-STREET AND BLIGH-STREET.
JAMES NORTON.
WILLIAM BARKER.
31st December, 1872.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned LEWIS COHEN and ADOLPHUS MEYER BRODZIAK, trading under the style of COHEN and BRODZIAK, Merchants and Storekeepers, Levuka, Fiji, has been this day dissolved, the said Lewis Cohen retiring therefrom, in favour of the said A. M. BRODZIAK, by whom the business will be continued, under the style of A. M. BRODZIAK and CO., who will receive all debts due to and pay all the liabilities of the late firm.
Levuka, November 29, 1872.
(Signed) LEWIS COHEN.
(Signed) A. M. BRODZIAK.
(Signed)
Witness,— SYDNEY C. BURT, Advocate, Supreme Court of Fiji.

NOTICE.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Attorneys, Solicitors, and Proctors of the Supreme Court, under the name and firm of "M'Carthy, Son, and Donovan," has THIS DAY *terminated*. The undersigned WILLIAM GODFREY M'CARTHY and WILLIAM FREDERICK M'CARTHY will receive all debts due to the late firm, and will discharge all the liabilities thereof.
Dated this 31st day of December, 1872.
W. G. M'CARTHY
W. FREDERICK M'CARTHY
JOHN J. DONOVAN.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have THIS DAY entered into Partnership as Attorneys, Solicitors, and Proctors of the Supreme Court, under the firm of "M'Carthy and Robertson;" and will continue the business of the late firm of "M'Carthy, Son, and Donovan," at the offices recently occupied by that firm, No. 91, Pitt-street North, Sydney.
Dated this 1st day of January, 1873.
W. G. M'CARTHY
W. FREDERICK M'CARTHY
THOS. ROBERTSON.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of ALLAN, STREET, and NORTON, has been, THIS DAY, DISSOLVED by mutual consent.
Mr. ALLAN will continue to carry on business at the present premises, No. 27, Macquarie-place, under the style of ALLAN and CO.; Mr. STREET and Mr. NORTON at No. 2, O'Connell-street, as STREET, NORTON, and CO., and either of the new firms will be prepared to undertake any business with which they may be favoured.
H. EDWARD A. ALLAN,
JOHN R. STREET,
H. NORTON.
Sydney, 31st December, 1872.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
I have, THIS DAY, admitted Mr. RALPH P. MANSFIELD as a Partner in my business as an Architect.
The business will in future be carried on under the name and style of MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects.
G. ALLEN MANSFIELD,
165, Pitt-street, Sydney.
January 1, 1873.

PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day entered into Partnership as Account Book Makers, Manufacturing Stationers, and General Printers.
ROBERT DENNIS
W. E. SMITH.
30, Bridge-street, Sydney, 1st January, 1873.

NOTICE.—FLAN DONLAN is no longer authorised to receive orders or collect money on our account.
JOHN RITCHIE and CO.,
Coal Merchants, Druitt-street.

LUCKY HIT GOLD MINING CO. (Limited), Oakey Creek, Hill End.—Mr. HUGH CHURCHILL is no longer in the employ of the above Company. For the future all moneys, &c., are to be paid to Mr. W. J. CLARKE, 282, Pitt-street, who has been appointed Legal Manager.
Jan. 3, 1873. P. B. Whitfield, chairman of directors.

NOTICE.
THE PUBLIC is hereby CAUTIONED not to pay Mr. F. PETTENGIL, our late Collector, any Moneys, on our account, he being no longer in our employ.
January 6th, 1873. YORK and WALSH.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
We, the undersigned, having leased the Yards in Pitt-street, Sydney (late Martyn's), beg to inform the public that our Mr. WRIGHT will hold SALES on each TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week at the above, of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and all kinds of Stock and Vehicles generally.
Also, at Camperdown any afternoon.
Landing and Shipping of Stock carefully and punctually attended to.
Horses broken in for double and single harness, tandem, ladies' and gentlemen's hacks, and military use.
HAWKES and WRIGHT.
246, Pitt-street, and The Stables, Bligh-street,
January 2nd, 1873.

IN the INSOLVENT ESTATE of Messrs. S. F. WALKER and CO., of Townsville.—Creditors in the above Estate are invited to attend at the Office of JOHN FRAZER and CO., York-st., on Monday, 6th inst., 3 p.m.

MESSRS. CLARKE AND COMPANY, 86 and 88, Elizabeth-street, MELBOURNE, STOCK and SHARE BROKERS, &c. The oldest firm in Victoria.

Sandhurst Agent .. .. R. H. CLARKE.
Castlemaine Agent .. C. E. CLARKE.

Orders for purchases or sales of shares, by letter or telegraph, promptly attended to.

TIN ORE.—The undersigned is prepared to receive for shipment to London consignments of the above, and to make liberal advances.
GEORGE R. DIBBS,
131, Pitt-street.

ALFRED CHANDLER and CO., AUCTIONEERS, Hotel Brokers, House, Land and General Agents, 168, PITT-STREET, near King-street, beg to notify that they continue to conduct, as hitherto, AUCTION and PRIVATE SALES of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOUSES, LAND, HOTELS, STOCKS IN TRADE, MERCHANDISE, &c.,
and respectfully assure their friends and constituents that all business entrusted to their care will receive the same faithful attention that has for the past eight years won the confidence and approbation of all who have favoured them with their commands.
The system hitherto pursued by C. and Co., and which will be strictly adhered to, of confining their transactions to a bona-fide commission business, ensures their constituents always obtaining the best market value, and purchasers have an equal advantage of being faithfully dealt with.
OFFICES—168, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.—I, the undersigned, have this day admitted Mr. FRANCIS B. GILBERT as Partner in my business as Legal Manager and Mining Agent. From this date the business will be carried on under the style of SHARWOOD and GILBERT.
J. SHARWOOD.
309, George-street. 1st January, 1873.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the OFFICES of the undermentioned Companies are, this day, REMOVED from 13, Macquarie-place to 309, George-street.
SHARWOOD and GILBERT,
Managers.
1st January, 1873.

Great Darley Main Quart Mining Co. (Limited).
Homeward Bound Gold Mining Co. (Limited).
Phœnix Quartz Mining Co. (Limited).
New Trunkey Consols Gold Mining Co. (Limited).
Albion Gold Mining Co. (Limited).
Cruiskeen Lawn Gold Mining Co. (Limited).
Happy Valley Gold Mining Co. (Limited).
Balmoral Tin Mining Co.
Macquarie Gold Mining Co.
Pride of the Turon Gold Mining Co.

RICHARD GIBSON and CO., Sheep and Cattle Salesmen, 63, Queen-street, MELBOURNE.

Account sales rendered and proceeds paid in cash the day after sale. Commission, 3½ per cent. on fat stock; same rate for store stock, less bank discount.
COUNTRY REPRESENTATIVES:
A. ROSS and CO., Bourke
TAIT and MURPHY, Dubbo
JAMES MANN, Deniliquin
WILKINSON, HANN, and CO., Wagga Wagga
CHARLES ST. BAKER, Forbes
JOHN CRAMSIE and CO., Euston and Balranald.

STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY No. 2.
A SALE of the right to the advance of £300, on TUESDAY next, 7th instant, at 9 p.m.
A Special MEETING on 14th instant, to elect Trustee,
T. MILLER,
Secretary.

STOCK, SHARES, AND MONEY.

MONEY
MERCANTILE LOAN & DISCOUNT COMPY.
98, Elizabeth-street, next Brigade Office.
The proprietors of this Company are prepared to offer advantages to persons in want of accommodation.
BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY.
SUMS OF £5 to £10,000 advanced on deposit of DEEDS, either Freehold or Leasehold, Bills of Lading, Bonded Certificates, Shares, Insurance Policies, or any other tangible security.
☞ GOOD TRADE BILLS discounted DAILY at slight ADVANCE on BANKING RATES. The utmost privacy can be assured, and all transactions held strictly confidential.
BILLS OF SALE on FURNITURE (without possession).
MONEY advanced upon PERSONAL OR OTHER SECURITY repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
LOANS can be obtained for any period, and RENEWALS arranged for if required.
ALL TRANSACTIONS ENTERTAINED, and advances made without delay, if the security be approved of.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
LONDON LOAN and DISCOUNT SOCIETY, 125, Elizabeth-street South, next St. James' School. First established in Sydney.
THIS SOCIETY is established to assist tradesmen and others, on the following terms:—Money advanced in sums varying from £5 to £1000 on security of two responsible householders, to be repaid by weekly instalments of 1s in the pound. Persons desirous of obtaining £5 receive £4 10s cash. The advance guaranteed within twenty-four hours if the securities are approved of.

☞ ARRANGEMENTS can be made for MONTHLY or QUARTERLY payments.
BILLS OF SALE ON FURNITURE, without possession.
ADVANCES MADE upon mortgage, deposit of deeds, (freehold or leasehold), merchandise, bonded certificates, stock and shares, Assurance Policies, or any other tangible Security.
LEGACIES, bequests, and reversionary interests purchased or advanced upon.
Good TRADE BILLS discounted at SLIGHT advance upon BANK RATES.
Forms may be had gratis.
☞ No Bills Rediscounted.

MONEY.
NATIONAL LOAN & DISCOUNT COMPANY.
Capital, £50,000. Offices—51, Hunter-street.

The Directors of this Company negotiate monetary and financial business of every description.
BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY.
SUMS of £10 to £10,000 can be obtained on PERSONAL OR OTHER SECURITY, repayable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
LOANS can also be procured for any period, and renewals arranged for if required.
ADVANCES made upon personal security, mortgage, deposit of deeds (freehold or leasehold), bills of sale, merchandise, bonded certificates, stocks and shares, life assurance policies, or any other tangible security.
LEGACIES, BEQUESTS, and REVERSIONARY INTERESTS, either in the colonies, Great Britain, or elsewhere, purchased or advanced upon.
GOOD TRADE BILLS discounted at slight advance upon BANK RATES.
All transactions held strictly confidential.
NO BILLS RE-DISCOUNTED.
Every facility given to borrowers, and advances made within a few hours after application, if approved of.
Forms and all information can be obtained gratuitously at the Company's Offices. Hours, 9 to 5. Saturdays, 9 to 1.
EDGAR RAY, Manager.

£350 TO LEND on approved security. Daintrey and Chapman, 101, Elizabeth-st.

£3000 TO BE LENT in sums of £500 and upwards, on town or country properties, at current rates of interest. Apply to W. W. BILLYARD, Solicitor, 32, Hunter-street.

£7000 TO LEND, in large or small amounts, on security of city property. WANT and JOHNSON, 142, Pitt-street, Sydney.

SHARES and DEBENTURES may always be obtained or disposed of on application to
W. T. MUSTON and CO.,
Stock and Share Brokers,
Bell's-chambers, 173, Pitt-street.

MONEY LENT, at a low rate of interest, to any amount, on watches, plate, diamonds, jewellery, mineral shares, and all kinds of portable property.
I. HIMMELHOCH, 292, Castlereagh-st., near Park-st.

PERPETUAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
Money deposited with the Society will receive from 6 to 8 per cent. per annum, and on good security. Deposits can be drawn out on a month's notice, under the rules.
Applications for loans on mortgage can be made to the Secretary on any day during office hours.
The loans are made for ten years, but can be paid off at any time, on notice under the rules.
The monthly payment is £1 4s 2d on each £100, including principal and interest.
The charges are £2 12s for deed, and £1 1s survey fee.
W. H. DELOITTE, Secretary.
3, Spring-street, 1st May, 1872.

FOR SALE, 400 CRINOLINE SHARES.
Wanted, to purchase GRENFELL CONSOLS.
JOHNSON and CRICHTON,
235, George-street.

BANK of New South Wales, and various Copper, Gold, and Tin SHARES for SALE. Also, 500 Lady Belmore Gold; 1000 Boggy Creek, and half interest in 60 acres Tin Land, Middle Creek, Inverell, opposite to, and adjoining, the celebrated Rex Tin Co.'s land, commanding half the water and stream tin in creek—a bargain.
WANTED—100 City Bank, 100 Queensland National, 50 A. S. N. Steam, 500 Peak Downs.
C. BATE and CO., 165, Pitt-street.

SHARES.—Williams, Alarm, Browns, Crinoline, City of Sydney, Beyers and Holterman's, Marcolini—Gold; Peak Down, South Cobar—Copper; Rex, Queen, Royal Tankard—Tin. E. JOHNSON, 10, Hunter-street.

155, PITT-STREET.—Alliance, Allens, British Lions, Carroll and Beards, Daysprings, Engels, Enterprise. JAMES PRINGLE.

155, PITT-STREET.—Johnsons, Junction, Lion, Marcolini, Armstrong, Toms N. Reef, General Bourke, General Moltke.

155, PITT-STREET.—Cow Flats, Wolcas, Copper Hill, Phœnix, Northern Cow Flats, Moolboolaman. JAMES PRINGLE.

BEYERS and HOLTERMANNS, Monte Christo, Triumph, GOLD; Peelwoods, Blackalls, Perrys, Boolboondas, Wolcas, COPPER; Ancient Briton and Queensland, TIN, for SALE. WATKIN, 143, Pitt-st.

WANTED, 200 Shares in Beyers and Holtermann's G. M. Co., at 68s. Apply L. T., HERALD Office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ELVY AND CO.'S
Music Warehouse, and
Pianoforte Gallery,
321, George-street.

NEW PIANOS JUST OPENED.

BEAUTIFUL COLLARD PIANOFORTES,
just unpacked.
Trichords, at low prices.
ERARD'S and BROADWOOD'S
Superb PIANOFORTES,
in Elegant Woods, at low prices.
To the admirers of the rich mellow English quality of tone, these instruments are a great attraction.
At ELVY and CO.'S,
BORD'S CELEBRATED FRENCH PIANOS,
of various designs, in elegant woods,
at low prices.
BRILLIANT-TONED and ELEGANT PIANETTE,
of Reliable Construction, £32.
A POPULAR INSTALMENT SYSTEM,
at ELVY and CO.'S.
Mason and Hamlin's American ORGANS,
Second-hand
FULL CONCERT GRAND BY ERARD,
suitable for a Music Hall.
An American ORGAN, of fine tone; has been little used.
Also,
TWO ALEXANDRE HARMONIUMS.
ELVY and CO.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

NOBEL'S GIANT BLASTING POWDER or DYNAMITE, patented in New South Wales 30th May, 1872.—100 CASES, part of a direct shipment to Maxwell Reynolds, of Melbourne, made by Alfred Nobel, of Hamburg, the inventor and patentee.
For SALE by
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.,
Agents for A. R. Green, Attorney for Alfred Nobel.

MATTING.
Ex Norman and Ashburton, from Hong Kong.—Fine CONTRACT MATTING, 4-quarter, 5-quarter, and 6-quarter, White and Coloured. For sale by
SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO.

LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT.
For SALE by the undersigned, Liverpool Coarse SALT, in heavy bags, to land ex Duke of Edinburgh.
YOUNG and LARK.

SARDINES.
For SALE, by the undersigned, ¼ SARDINES, now Landing.
YOUNG and LARK.

KEROSENE, "COMET" Brand, equal to best American Oil, in trade parcels, at reduced price. For terms apply to GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street, and 7, Parramatta-street.

COMET KEROSENE as now manufactured is equal to the best American Oil, and is tested and certified as safe by the Government Inspector before being delivered. For terms apply to GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street, Brickfield-hill; and 7, Parramatta-street.

PRIME MESS BEEF, in kegs and tierces, best quality guaranteed. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

CARMICHAEL'S PORPHYRY.—Agents for this favourite Australian Wine. Bird and Co., Circular Quay.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.—Porphyry, Reisling, Muscat, Shiraz, Verdeilho. Bird and Co., Circular Quay.

WEBB'S English GINGERADE, for SALE, by H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
Lowndes' rum
Port and sherry, in case
Hennessy's case brandy
Champagne
Linseed oil, in drums
Patna and China rice
China preserves
Calcutta limes
Bolt rope
White and read lead, black paint
Sheet lead
Shot
Bangor slates
Pig iron
Stockholm tar
Fine, coarse, and rock salt
Canvas and twine
Congou tea, in chests, halves, and boxes; finest new season Foochow ex Norman.
SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO.,
14, Macquarie-place.

COURVOISIER'S COGNAC.—Agents for New South Wales,
GILFILLAN and CO.

COMMENCEMENT OF THE SHOOTING SEASON.

FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.
CHEAP SINGLE-BARREL GUNS, by Evans, Halles, and other makers.
DOUBLE-BARREL GUNS, by Greener, Riley, Wellington, Hollis and Sons
EVERY WEAPON GUARANTEED PROOF, of all prices, and various degrees of finish
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF FIREARMS IN THE COLONIES always on view
PIGEON-MATCH GUNS
DUCK GUNS, 4 and 5 feet barrels
BREECH-LOADER SHOT GUNS, pin or central fire, self half-cocking, side grip
Specimens of the new mechanical improvements in closing the breech
All the latest improvements in BREECH-LOADING RIFLES, comprising Snider Needle Guns, Chassepot, Maynard, the 16-shot Henry, Remingtons, American, &c., &c.
SALOON RIFLES
REVOLVERS on the Needle and Breech-loading principle, Tranters, Le Faucheaux, Denisons, Colts, Rim and Central Fire
CHEAP MUZZLE-LOADING RIFLE CARBINES for use on horseback
PEA, RIFLES, ROOK RIFLES.
AMMUNITION.
Lawrence's "Battle" gunpowder, coarse, for breech-loaders
Hall and Sons' gunpowder
Curtis and Harvey's diamond grain
All in half-pound and one-pound canisters.
PATENT SHOT, all sizes
DOUBLE WATERPROOF CAPS, Eley's best
CHEMICALLY PREPARED GUN WADDING, Cartridge Cases, pin and central
Game Bags, shot pouches, powder flasks, portable cleaning rods, nipple wrenches, wad cutters, dog couples, dram flasks, spirit kegs, with shoulder strap, gun cases, &c.
All the various implements used for making up BREECH-LOADER CARTRIDGES
METALLIC CARTRIDGES to suit all arms, in stock
All articles, for SPORTSMEN'S REQUIREMENTS of the very best description.
F. LASSETTER and CO.,
421, George-street, Sydney.

TANKS. TANKS. TANKS.—Best brands on SALE. Apply EDMUND E. SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

PORTABLE ENGINES for SALE by P. N. RUSSELL and CO.
1 3 h. p. portable engine, by Marshall and Sons
1 4 h. p. portable hoisting engine
1 8 h. p. ditto, by Robey and Co.
1 12 h. p. ditto, ditto
1 14 h. p. ditto, ditto
1 18 h. p. ditto, ditto
Also, a very powerful second-hand steam winch and boiler, in perfect order, at a low price
1 6 h. p. vertical stationary engine, with reversing gear, suitable for winding and pumping, or for a small screw steamer
2 centrifugal pumping engines (1 each 10 in. and 16 in.), for tin sluicing or similar operations
1 2 h. p. vertical engine and boiler
1 12 h. p. ditto ditto
1 4 h. p. stationary engine, by Clayton and Shuttleworth
1 12 h. p. ditto, ditto ditto
2 8 h. p. ditto, by Manlove, Allcott, and Co.
Also, a number of pumping engines and donkey pumps. A quantity of second-hand crab winches, chain and blocks, which will be sold cheap.

FOR SALE, by the Undersigned.
Gas pipe and Fittings, black and galvanized, ½ to 3
Rosin, Wire Rope, Chain, Iron and Wood Blocks
Paints and Oils, Varnish, Axle Grease
Cast Steel, all sizes, round, square, and octagon, of various qualities; sheet steel
Boiler Tubes, Screw Jacks, Patent Hoists
Sheet Copper, Rod Copper, and Copper Pipe
Colza and Olive Oil, boiled and raw Linseed Oil
Iron boilers, up to 500 gallons
Silk, for flour-dressing machines
And a quantity of Iron Castings, viz., Balcony Panels, Staircase Bars, Newell Posts, Tomb Railing, &c., which will be sold at low prices to clear out.
P. N. RUSSELL and CO.

WHITE LEAD, genuine, ground, in firkins
White Lead, in 14, 28, and 56-lb. kegs
Linseed Oil, Putty, Red Lead
Patent Driers; Umber, raw and burnt
Black, Red, and Green Paints, for SALE.
ALLAN and CO., Macquarie-place.

MADAGASCAR SUGAR MATS on SALE.
C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-street.

MAURITIUS CRYSTAL AND COUNTER SUGARS.—The cargo of the Windhover for SALE. Samples at importers' office.
HENRY FISHER and CO., 143, Pitt-street.

SPECTACLES, fine steel frames with crystal lenses, 3s 6d, 4s 6d, 5s 6d pair. Ellis, 230, Pitt-str, op. Farmer's

300 DOZEN Stereoscopic Slides, large assortment, choice subjects, 6s 9d dozen. Ellis, 230, Pitt-st.

PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, ETC.

ADELAIDE NEW WHEAT on SALE, now landing and to arrive. NIPPER and SEE, Sussex-street.

BREADSTUFFS.
DUFFIELD'S, DUNN'S, HART'S — Various manufactures and packages.
CALIFORNIAN, National Mills and Eldorado.
ADELAIDE new WHEAT,
For SALE, by
BEILBY and SCOTT.

RICE.—Patna rice, ex James Service, from Calcutta.
SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO.

RICE.—China rice, ex Onward, from Hongkong, in 56-lb. mats.
SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO.

JOSEPH WEARNE, Anchor Flour Mills, foot of Bathurst-street, Sydney.
Silk-dressed Superfine Flour, Seconds Flour, Kiln-dried Corn Meal, &c., the best and cheapest in Sydney.

N. W. CHEESE, York Hams, Wilts Bacon, now landing. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

ADELAIDE FLOUR and BRAN on SALE.—Superfine, households, and seconds—Hart's and Clark's brands.
C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-street.

ADELAIDE WHEAT to arrive, on SALE.
C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-street.

LEA and PERRINS' celebrated WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, declared by connoisseurs to be the only good sauce.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power-of-attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle, and stopper.
Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by grocers and oilmen universally.
To be obtained of
Messrs. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., Sydney.

FOR SALE, Cinnamon, Pimento, Cigars, Cavalry and Infantry Swords; and, now landing, Chinese Oil, Black and White Pepper and Java Table Rice.
F. G. LENDER and CO., No. 3, Jamison-street.

MOIR'S Ling Fish, tin-lined cases, and Soda Crystals, ex C. Thompson. Robert Miller, 78, Clarence-street.

DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, ETC.

BEST (Treble Extra) CHINA MATTINGS.
4-4, 5-4, 6-4 white extra quality MATTINGS
4-4, 5-4, 6-4 fancy ditto ditto
4-4, 5-4, 6-4 checked ditto ditto.
The arrival of the barque Ashburton puts us in possession of our importation of
THE VERY BEST CHINA MATTINGS.
These MATTINGS have been MADE to OUR SPECIAL ORDER, and are superior in colour and quality to any previous shipments.
Families who have kindly waited for these mattings can now have their requirements supplied.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

KELK and ALFORD,
415, GEORGE-STREET.
We are offering, this day, HUNDREDS of REMNANTS at HALF the ORIGINAL PRICE.
Black Glace and Gros Grain SILKS in the most serviceable makes.
BARGAINS in FANCY DRESSES, PRINTED MUSLINS, and PRINTS.
DRESS TRIMMINGS and FRINGES in immense variety, at most reasonable prices.

JUST OPENED.
NEW HATS.
The newest shapes, ex Huntly Castle.
LADIES' HATS, latest novelties.
Ella, Romily, Curlew, Avon, Jeannett, Flora, Lillian, Violet, Coburg, Audley, and other shapes in Ladies' and Children's Hats.
LADIES' Marine and Sailors' Hats
BOYS' Tuscan, Straw, and Leghorn Hats.
E. WAY, Importer, 263, 265, and 267, Pitt-street.

4 AND 8 Thread Berlin WOOL, in all shades. M. C. BOHRSMANN, 39, South Head Road.

MEDICAL, CHEMICALS, ETC.

ATTENTION of Families and Invalids is drawn to the vital importance of pure MEDICINES, dispensed by able assistants.
SENIOR, Chemist to H. E. the Governor.

MRS. WELSH'S SOOTHING POWDERS, by post. To be had only at 468, Elizabeth-street South.

HENRY'S COLONIAL OINTMENT, in lid pots, 1s each. All chemists and storekeepers.

RANDERSON'S Honey Balsam, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, &c., 1s 6d and 2s 6d bottles. 413, George-st.

CHURCHILL'S SYRUPS of LIME, IRON, and SODA.—Recommended by the faculty for consumption and all diseases of debility. Free from any unpleasant taste or smell.
ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents,
112, Pitt-street.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

TO SOLICITORS.—A first-class Country PRACTICE to be disposed of. For particulars apply, by letter, to M'Carthy, Son, and Donovan, Pitt-street North.

SOAP BOILERS.—For SALE or to LET, cheap, a SOAP FACTORY, complete. Zions, 409, George-st.

FOR SALE, a small Grocery BUSINESS. J. CUNNINGHAM, 411, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street.

FOR SALE, old-established Tobacconist BUSINESS, situated in the best part of George-street, second to none in the city; rent and incoming nominal. Early application is necessary, as the above is only in the market for a few days. For further particulars apply
S. LEVIN, 164, King-street East.

PHOTOGRAPHIC BUSINESS, with Lenses and Cameras by the most eminent makers, together with the complete Working Plant, Furniture, Negatives, Photographic Carriage, Horse, &c., for immediate DISPOSAL, in consequence of the continued ill-health of the proprietor.
F. W. ROBINSON, 6, Wynyard-square.

BUILDING MATERIALS, ETC.

400,000 FEET Foreign and Colonial Pine. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

500,000 FEET Hardwood, Cedar Doors, Sashes. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

BALTIC FLOORING BOARDS, ex Duncraig, now landing. W. H. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

KNIGHT, BEVAN'S and other brands of Portland Cement. Crane and Son, City Cement Stores, Pitt-st.

GALVANIZED Iron Register Stoves, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Drain Pipes, Slates, &c. Crane and Son, Pitt-st.

MARBLE CHIMNEY-PIECES and Register Stoves, new designs, at reduced prices. CARY, Railway Bdge.

KNIGHT, BEVAN, and STURGE'S CEMENT. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

MARBLE LIME, from the Manning River, appears ALL THAT CAN BE DESIRED, well burnt, perfectly soluble, and entirely caustic. Every particle of which is available. J. S. NORRIE, 109, William-street.

MARBLE LIME, ex Fire King.—100 sacks just landed at Company's Depot, Wharf, 8, King-st.

HOUSES AND LAND FOR SALE.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.—ELSWICK HOUSE, Petersham, with cottages, outhouses, granary, stables, coach-house, and with every convenience, suitable for a gentleman's residence, with about 52 acres of land.
BADMINTON HOUSE, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, opposite Wesleyan Chapel, with outhouses, coach-house and stable, and replete with every convenience for a gentleman's residence.
PARKHAM LODGE, fronting Bourke and Dowling streets, Surry Hills, with outhouses, coach-house and stables, &c., with about 2¾ acres of ground.
ORANGERY and VINERY, near Parramatta, with a good cottage, outhouses, stables, &c., with about 100 acres of ground, in first-class condition.
Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to JOHN WETHERILL, 235, Pitt-street.

BURWOOD.—LAND for SALE, Redmire Estate. Ten-acre villa sites, on easy terms. Apply to W. W. BILLYARD, 32, Hunter-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, cheap, 3 ALLOTMENTS of ground, Belmore-st., Balmain. Mr. M'Knight, Sophia-st., Surry H.

BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, Bourke-st., for SALE, at low price, or terms. ZIONS, 409, George-street.

BANKS TOWN.—To SELL or LET, a HOUSE, containing 7 rooms, detached kitchen, man's hut, good stables, garden, and fifty acres of land, with never-failing supply of water. Apply 259, Palmer-street, South Head Road. N.B.—The above property has just been put in thorough repair.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES! WAGGONS! CARTS, &c.
The largest, cheapest, and best assortment in the colony, Buggies, £26; Waggons, £26; Spring-carts, £13, at
ROBERTSON'S
STEAM COACH and BUGGY MANUFACTORY,
Pitt-street, near Haymarket.
N.B.—Country visitors are invited to inspect the works.

BUGGIES of all descriptions, Express Waggons, Phaetons, &c. T. Moore, S. H. R., op. Court-house.

DOUBLE-SEAT Buggy, with lamps first-class order, and harness, £32. KNIGHT, 257, Castlereagh-st.

BUGGY Sociable, with brake, £35; light Hooded Buggy Phaeton, £35; Express Waggon, £32. Knight.

STYLISH new double-seat Buggy, £36; new Tray Buggy, £30; Dogcart and Harness, £16. Knight.

BROWN quiet Buggy and Saddle COB, £10; Bay good Harness Horse, £10; Pony, £3. KNIGHT.

WANTED, to purchase a Light Second-hand Tip DRAY. S. Knight, 257, Castlereagh-street.

GIBSON'S Horse and Carriage Depot, 64, Hunter-st. Horses and Vehicles bought, sold, exchanged, or hired.

FOR SALE, 2 handsome Carriages, either for one or a pair of horses. £60 and £75. Gibson, 64, Hunter-st.

FAST TROTTING MARE, Hooded Buggy, and Harness, £25 the lot. GIBSON'S, 64, Hunter-st.

CAPITAL DOGCART and Silver-plated Harness, nearly new, £24. GIBSON'S, 64, Hunter-street.

FIRST-CLASS HACK, by Deerfoot, goes in harness, £12. GIBSON, 64, Hunter-street.

FOR SALE, a very good PONY, for a child. Apply at The Stables, Bligh-street.

CARRIAGE HORSES for SALE, owner having no further use for them. Kiss's Livery Stables, Pitt-st.

BOY'S PONY, small size, docile and sound, wanted. State price. Box 223, Post Office.

SINGLE-SEATED BUGGY wanted; pole, lamps, and brake. Apply Mayn, Club House Hotel.

SIDESADDLE—Wanted, a good second-hand. State price and where to be seen. S. S., HERALD Office.

WANTED, to purchase or rent a light SPRING-VAN. Cooper, news agent, Railway Bridge.

WANTED, to buy second-hand Tray BUGGY, suitable for country use. Mr. Humfress, 165, Pitt-st.

STOCK AND STATIONS.

FOR SALE, at Milroy, near Brewarina, Warrego District,
1500 3½-years WETHERS, fat
500 2½-years ditto, ditto
2000 6-years EWES, ditto.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

RAMS, WETHERS, and EWES, for SALE, near Canonbar. Mr. M'CULLOCH, 165, Pitt-street.

AUCTION SALES.

S. WOOLLER sells by auction, daily, at his Old Horse Repository, Pitt-street,
Horses, spring-carts, drays, buggies, gigs, &c.
No charge for entering horses, &c., for sale.

Horses, heavy and light
Vehicles, Harness, and Saddlery.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
As above.
Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.
☞ Horses and Vehicles on hire.

HAWKES and WRIGHT will sell by auction, at their Yards, Pitt-street (late Martyn's), on TUESDAY, the 7th instant, at 11.30,
One chesnut horse, broken to saddle, and warranted sound. Also, 1 brown mare, with saddle and bridle.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from R. H. Bloomfield, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
200 prime fat cattle, in lots, from his noted Goongra station.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from Thomas Cook, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
200 prime fat cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from George D. Lane, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
1300 prime fat wethers, in lots, very superior.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from R. Dines, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 6th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
1344 prime fat wethers, in lots, wool on, and fully 60 lbs.

A. A. Company.

Durham Bulls for Sale.

G. M. PITT has been favoured with instructions from E. C. Merewether, Esq., to sell by auction, on account of the A. A. Company, at their Warrah Station, THIS DAY, the 6th January, 1873, at 1 o'clock,
40 well-bred 18-months-old Durham bulls, from carefully selected cows, from their well-known Gloucester herd.
N.B.—Luncheon on the table at New Warrah, at 12 o'clock noon.

Prime Fat Sheep.

JOHN A. TURNER has received instructions from Messrs. H. and F. Weaver to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, Monday, January 6, at 11 o'clock,
380 exceedingly prime fat sheep, per steamer.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed, by John Arndell, Esq., to sell by auction, at the New Central Yards, Homebush, on THURSDAY, 9th January, at 11 o'clock,
2000 prime fat wethers, from his Rocky Creek station, and fully 60 lbs.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by W. H. Blaxland, Esq., to sell by auction, at the New Central Yards, Homebush, on Thursday, 9th January, at 11 o'clock,
500 prime fat wethers, by rail.

National Library of Australia

http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1452175

PURE-BRED DURHAM BULL.

G. F. WANT has received instructions from Thomas Gibson, Esq. (of Esk Vale, Tasmania), to sell by public auction, on THURSDAY, 16th January, 1873 (and not on 2nd, as previously advertised), at Messrs. Hawkes and Wright's Yards, Pitt-street (late Martyn's).
One (1) pure bred Durham bull, now on view at the above yards, the pedigree of which can be seen at the Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.

POSTPONEMENT
of
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE
of
PURE-BRED SHORTHORN CATTLE.

G. F. WANT has received instructions from Walter Lamb, Esq., (of Greystanes, Prospect,) to sell by public auction, on THURSDAY, 16th January, 1873 (and not on 2nd, as previously advertised), at Messrs. Hawkes and Wright's Yards, Pitt-street, Sydney (late Martyn's),
The undermentioned PURE-BRED STOCK:—
IMPERIAL PURPLE 17th.
IMPERIAL PURPLE 18th.
IMPERIAL PURPLE 23rd.
IMPERIAL PURPLE 25th.
GREENKNOWE.
ROSEBUD'S BUTTERFLY.
COUNT BUTTERFLY.
Any information as to pedigrees, &c., may be obtained at the Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney.

Labour Bazaar Auction Mart, Pitt-street.

Substantial Household Furniture, &c.,viz.:—Loo, Telescope, and other Tables, H. H. Chairs and Couches, Chiffonieres, Pier-glasses, Carpets, Chests of Drawers, Wardrobes, Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Bedding, Washstands and Sets, Toilet Glasses, Wood and Cane Chairs, Counters, Shop Fittings, Stoves, Mangles, Sewing-machines, Spring-carts, Harness, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Pitt-street,
The above.

Unredeemed Pledges.

DUNN and LAWSON will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 268, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, the unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Cohen, of Clarence-street, as previously advertised.

MONDAY'S Regular Sale.

At the Auction Mart, corner of Pitt and Park streets.

Established a Quarter of a Century.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed to sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Household furniture, comprising drawing-room suite with loose holland covers, chiffonieres, chests of drawers, sofas, couches, loo tables, book-cases, bedsteads, glasses, kitchen utensils, ironmongery, shop windows, &c.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY, Monday, 6th January, at 11 o'clock.

In the Insolvent Estate of Mr. Peter Logan, storekeeper, Wallsend.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed by the Official Assignee in the above Estate to sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of Pitt and Park streets,
A first-class draught horse.
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, 9th January, at 11 o'clock.

In the Insolvent Estate of Mr. Peter Logan, storekeeper, Wallsend.

To Boot and Shoe Buyers, Grocers, General Dealers, and others.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed by the Official Assignee in the above estate to sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of Pitt and Park streets,
Stock of first-class women and children's boots and shoes, oilmen's stores, groceries, measures, currants, counter scales, weights, scales, counter weighing-machine, cask of treacle, Avery's weighing-machine, truck, kerosene drums.
Terms, cash.

In the Insolvent Estate of John Faulkes.

WEDNESDAY, 8th January, at 11 o'clock.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from J. P. Mackenzie, Esq., Official Assignee, to sell by auction, on the premises, George-street, Waterloo,
Building materials, comprising timber, sashes, doors
Mouldings, bricks and stone, &c.
Tools of trade, benches, grindstone, &c.
Spring-cart, saddle and harness, &c.
Official Assignee's right, title, and interest in equity of redemption of leasehold property, at Waterloo, in occupation of insolvent and others.

TUESDAY, 7th instant.

Boots and Shoes. Boots and Shoes.

To the Trade, Country Buyers, Shippers, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is instructed by Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co. to sell by auction, on TUESDAY, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt, WITHOUT RESERVE, TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS,
Invoice of Nathan Joseph's boots, ex Holmsdale.
Terms liberal, at sale.
Time, 11 o'clock.

Preliminary.

FRIDAY next, January 10th.

In the Insolvent Estate of Peter Logan, storekeeper, Wallsend.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed by F. T. Humphery, Esq., official assignee in the above estate, to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on the above date,
The entire and well-selected stock of first-class drapery, hats, caps, ready-made clothing, hosiery, dress stuffs, trimmings, ribbons, millinery, haberdashery, &c., &c.
Further particulars in future issue.

BOOTS and SHOES,
Now landing ex Christiana Thompson.

THIS DAY, 6th instant, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY,
Invoices of boots and shoes,
manufactured by
H. JACKSON and SONS
S. BARNET
HART
And others,
Comprising a salable variety of ladies' and children's goods.
Also,
A small lot of grindery, leather, and a quantity of lasts.
Terms at sale.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE of
GENERAL DRAPERY, &c.
By order and on account of Messrs. George Moore and Co.

On the Premises, 163, Pitt-street.

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 8th and 9th January, at 11 a.m. each day.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at the Warehouse, 163, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 8th and 9th January,
The balance of the stock-in-trade of Messrs. George Moore, and Co., who are relinquishing business.
Consisting of some good lines in
Trimmings
Shirts
Slops
Roll shirtings
Flannels
Crimean shirts
Haberdashery
Hosiery
Huck towels
Manchester goods
Mercery, &c., &c.
The sale will be adjourned at 1 o'clock, and resumed at 2 o'clock each day, in order that the whole may be cleared.
Terms at sale.

EARTHENWARE
CHINA
GLASSWARE.

THIS DAY, Monday, 6th instant, at 12.30 sharp.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Stores, 167, Pitt-street, THE DAY, at half-past 12 o'clock,
Shipments of the abovenamed goods, now landing ex Tweed, comprising—
1—1 crate { blue Louise Dinner sets / Lake ditto }
4—1 ditto Printed ditto
2—1 ditto ditto cups and saucers
3—1 ditto { Ditto toilet sets / Coloured lines ditto }
5—1 ditto jugs, assorted
262-3—1 ditto white cups and saucers
1—1 ditto lined ditto
5-6—2 ditto granite ditto
9,14-15, 8-10—6 ditto Paris ditto
777-788—12 casks cut tumblers, &c.
Ex Commissary.
60—1 crate printed cups and saucers, assorted
61—1 ditto toilet sets and egg cups, plain and blue figured
62-3—2 ditto plates, 6, 7, 8, and 10 inch blue pheasant
64—1 ditto dishes, bakers and cover dishes
66—1 hogshead assorted W. and G. china
67—1 crate jugs, enamelled and gilt
68-70—3 ditto plates, 6, 7, 8, and 10-inch dove Rhine
71—1 ditto dishes
72—1 ditto cover dishes, sauce tureens, and boats
73—1 hogshead W. and G. toilet sets
Dessert sets, fancy and gilt
Breakfast sets, band and gold
Mugs, opaque, mottoes
Flat candlesticks, W. and G., Copeland's wear
2—1 crate dinner and toilet sets
28-30—3 ditto ditto, &c.
Terms at sale.

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS, BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, and SPECULATORS.

IMPORTANT SALE of KAURI LOGS and OREGON Square Timber.

On Account of the GOVERNMENT of NEW SOUTH WALES.

HENRY MOON has been instructed by the Honorable the MINISTER for PUBLIC WORKS to sell by auction, on TUESDAY, 7th JANUARY, 1873, at 3 p.m., at CUTHBERT'S WHARF, MILLER'S POINT,
82 logs, 118 214.600 loads KAURI Pine
4 ditto, 13 255.600 ditto ditto
2 ditto, 9 547.600 ditto ditto
66 ditto, 195 588.600 ditto ditto.
And at COCKATOO ISLAND, at 3.30 p.m. SAME DAY,

32 pieces	Oregon timber,	10 x 10,	25 to 40 ft., 8966.8 ft.
52 pieces	,,	9 x 9,	25 to 31 ft., 9699.9 ft.
70 pieces	,,	8 x 8,	25 to 32 ft., 10,000 ft.
35 pieces	,,	12 x 12,	38 to 61 ft., 17,628 ft.
108 pieces	,,	10 x 10,	20 to 40 ft., 27,500 ft.
190 pieces	,,	9 x 9,	19 to 40 ft., 33,756 ft.
96 pieces	,,	8 x 8,	18 to 40 ft., 14,789 ft.
606 pieces	,,	6 x 6,	15 to 46 ft., 48,886 ft.

A STEAMER will be in READINESS at Cuthbert's Wharf to convey INTENDING PURCHASERS of the Oregon timber to COCKATOO Island IMMEDIATELY after the SALE of the Kauri logs.
For FURTHER PARTICULARS apply at the OFFICE of the AUCTIONEER, BANK AUCTION ROOMS, 336, George-street.
Terms and conditions will be declared at sale.

AUCTION SALE of Bank, Steam, Gold, Copper, and Tin Shares.
Our weekly sales will be continued. Our first sale this year will be on WEDNESDAY, 8th January, when a large number will be sold without reserve.
Vendors are requested to make arrangements before 4 p.m. 7th instant.
R. CAMPBELL and SONS,
410, George-street.

Exchange Auction Rooms,
11, Bridge-street.

FRANCIS FAHEY and CO. have received instructions to sell, TO-MORROW, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock, without the slightest reserve,
Several lots of fully paid-up and contributing shares, in some of the richest mines in the colony. Full particulars in TO-MORROW'S HERALD.
Persons desirous of having their shares offered for sale will please forward particulars in writing, not later than 4 p.m. THIS DAY.

Tortoiseshell.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on TUESDAY, 7th January, at 11 o'clock,
1 case tortoiseshell.
Terms at sale.

SUPERIOR SEA ISLAND COTTON,
Ex Meteor, from Ovalau, Fiji.

By order of the Consignees.
Remittances to Europe.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on TUESDAY, January 7, at 11 o'clock,
R over Fiji in diamond,
43 bales Sea Island cotton.
In lots to suit buyers.
A very superior sample.

Engine, 8 H. P., and Pump.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on TUESDAY, January 7, at 11 o'clock,
An 8 horse-power steam engine, with pump and flywheel complete.
Particulars at sale.

HULK HARMONY
(now anchored at the Quarantine Station, Spring Cove),
FOR UNRESERVED SALE,
under Instructions from the Government of New South Wales.

WEDNESDAY, January 8, at the City Mart.

The necessary permit to inspect the vessel may be obtained on application to Captain Hixson, R.N., Superintendent of Harbours.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, January 8, at 11 o'clock,
The Quarantine Hulk Harmony, with stores, gear, &c.
Inventory now in course of preparation.
Terms at sale.

Barque METARIS,
400 tons burthen, in first-class order, coppered only 14 months since,
with all her Whaleboats, Whaling Gear, Casks, &c., as she arrived from sea.

To wind up a Partnership Account.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, January 8, at 11 o'clock,
The fine fast-sailing barque METARIS, in splendid order, just arrived from sea; together with stock of casks, gear, boats, &c., complete.
She can be inspected where she now lies, and every information given at the Rooms of the auctioneers.
Inventory at Rooms.
Terms liberal.

Ketch TERRIGAL JACK,
A fine handy little Craft, nearly new, well found, and ready for sea.

For Unreserved Sale, on WEDNESDAY, January 8, at the City Mart,
Under instructions from the Executors in the Estate of the late Mr. P. FARRELLY.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, January 8, at 11 o'clock,
The well-built handy little ketch TERRIGAL JACK, carries about 40 tons, and known as one of our smartest coasters; built by Mr. Rock Davis, of the best materials; and a certain income to the purchaser.
Can be inspected at ALGER'S WHARF.
Inventory now being prepared.
Terms at sale.
Also,
A SHIP'S LONGBOAT, suitable for beche-de-mer or pearl fishing. May be inspected alongside the ketch.

GRAFTON, STEAMER.

One of the strongest and most faithfully constructed Iron Paddle Steamers in the colony.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, on FRIDAY, January 24, 1873, at 11 o'clock,
The powerful paddle steamer GRAFTON, carrying a large cargo on a light draught, and just the class of vessel for our Australian or New Zealand coasting trade.
She is now running to the Macleay and Manning Rivers.
Full particulars, with inventory (replete with every necessary), may be had on application to the Auctioneers.
Terms liberal.

CLEARING SALE,
at FARRELLY'S WHARF.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, January 9, at half-past 2 o'clock.

By order of the Executors in the Estate of the late Mr. P. Farrelly.

Important to Timber Merchants, Ship Chandlers, Riggers, Shipsmiths, Marine Store Dealers, &c.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction at Farrelly's Wharf, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, January 9, at half-past 2 o'clock,
A large stock of timber, anchors, chains, rigging, ships gear, iron, sails and sundries.
Full particulars in future advertisement.
Terms, cash.

CHOICE NEW TEAS.

Unreserved Sale by Auction, at Campbell's Bond,
TUESDAY MORNING.

Under Instructions from Messrs. George King and Co.

On account of whom it may concern.
The Damaged portion of the Cargo ex Auguste Reimers, Captain Reimers, from Foochow.
98 Chests } Congou
161 Half-chests } Congou
44 Boxes
23 Boxes S. O. Pekoe.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from Messrs. George King and Co. to sell by auction, at Campbell's Bond, on TUESDAY, 7th January, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Auguste Reimers, slightly damaged by sea water,
98 chests 161 half-chests 67 boxes choice new teas.
Terms, cash.

No. 2 MANILA CIGARS.

To Tobacconists, Storekeepers, and Country Buyers.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at Campbell's Bond, on TUESDAY, 7th January, at 11 o'clock,
14 cases No. 2 Havanah-shaped Manila cigars.
Also,
on account of whom it may concern,
5 cases ditto ditto.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on TUESDAY, January 28th, at 12 o'clock.

To EDITORS, CAPITALISTS, PRINTERS, and others.

For IMPERATIVE UNRESERVED Sale by AUCTION,
the entire Plant, Stock-in-trade, Lease of Premises, Goodwill, &c., of the well-known Journal,
THE NEWCASTLE PILOT.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, O'Connell-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, January 28th, at 12 o'clock,
The above.
Terms at sale.
Full particulars will be published prior to day of sale.

On WEDNESDAY, 8th January, at 11 o'clock.

On the premises, No. 26, Cambridge-terrace, Newtown Road.

Highly Attractive Sale by Auction
of
VERY ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS
CHOICE ENGRAVED GLASSWARE
BURTON'S A Quality Electroplated Ware
VERY HANDSOME STATUETTES AND ORNAMENTS
BRILLIANT-TONED PIANOFORTE
VERY ELEGANT DOUBLE-WINGED WARDROBE
MAGNIFICENT 6-foot WALNUT CHIFFONIERE, with plate glass back and doors
STATE BEDSTEAD AND BEDDING, &c., &c., &c.
Also,
AVIARY OF PARROTS AND DOVES, FOWLS, &c.

WEDNESDAY, 8th January.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Cabinetmakers, Furniture Brokers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 26, Cambridge-terrace, on WEDNESDAY, 8th January, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the valuable furniture and effects.
Terms, cash.
Catalogues are in course of preparation, and will be issued as early as possible.

On THURSDAY, 9th January, at 11 o'clock.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Highly Important Unreserved Sale by Auction,
of
86 PACKAGES CHINESE GOODS,
Just landed ex NORWAY.

Comprising FANCY GOODS.
Camphor Wood Trunks and Chests of Drawers
LACQUERED and INLAID CABINETS, VERY LARGE and HANDSOME
BRONZES, GONGS
Glove Boxes, Desks, and Trays
Tea Caddies, Card and Work Boxes
Sandalwood, Ivory, and Tortoishell Fans
Draught-boards, Spring Fans, in boxes
CHINESE IVORY JUNKS
Camphor Wood Escritoire Chest of Drawers
Fancy Hair Ornaments, Silver-gilt Filagree Figures
ENAMELLED CUPS and ASH PANS
Fancy Pots, Card Plates and Stands
TEA SETS, HANDSOME PLATES
Bamboo Blinds, Clothes and Picnic Baskets
Assorted Mats, Cigar Cases
ASSORTED SHELLS
HATS.
14 CASES ASSORTED PITH HATS.
PRESERVES.
20 Cases Preserved Ginger
5 ditto Chowchow
5 ditto Cumquats
2 ditto Dry Ginger, each 10 and 6 lb. tins.
CHINA SILKS.
Red Silk Sashes
Coloured Silk Turbans
White Figured Silk Handkerchiefs
Red ditto ditto
White Plain ditto
Red ditto ditto
Handsome China Silk Dresses, in blue, mauve, lavender, and light colours.

To Drapers, Hatters, Chinese Merchants, Fancy Warehousemen, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 9th January, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Norman,
86 packages assorted Chinese goods.
Terms at sale.

ON VIEW, WEDNESDAY, 8th.

The Auctioneers desire to call the particular attention of intending purchasers to this, as being the first shipment of the kind ever sent to the colonies. Detailed cards will be printed and distributed.

TIN ORE.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at their Rooms, O'Connell-street, on an early day next week,
Valuable parcels of tin ore, including Champion, Wheal Ethel, Poberdy, &c., and private consignments.
Terms, cash.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

On an early day.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Important Unreserved Sale by Auction
of
80 PACKAGES CHOICE AND RECHERCHE SCOTCH FURNITURE,
from a celebrated Glasgow house.

Just landed in splendid order,
Ex AGNES ROSE.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Cabinetmakers, Upholsterers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early day,
Ex Agnes Rose,
A shipment of magnificent Scotch furniture.
Terms, liberal at sale.
Particular attention is invited to this sale, as the furniture is of a description unequalled in previous shipments to the colony.

WEDNESDAY, 8th January.

IMPORTANT and VALUABLE SALE of FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES by public auction, at MORT'S ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 8th January,

WOOLLAHRA, John-street. Valuable block of land with 60 feet frontage, by a depth of 137 feet to a lane, with a weatherboard cottage.

SURRY HILLS, Riley-street. Choice 4-room cottage, opposite the reservoir, with kitchen, garden front and rear.

SOUTH SYDNEY, Alma-street. Residue of 99 years' lease of block of land, with 80 feet frontage to Alma-street, and a weatherboard cottage.

HUNTER'S HILL, Tarban Creek.
Lot 1—Allotment No. 1, section No. 2
Lot 2—Allotment No. 2, section No. 2
Lot 3—Allotment No. 3, section No. 2
Lot 4—Allotment No. 9, section No. 2
Lot 5—Allotment No. 3, section No. 4
Lot 6—Allotment No. 2, section No. 4
Lot 7—Allotment No. 3A, section No. 1
Lot 8—Allotment No. 4A, section No. 1.
The above allotments are situate in the best position in the village of TARBAN CREEK, and being in the market for positive sale in order to close a trust estate, are well worth the attention of any one in search of building sites in this favourite locality.
RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO.

PEREMPTORY SALE.

ALMA-STREET, SOUTH SYDNEY,
close to the Newtown Road.
Lots 8, 9, 10 Block B of the South Sydney Estate, together with a 4-room Weatherboard Cottage and brick kitchen now in the occupation of Mr. Smith.

TITLE, 99 years' lease. TERMS at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at MORT'S ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 8th January,
The above-described leasehold property, having 80 feet frontage to Alma-street, 33 feet of which are unbuilt on.
This property being in the market for unreserved sale, offers an opportunity well worth the consideration of those having a little money to invest; the situation is good, and becoming yearly more valuable.

POSITIVE SALE.

These 2 choice Cottages situate at
BISHOPTHORPE, GLEBE,
in Mount Vernon-street, being
Nos. 1 and 2, BALMORAL COTTAGES,
close to Durrell's Inn.
TITLE—99 Years' Lease. TERMS at Sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at MORT'S ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 15th January,
That remarkably well-finished property,
Nos. 1 and 2, BALMORAL COTTAGES,
situate in Mount Vernon-street, Bishopthorpe Estate, each containing 4 rooms, kitchen, and laundry.
This property is without doubt the best finished in the locality; no expense has been spared to make it most perfect, and as an investment it is most confidently recommended to the attention of those in search of a small sterling property certain to realise a remunerative return.

SPECIAL SALE OF SHARES,
to close partnership accounts.

MONDAY, 6th January, 1873.

The First Lot to be offered.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, 6th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock precisely,
60 shares New South Wales Marine Insurance Company
180 ditto United Insurance Company
440 ditto Australian General Assurance Company.
Terms, cash.

IMPORTANT EXTENSIVE SALE.

CITY FREEHOLDS.
To close Partnership Accounts.

MONDAY, 6th January.

FIRST-CLASS CITY INVESTMENT,
MARGARET-STREET,
MARGARET-LANE,
WYNYARD-LANE.

VALUABLE CITY ALLOTMENTS,
CIRCULAR QUAY AND MACQUARIE-STREET,
CIRCULAR QUAY, AND ALFRED, AND ARBITRATION STREETS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co. to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
THIS DAY January, 6th at 11 o'clock,
LOT 1.—All that parcel of land having the following frontages:—
114½ FEET TO MARGARET-STREET
114 FEET TO WYNYARD-LANE
126 FEET TO MARGARET-LANE;
on which are those extensive ranges of substantial mercantile premises occupied as offices by Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., and others, at a rental of £750 PER ANNUM; at the rear of which are FIRST-CLASS SPACIOUS STORES, a storekeeper's residence, stables, &c., surrounding a large courtyard. The estimated rental value of this portion of the property is £450 PER ANNUM.
The vendors reserve the right of occupancy of the whole as tenants at the rate of one thousand pounds (£1000) per annum for the remainder of the year 1873 from day of sale.
This well-known extensive block of property was massively built principally of stone, under the superintendence of the late Mr. Architect Hume, and for extent, completeness, or position, is second to no other mercantile premises in the city.

LOT 2.—CIRCULAR QUAY SITES.
1. Allotment 3, Section 106—34½ feet to the Circular Quay, 34½ feet to Albert-street (opposite Water Police Office), 76 feet depth.
2. Allotment 8, Section 102—35 feet 10 inches to the Circular Quay (adjoining the Paragon Hotel), 88 feet 2 inches to Arbitration-street. In one or more lots to suit purchasers.
3. Allotment 18, Section 106—33 feet 6¼ inches to the Circular Quay (adjoining Talbot's Stores), and 33¼ feet to Macquarie-street.
The above are among the few valuable unoccupied sites on the Circular Quay.
The whole of the above will be UNRESERVEDLY SOLD on the above date to the HIGHEST BIDDER, to close partnership accounts.
Plans on view at the Rooms.
Terms, liberal.

By order of the Administrator of the Estate of the late JOHN PHELAN, Esq.

BALMAIN WEST.

1. COTTAGE RESIDENCE, known as SUNNYSIDE, and Grounds (3 acres), on the BALMAIN ROAD, adjoining the residence and grounds of William Russell, Esq., and immediately opposite GARRYOWEN ESTATE.
2. BLOCK OF LAND, 4 Acres, BROUGHTON ESTATE, fronting GLOVER and MARY STREETS, adjoining the property of WILLIAM JONES, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 10th JANUARY, at 11 o'clock,
LOT 1. ALL THAT Block of Land, being portion of the Western HAMLET of BALMAIN, containing 3 acres and 5 perches, and having 198 FEET frontage to the BALMAIN Road, upon which is erected A WELL-FINISHED COTTAGE RESIDENCE, containing wide verandah, hall, 6 rooms, and cellar, with detached kitchen, servant's room, pantry, and store, also, stone stable with hay-loft over, abundance of water from a large underground tank at the rear of the house.
Portion of the grounds, about 1½ acre, around the house, is enclosed with paling fence, and tastefully laid out as flower and fruit garden, and the residue is a grass paddock.
This is an eligible, well-situated property, in a beautiful position, and within half-an-hour's drive from the General Post Office by a good road all the way.
LOT 2.—BROUGHTON ESTATE, BALMAIN, containing 4 ACRES, fronting GLOVER and MARY STREETS, and bounded on the south-east by the residence of Wm. JONES, Esq.
As a site for a Villa Residence and Gardens, this land stands unrivalled in the locality, whether in point of convenience, or beauty of position, and to parties wanting a site for a suburban retreat, the sale affords a favourable opportunity of purchasing to great advantage.
Plans at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY.

ORDER OF SALES at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock for half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

IMPERATIVE UNRESERVED SALE.
SHARES.
CITY FREEHOLD INVESTMENT.
To close a partnership account.

SHARES. 60 New South Wales Marine Insurance Company
180 United Insurance Company
440 Australian General Assurance Company.

CITY FREEHOLDS. FIRST-CLASS EXTENSIVE COMMERCIAL PREMISES, occupied by Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt and Co., and others, occupying 114 feet to Margaret-street, 114 feet to Wynyard-lane, 126 feet to Margaret-lane.
CHOICE CIRCULAR QUAY SITES, Albert-street, opposite Water Police Office, Arbitration-street, adjoining Paragon Hotel, Macquarie-street, adjoining Talbot's Stores.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

FRIDAY, 10th January.

CITY FREEHOLD.
LOT 1.—THOSE LARGE and COMMODIOUS BUSINESS PREMISES and DWELLING HOUSE in HARRINGTON-STREET, on the west side, a few feet NORTH of CHARLOTTE-PLACE, now in the occupation of Messrs. LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

RANDWICK.
LOT 2.—AILSA HOUSE, a substantially built FAMILY RESIDENCE, at the HIGH CROSS, the junction of COOGEE BAY and FRENCHMAN'S ROADS.

RICHARDSON AND WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 10th JANUARY, at 11 o'clock,
LOT 1.—HARRINGTON-STREET.
ALL THAT valuable parcel of land, having 67 FEET frontage to the west side of HARRINGTON-STREET, with a depth of 69 FEET, upon which are erected the following premises:—
No. 107.—AN EXTENSIVE and SUBSTANTIALLY ERECTED BRICK STORE, on stone foundations, containing cellarage in the basement, and 4 floors, capable of storing 2000 tons of goods.
No. 105.—A TWO-STORY BRICK-BUILT DWELLING HOUSE, with stone foundations, containing balcony in front, 9 rooms, kitchen, and extensive cellarage in the basement, stable, good yard, with gate entrance from Harrington-street.
Manufacturers requiring extensive well-situated Premises, or capitalists seeking a reliable City Investment, from which a regular income may be safely relied on, are directed to the above property, which occupies one of the best business positions in the city.
LOT 2.—RANDWICK.
All that choice and valuable corner block of land, situated at the HIGH CROSS, RANDWICK, containing about 2 roods 2 perches, having extensive frontages to FRENCHMAN'S ROAD, Sydney and COOGEE ROAD, and Short-street, on which is that substantially-built stone dwelling known as AILSA HOUSE. It contains—
ON THE GROUND FLOOR—Portico and hall, dining-room, parlour, 2 bedrooms, and kitchen (with servant's room over), enclosed yard with well and force-pump, bathroom with bath and water laid on, watercloset, laundry with copper, &c.
ON THE FIRST FLOOR—Drawing-room and four bedrooms.
ON THE SECOND FLOOR—Large bedroom, with staircase to roof.
On the ground and first floors the rooms are well finished with cedar fittings, marble and slate mantel-pieces, &c.
Ailsa House is replete with every comfort and convenience necessary in a family residence. It is surrounded on all sides by delightful ornamental villas and improved grounds, and the scenery, especially the marine view, cannot be surpassed for beauty or extent.
Terms at sale.

VICTORIA-STREET, HAYMARKET.
EIGHT DWELLING HOUSES, Nos. 90 to 106, Victoria-street, a few feet from George-street, opposite Alderman LINSLEY'S PROPERTY, and adjoining the VICTORIA FLOUR MILLS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 17th JANUARY,
at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land, having 156 FEET FRONTAGE TO VICTORIA-STREET, extending back to the VICTORIA FLOUR MILLS, through the yard of which there is right of sewerage. On portion of the frontage are EIGHT MASSIVELY BUILT DWELLING HOUSES, Nos. 90 to 106, Victoria-street, each containing 4 rooms, with separate yards, having back entrances, &c., at the rear.
This property occupies the most improving portion of the city, close to George-street, and the new Circular Quay, at the head of Darling Harbour, now in course of completion, the future Goods Railway Terminus of the colony. The position ensures constant tenancy, and the return for the whole (at very reduced rents) is £208 per annum.
Title, Torrens Act. Plan at the Rooms.
Terms, liberal.

G. F. WANT will offer the undermentioned valuable property, at his Rooms, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, by public auction, on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock prompt (under instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to close partnership accounts),
LLANILLO,
in the Gwydir district, New South Wales.
9300 sheep, more or less (as under).
Llanillo consists of two (2) blocks of country, viz.,
LLANILLO and
WESTMEAD,
situated between the Barwon and Narren, comprising about 70,000 acres splendid fattening saltbush country, open plains, and belts of myall, permanently watered by dams, wells, and reservoirs.
With the above station will be sold
about 2,800 Ewes, mixed ages
,, 6,500 Wethers, 2 years and upwards
Total sheep 9,300 more or less.
IMPROVEMENTS consist of cottage, detached store, kitchen, shed, good drafting and other yards, and horse paddocks.
Horses, stores, &c., to be taken at a valuation.
Any further information respecting the above properties may be obtained upon application at
The Pastoral Exchange,
273, George-street,
Sydney.

G. F. WANT will offer the undermentioned valuable property, at his Rooms, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, by public auction, on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock prompt (under instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to close partnership accounts),
DERRA,
Gwydir District, New South Wales.
29,932 sheep (as under), more or less
137 head of cattle
58 horses.

The sheep consist of about

3,751	EWES,	2 years (maidens)
4,930	ditto,	3 and 4 years
1,439	ditto,	5 years
1,628	ditto,	aged
3,407	ditto,	mixed and dry
15,155	total ewes	
3,874	WETHERS,	2 years
10,204	Hoggets,	mixed sexes
319	ration flock	
380	RAMS.	
29,932	Total Sheep (more or less).	

The increase of lambs for the present year on the above station, numbering 7500, more or less, will be delivered as such, and not included in the purchase money.
Derra consists of three (3) blocks of magnificent fattening country, viz.:—
DERRA
WEE WEE LARGNIE, and
GOONAL,
which cover an area of 89,400 acres of country, with an extensive frontage to both the Gwydir and Big Rivers, from which the station derives a constant and never-failing supply of water, irrespective of five dams and two wells, which are permanent.
The IMPROVEMENTS at the head station, which are substantial, are erected upon 640 acres purchased land, comprising good house, store and numerous outbuildings, yards, paddocks, &c., for the efficient working of a large station. The fencing on the run, which is of 79 miles in extent, consists of split post and rail, chock and log, and wire, forming splendid sheep and cattle proof paddocks. The lowest estimate of the carrying capabilities of this station would be 35,000 sheep and 2000 head of cattle. The stock to be offered with Derra are of a very superior description, having been carefully culled every year, and nothing but sound good sheep retained on the run.
Horses, stores, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

IMPORTANT SALE,
on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873,
of
First-class New South Wales and Queensland
PASTORAL PROPERTIES.

G. F. WANT will offer the undermentioned valuable properties, at his Rooms, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, by public auction, on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock prompt (under instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to close partnership accounts),
HALLIFORD.
Darling Downs District, Queensland.
12,000 sheep
50 head of cattle
20 horses.
The increase of lambs for the present year on the above station, numbering 2300, more or less, will be counted as such, and not included in the purchase money.
The above station comprises 2 blocks of country, viz., HALLIFORD and STRETCHWORTH, which embrace an area of 160,000 acres of well-grassed, good wool-growing country, and is watered by a frontage of 17 miles to Wilkie's Creek and numerous other waterholes in the back country. Carrying capabilities of this valuable property are estimated at 20,000 sheep and 1000 head of cattle. HALLIFORD is in the immediate neighbourhood of those two (2) valuable properties so well known as St. Ruth's and Yandilla, and is distant only 25 miles from the township of Dalby, which is the railway terminus.
IMPROVEMENTS consist of large dwelling-house, new store, wool shed (70 x 25), paddocks of 350 and 100 acres each, and every other complete requisite for the efficient working of the station.
THE STOCK to be offered with the above important station has been for some years under the careful supervision of a practical manager, as a proof of which the Halliford clip of wool has always realised a high price in the Sydney market.
Horses, stores, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

G. F. WANT will offer the undermentioned valuable property, at his Rooms, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, by public auction, on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock prompt (under instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to close partnership accounts),
RETREAT,
Darling Downs District, Queensland.
7000 sheep
50 head of cattle
16 horses.
The increase of lambs for the present year on the above station, numbering 2300, more or less, will be counted as such, and not included in the purchase money.
The above valuable property, called Retreat, consists of the 5 following blocks of country, viz.:—
BURRANDOO
BOONDANDILLA
MERINDA
RETREAT
BADJAMORILBA,
and are held under a 21 years' lease, from 1st July, 1869, from the Queensland Government.
The abovenamed blocks of country are permanently watered by the Wier River and five large creeks, which cover an area of 215,000 acres of thickly grassed country, with some salt bush and myall. Retreat is a good wool-growing property, and fattening in ordinarily fair seasons. The capabilities of the run may be fairly estimated at 20,000 sheep and 1500 head of cattle.
The IMPROVEMENTS at the head station consist of dwelling-house, shed, stores, and other buildings, including a paddock, 3½ miles, together with other smaller ones, outstations, yards, hurdles, &c.
Horses, stores, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

G. F. WANT will offer the undermentioned valuable property, at his Rooms, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, by public auction, on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock prompt (under instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to close partnership accounts),
MOURA.
Leichhardt District, Queensland.
1600 head of cattle, more or less
60 horses.
The above well-known station, MOURA, is situated on the Dawson River, and is distant 120 miles south of Rockhampton, and consists of the following four (4) blocks of country, viz.,
MOURA
ELLERSLIE
WARNOAH
EAST KIAUGA.
which embrace an area of 80,000 acres, held under a 21 years' lease from the Queensland Government. The fencing of the above run is very substantial and cattle-proof, enclosing over 20,000 acres of the best of the country, forming three large and three small paddocks, all well and permanently watered by the Dawson on one side, and large lagoons on the other.
With this extremely valuable station will be offered 1600 mixed cattle, more or less, to be mustered and delivered, and which will be found to be very superior to the generality of cattle, including, as it does, some good bulls but lately introduced into the herd.
The RUN, being so admirably watered and subdivided, is well adapted for a cattle station, and would carry easily 5000 head in all ordinary seasons; while its position, being in such close proximity to the rising township of Rockhampton, where numerous meat-preserving establishments are profitably worked, offers a certain and good market for fat stock, and makes it easy of access to buyers of store stock.
The IMPROVEMENTS consist of good verandah 4-room house, office, dining-room, and extra bedrooms apart, kitchen and servants' rooms, store, fowl-house, harness room, coach-house, yards, and huts—all substantial, and enclosed by a strong fence.
Horses, stores, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

G. F. WANT will offer the undermentioned valuable property, at his Rooms, Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, by public auction, on TUESDAY, 7th January, 1873, at 11 o'clock prompt (under instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., to close partnership accounts),
BOONDOOMA,
Burnett District, Queensland,
22,840 sheep, more or less (as under)
1000 head of cattle ,,
260 horses. ,,

The sheep consist of

1,055	EWES,	7 years
2,464	,,	6 ,,
2,620	,,	5 ,,
4,370	,,	4 ,,
1,006	,,	3 ,,
3,177	,,	2 ,,
2,718	,,	1 ,,
Total EWES .. 17,410		
670	WETHERS,	3 years
2,500	,,	2 ,,
2,010	,,	1 ,,
Total WETHERS 5,180		
RAMS 250		

The increase of lambs for the present year on the above station, numbering 3968, more or less, will be delivered as such, and not included in the purchase money.
This favourably known pastoral property, situated as above, consists of 7 blocks of country, viz.:—
WARINGA
BOONDOOMA
INI
DURONG
WADNERAGANGE
PEAR
DANGERABUNG,
in all, 366 square miles, held under a 21 years' lease from the Queensland Government, from 1st July, 1869, which are well and permanently watered by the Boyne River, through their entire length, besides numerous creeks and branches.
The country is all sound and well grassed, being adapted for either sheep or cattle. About 50 miles of excellent sheep and cattle fencing has been erected at a large outlay—the same being judiciously subdivided into paddocks. The sheep to be offered with the above run have been well attended to and carefully culled, being principally the progeny of selected sheep by rams lately purchased from the justly celebrated Collaroy flocks.
The Cattle are a mixed herd, quiet, and well bred, included in which are two PURE-BRED BULLS.
The IMPROVEMENTS, which are erected on 320 acres of purchased land, consist of two good residences, good gardens, paddocks, woolshed, stock yards, store, washpool, &c., all of which are ample for the general working of the station, are well placed, and in good order.
Stores, horses, drays, &c. to be taken at a valuation.

PRELIMINARY ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGNIFICENT BARCOO STATION,
MITCHELL DISTRICT,
QUEENSLAND.

G. F. WANT has received instructions from Messrs. Hill, Holberton, and Allen to submit to public auction, at the Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney, towards the latter end of March next, on a day to be named,
THE ISIS DOWNS STATION,
Situated on the Barcoo River, Queensland, consisting of an enormous extent of first-class Downs country, well and permanently watered in all seasons; together with
20,000 SHEEP, more or less.
In calling the attention of intending purchasers to the sale of the above unequalled pastoral property, it is only necessary to state that the station adjoins the celebrated PORTLAND DOWNS, and is even of a superior class of country. The stock have been under the immediate supervision of the owners, who are all thoroughly practical men; and no expense or care has been spared in the management.
Further information may be obtained at the Pastoral Exchange, 273, George-street, Sydney.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1452176

FUNERALS.

THE FUNERAL of Mr. DONALD CAMPBELL, deceased, will leave his late residence, Isle of Skye Cottage, Ocean-street, Woollahra, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 2, for the Necropolis. R. STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. DUNNETT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her deceased SON, Richard; to move from her residence, Moore's Road, Miller's Point, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of the deceased, Mr. HENRY PROCTOR, are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, No. 110, Surry-street, Darlinghurst, on TUESDAY MORNING, 7th instant, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES FINLAY are invited to attend the Funeral of his MOTHER, the late Mrs. Mary Finlay, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON; to move from her late residence, Charlotte-lane, off Yurong-street, at half-past 3 o'clock, to the Presbyterian Cemetery, Devonshire-street. T. DIXON, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. ROBERT APPLETON, late of Newtown, are invited to attend his Funeral; to move from the Sydney Infirmary, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. SHYING and CO., 719, George-street South; and 120, South Head Road.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN BARRY, of Manning River, are respectfully invited to attend his DAUGHTER'S (Eliza) Funeral, to move from Mr. Little's residence, Stanmore, Newtown, at 10 o'clock, THIS (Monday) MORNING, to proceed to the Catholic Cemetery, Petersham.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY FRENCH are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Henry, to move from his residence, 451, Crown-street, Surry Hills, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Undertaker, South Head Road and George-street.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOHN DUNCAN are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; the procession will move from his late residence, Lord Clyde Hotel, John and Pyrmont streets, Pyrmont, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 3 o'clock, and proceed to the Presbyterian Cemetery, Devonshire-street. C. KINSELA and SON, Undertakers, George-street, opposite Christ Church, and South Head Road.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS DAVIS, of Ashfield, are invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved WIFE, Catherine; to move from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Paget, Druitt Town, Liverpool Road, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

W. B. Gill .... Stage Manager.

Great Success of the localised Extravaganza, THE YELLOW DWARF, and PANTOMIME, which will be repeated THIS EVENING, and till further notice.

Dress circle seats may be secured at ELVY'S for advanced dates.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
The performance will terminate in future at ELEVEN O'CLOCK, inclusive of ten minutes' INTERMISSION after the Transformation Scene.

Books of the words of the Extravaganza can be obtained at the doors. Price, 6d.

JOHN BENNETT, Director.

THEATRE ROYAL, YORK-STREET.

This fashionable Bijou Theatre was crowded to the ceiling on Saturday Night.

REDUCED PRICES.
DRESS CIRCLE, 1s.
PARQUETTE, 6d.
MILLION PRICES. MILLION PRICES.

STAR VARIETY COMPANY,
TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT.

Dress circle, 1s. Parquette, 6d.

EVERY EVENING. EVERY EVENING.

DOUBLE COMPANY. DOUBLE COMPANY.

STAR VARIETY TROUPE.
STAR VARIETY TROUPE.

PANTOMIME. PANTOMIME. PANTOMIME.

GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME, TO-NIGHT, at half-past 8.

HARLEQUIN BLUEBEARD
or the
DEMON OF DISCORD.

GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... CHARLEY YOUNG
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... W. RYAN.
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... The YOUNG RYANS
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... Mrs. W. RYAN
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... JOE CHAMBERS
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... SALLY LOYD
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME .... WALTER CARLE

Clowns — Harlequins
Pantaloons — Columbines.
Sprites.

Stage and private boxes........ 10s 0d
Dress circle 1s 0d
Parquette 0s 6d

STAR COMPANY TO-NIGHT at 8.

PANTOMIME at half-past 8.

WALTER CARLE and JOE CHAMBERS' JOINT BENEFIT, on FRIDAY next. TREBLE HARLEQUINADE FOR THAT NIGHT ONLY.

SCANDINAVIAN HALL, Castlereagh-street. Lessee and Manager—Mr. W. T. Johnson.
Continued success of the brilliant and accomplished Comedienne, Contralto Comic Singer and characteristic Lady Vocalist, Miss FLORENCE CALZADO, from all the principal entertainments in the colonies.—Vide the Press.
THIRD APPEARANCE of the fascinating Danseuse, Miss CLARA YOUNG, in beautiful national dances.
To-night, Miss CLARA YOUNG in character songs.
Mr. GEORGE TURNER, the greatest comic singer and comedian in the world, has arrived, and will appear on MONDAY next. Look out for new business.
LOCKYER and BURGESS, the Negro Comedians.
SILVERTHORN and LILLIO, marvellous Trapezians.
Miss PARKER and J. NORMAN in songs and duets.
CHARLEY MURRAY, in song and dance.
Mr. RICKETT (baritone) will appear in some choice songs, and show his extraordinary mechanical figure.
Hall, FREE; Circle, SIXPENCE. Open till 12.

JEWISH DAY and SABBATH SCHOOL PICNIC will take place at CLONTARF on WEDNESDAY, 8th January.
Brass Band engaged. Sports on the Ground. Luncheon provided.
Tickets, 2s 6d each, to be had at 214, Pitt-street.

SPENCER'S ROYAL POLYTECHNIC.
A splendid Collection of Wax Figures
Automaton Singing Birds, Stereopticons, &c.
Mechanical and Scientific Wonders
Glass Blowing, Spinning, &c., &c.
Pneumatic Platina Kindle Engine
Knitting by Machinery
Spirometer, &c., &c.

Just arrived, 3 live CHAMELEONS from India.

VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT in the New Room EVERY NIGHT.
Miss ALICE SPENCER, Miss CLARA SPENCER, and Master ARTHUR SPENCER, in COMIC and SENTIMENTAL SONGS, DUETS, DANCES, &c.
Admission, 1s; children, half-price.

BOTANY TEA GARDENS.—The PROPRIETOR begs to inform his Patrons and the Public generally that the above fashionable Gardens are now in splendid order, and that he is prepared to supply them with LUNCHEONS, Tea, Coffee, Lemonade, on the shortest notice.
N.B.—Penny postage communication twice a day.

DANCING.—Mr. W. CLARK'S CLASSES will re-assemble on TUESDAY, 7th instant, at Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street, 7 p.m.; Visitors at 8 p.m. Schools attended.

DANCING.—Mrs. M'INNES gives private Lessons to Ladies and Gentlemen. Class days, Mondays and Fridays. Families and schools attended. Colonnade, Elizabeth-street North.

DANCING.—Mr. W. KING'S Class for Pupils and Visitors, THIS EVENING. New Oddfellows' Hall.

NOW PUBLISHING in the SYDNEY MAIL, THE CHRISTMAS STORY, entitled BREAD-AND-CHEESE AND KISSES, With Illustrations.

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Gipsy Countess (duet)	2	6	Only One	2	0
Goodbye at the door ..	2	0	Pilgrims of the Night	1	0
I'll meet thee in the Lane	2	0	Put me in my little bed	1	0
Jessie's Dream ..	2	0	Rose, Shamrock, and Thistle	2	0
King's highway (The)	1	0	Shall we gather at the River?	1	0
Kiss me, and I'll go to sleep	1	0			

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Now on SALE, ex Commissary, eight cases of Sentimental VALENTINES, made expressly for the season 1873. Parcels can be forwarded post free to all parts of the colonies.
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VALENTINES. VALENTINES. VALENTINES. Ex Ethiopian.
Just opened, a large and varied assortment, Comic and Sentimental, all of the newest designs.
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ARTIFICIAL TEETH, from 4s 6d; extraction, 1s; stopping, 1s. Edwards, Surgeon-dentist, 6, Bridge-st.

A CARD.—Sir A. J. VAN HEEKEREN, Bart. M.D., will resume practice on the 6th January.

A CARD.—Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL continues to supply inimitable Artificial TEETH, and perform every operation in dentistry, stopping, extracting, &c., in the most painless manner. 20, Wynyard-square.

ASSAYING.—Mining speculators and others can have minerals tested accurately by the undersigned, Practical Assayer.
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COOPERS' WORK.—HUDSON, BROTHERS, manufacture every description of Coopers' Work—wine, oil, and tallow casks, kegs, cheese vats, &c., &c. Hoop Iron for Sale. Redfern Saw Mills, and George-st., op. Cathedral.

ESTABLISHED 1842.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists (diploma 1836), Pitt-st., opp. Punch's hotel.

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MR. J. SPENCER, Dentist, 8, Wynyard-square.—THE EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL was awarded to Mr. Spencer for Artificial Teeth. Painless Extraction by aid of NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

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TO BAKERS and others.—Ovens built and repaired. J. BEAUCHAMP, 156, Castlereagh-street.

VETERINARY.—Mr. STEWART, Veterinary Surgeon, has resumed the practice of his profession at 260½, Pitt-street, opposite Tattersall's.

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ZIONS is the best and cheapest Tailor for Clothes to measure on the shortest notice. 409, George-street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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ICE, ICE, in small quantities, from 2 lbs. upwards. Branch Ice Works, gateway, next Royal Hotel.

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WANTED, to Buy Left-off CLOTHING of every description. Mrs. Miller, 8, Park-street.

WANTED, to purchase a HOUSE or GROUNDS, in the neighbourhood of Darling Point or Double Bay. E. L. D. Fattorini, 175, Pitt-street.

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APPRENTICE.—The undersigned have an opening. F. Lassetter and Co., 421, George-street.

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CORRESPONDING CLERK and Salesman wanted, in a merchant's office. Address Box 240, Post Office.

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GOVERNESS, Resident and Visiting. An experienced lady negotiates engagements. Z., Sandon's, Geo.-st.

GOVERNESS.—Required, in a School, a Lady of education to undertake the general supervision, and teach needlework. Accomplishments unnecessary. Drawing desirable. Salary liberal. Z., Sandon's.

GROCER.—Wanted, a respectable young MAN, of some experience, for a first-class house in town. Board and residence provided. Apply, stating salary required, to Box 48, Post Office.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—Wanted, an Export Shipping CLERK, for a short engagement. Apply to F. J. Thomas, manager. Offices—foot of Market-street.

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MACHINIST WANTED, for leather work, at Hunter's Boot Factory, 687, George-street.

MACHINIST.—Wanted, thoroughly good Hand, to work W. W. Mrs. Willey, Burton-st., Camperdown.

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MEDICAL.—A MEDICAL MAN coming immediately to MURRURUNDI (where an additional one is much required) would have a practice of at least £800 to £1000 per annum.

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QUARRYMEN wanted. Apply at the Native Youth Hotel, Pyrmont, by 9 o'clock.

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TAILORESSES, Learners, Machinists, with or without machines; high wages. 217, Lower George-street.

TO CARPENTERS.—Wanted, three or four good HANDS. Apply on the works, 508, George-street.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT. Eames, Paddington.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted, a JUNIOR; must be a good dispenser. Elliott, Brothers.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Coat HANDS. R. J. Dunford, 33, South Head Road.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, 3 good Coat HANDS; also 12 Tailoresses. Apply 223, Clarence-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, good Coat HANDS. J. Pearson, 106, King-street.

TO TAILORS.—First-class Coat, Vest, and Trousers HANDS wanted. Farmer and Company.

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TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a good Coat Hand; constant employment to a steady man. F. Cutter, 324, Pitt-st.

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TO DRESSMAKERS.—Wanted, for Armidale, a first-class HAND; good salary given. Apply to Mrs. Castle, Albert-terrace, South Head Road, near Paddington Brewery.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted,
COAT HANDS,
TROUSERS HANDS,
in or out door work,
Apprentices for Coats, Vests, and Trousers.
Constant work all the year round. Apply to Mr. Hocknell, at Moore, Henderson, and Bowcher's Factory, Bank-court, King-street.

TAILORESSES.—Coat Hands
Vest Hands
Trousers Hands
Paget Coat Makers
Machinists;
Also, Out-door Hands.
Watts and Pascoe, manufacturers to A. M'Arthur and Co., 152, Clarence-street.

WANTED, first-class Singer's No. 1 Machinist, and plain sewers for white shirtwork. 44, Brisbane-st. N.

WANTED, a good Working JEWELLER. C. Hafer, 328, George-street.

WANTED, a CLICKER. Hilder and Abigail, 577, George-street.

WANTED, a Female FITTER, for elastic-side work. Hilder and Abigail, 577, George-street.

WANTED, good Vest HANDS. J. Pearson, 106, King-street.

WANTED, first-class Dress and Mantle HANDS. P. F. Dalton, 90, King-street.

WANTED, APPRENTICES, and Improver to Stay business. Mrs. Shaw, 160, Castlereagh-st. North.

WANTED, an APPRENTICE to pastrycook business. Apply C. Harrison, 775, George-street South.

WANTED, a DRESSMAKER, one who understands W. and W. machine. Mrs. Smith, Railway Bridge.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, a first-class MILLINER. Henry W. Webb, Belmore House, 253, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a first-class Machinist, also Apprentices to the bootmaking. Swyny, Brothers, 510, George-st.

WANTED, an UPHOLSTERER. 307 and 309, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a CARPENTER for rough work. M'Donald's-building, Burwood.

WANTED, a CARPENTER. 166, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a TUTOR, for a family in the country. For particulars apply to X., Post-office, Windsor.

WANTED, a SLUBBER. C. J. Byrnes, Australian Woollen Mills, Parramatta.

WANTED, a good CABINETMAKER. D. M'Kenzie, near School of Arts.

WANTED, a CABINETMAKER. Apply 197, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, 3 good CARPENTERS, carry, new building, Crown-st., near William-st. D. M'Grath.

WANTED, Ship's CARPENTER. Apply Patent Slip Inn, King-street.

WANTED, a young LADY, to trim hats and serve. Larcombe and Co., drapers, Redfern.

WANTED, a MASON, also a CARPENTER, small job. Hillas, 213, Clarence-street.

WANTED, Carpenter or Cabinetmaker LAD, to learn Venetian Blindmaking. Rowe, Darlinghurst Rd.

WANTED, an IMPROVER to the Cabinetmaking. Butler, Brothers, 48, Park-street.

WANTED, a Shoeing SMITH. Apply to J. and C. Smith, Haymarket.

WANTED, a CANDLEMAKER. James H. Leonard, Petersham.

WANTED, a SUPERINTENDENT for a Sheep Station in Queensland. Apply, by letter, with references, to J. C. Q., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a Nursery GOVERNESS, to teach three children. Music required. Apply Mrs. T. A. Smith, Mulgunnia, Trunkey.

WANTED, APPRENTICES; also, IMPROVERS to the French Polishing; also, two first-class HANDS. G. S. Kaffe, 142, Riley-street.

WANTED, a first-class DRESSMAKER, for a house of business in Newcastle. Apply E. W., 1, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square, between the hours of 2 and 4.

WANTED, at Bathurst, a GENTLEMAN to instruct one or two Gentlemen from 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. five days in each week; must be competent to give a thorough English education in all its branches. Application to be made to the Rev. G. Woolnough, B.A., Bathurst, to whom references, &c., are to be sent.

WANTED, for the country, a young Man, as CABINETMAKER, or IMPROVER to the business; also, a LAD, or young MAN, accustomed to office work, and to make himself otherwise useful in a business. Wages, with accommodation, about 12s 6d per week. Apply, not later than 12 o'clock, this day, to Mr. C. Rogers, Great Britain Hotel, King and George streets.

50 TAILORESSES wanted. Improvers, Apprentices, learned their trade. Marsh, 18, Bridge-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A PRACTICAL, experienced sheep and cattle Superintendent awaits engagement; refs. L. A. H., HERALD.

AN APPRENTICE wanted. J. and W. Hodgson, whipmakers, 585, Brickfield-hill.

A YOUNG LADY desires a RE-ENGAGEMENT as Visiting Governess; teaches English, French, music, and painting; highest references given. M. S., Miss Fowler, 309, Castlereagh-street.

A LADY seeks a Morning ENGAGEMENT; acquirements, French and German, studied on the Continent; English, music, and drawing; highest references. Address B. B., Pierce, William-street.

A GENTLEMAN highly recommended, and capable of giving instruction in French, German, Mathematics, English in all its branches, &c., &c., is open for an engagement either as resident or visiting Master. N.B.—Is a trained Teacher. Address X., Heidelberg Occidental, Sydney.

REQUIRED, by a Lady experienced in tuition, a SITUATION, town or suburbs, as Nursery Governess, Housekeeper, useful Companion, or any employment not menial; references. Address G., 18, Hunter-street.

MINING Manager open for Engagement; testimonials and references. D. C., White Horse Hotel, Geo.-st.

WAITING Engagement—Married Couple, town or country; also, Cook. Sheppard, 102, Bathurst-st.

WANTED, by a steady, sober young man, a SITUATION as Carter. E. R., Lea's, South Head Road.

WANTED, a CHILD to mind. Mrs. Daly, Clara-terrace, William-street.

WANTS EMPLOY, Gardener; groom, milk, make butter and cheese, cure diseased cattle. W., HERALD.

SERVANTS WANTED.

A COMPETENT NURSE required. Mrs. H. Montagu, 143, Darlinghurst Road, Macleay-street.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Mrs. Leader, 88, Botany-street, opposite Rifle Butts Hotel.

AN ACTIVE young man wanted, as LIGHT PORTER. A. Hordern and Sons, 766, George-street S.

A YOUTH, to assist in clothing business; also Errand BOY. 217, Lower George-street.

AS STEWARD and HOUSEKEEPER, for the Civil Service Club. Wanted, a Married Couple. Apply, by letter, enclosing references, to the House Committee.

COOK and LAUNDRESS, under 25; also Nurse, about 18, for small family. Sandon, 324, George-st.

LAD WANTED, to work a leather press, at Hunter's Boot Factory, 687, George-street.

MARRIED COUPLE required for country; £60 per year. Apply Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.

MARRIED COUPLE wanted, for the country; man as Cook, wife as Laundress; both to make themselves generally useful. D. Cooper and Co.

RESPECTABLE LAD wanted. 624, Wilshire-place, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a MAN, used to Van work. E. Walsh, Redfern-street.

WANTED, an active young Man, as BILLIARD MARKER and otherwise useful. 2, Bridge-st.

WANTED, a good FARM LABOURER. Apply Wright's Wharf.

WANTED, sober, honest, steady, elderly MAN; garden and useful. Mr. Reid, 400, George-st.

WANTED, a MAN, accustomed to drive a soda-water cart; none other need apply. W. G. Henfrey.

WANTED, a LIGHT PORTER. Apply at 614, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, two strong BOYS. Apply James Beattie, 56, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a Lad, about 14, as JUNIOR CLERK. Apply in own handwriting to Box 143, Post Office.

WANTED, an active YOUTH, for general work. Apply, between 8 and 9 am., 147, Castlereagh-st. N.

WANTED, respectable Man, as General SERVANT, one used to kitchen. Oxford Hotel, Newtown.

WANTED, a YOUTH, accustomed to the painting. 282, Pitt-street, near Park-street.

WANTED, a BOY, at Mrs. Duruz's, 15, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a young Man, as Light PORTER. Argyle House, 333, George-street.

WANTED, a smart LAD. Victoria Hotel and Café, adjoining Theatre, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a SHOPMAN. P. M'Carroll, 418, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a respectable YOUTH, about 15; one used to horse and cart. 81, South Head Road.

WANTED, an active BOY, that knows town well. W. Howes, 88, King-street.

WANTED, an ERRAND BOY. Robinson, 138, William-street.

WANTED, a strong LAD, accustomed to butchering. Atkinson, 141, George-street.

WANTED, a strong LAD, about 16, accustomed to butchering. R. Curtis, corner King and Kent sts.

WANTED, two single Men, as DRAYMEN; must know the town. Apply 122, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a smart LAD, for all work, at Royal Exhibition Hotel, Devonshire-street.

WANTED, a steady MAN, to drive a carriage. Apply to Charles Aaron, Druitt-street.

WANTED, Two strong LADS. S. Forster, Sons, and Bearby, Harrington-street.

WANTED, a Fore-cabin STEWARD, for s. John Penn. Apply on board, at 10 a.m.

WANTED, smart LAD, to work in kitchen. Apply, Provedore, Sailor's Home.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, for small family. Mrs. Hammond, 19, Bligh-street.

WANTED, a strong WOMAN to assist. Ladies' Bath, Domain.

WANTED, a young Person, as General SERVANT. No. 3, Windmill-street.

WANTED, thorough LAUNDRESS, to assist with housework. 219, Macquarie-st., opp. Assembly.

WANTED, a SERVANT, for small family. Burncliffe Cottage, opp. Moore Park Hotel, Bourke-st.

WANTED, a strong willing Girl, as General SERVANT. Apply 109, William-street.

WANTED, a Servant GIRL. Apply 44, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, reference. Mrs. Stening, 220, William-street.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, 18, generally useful (Protestant). 1, Craigend-ter., Upper William-st.

WANTED, a GIRL, for general housework; accustomed to children. Mrs. Russell, 6, Sussex-st.

WANTED, House and Nurse Maids, General Servants, 2 in family, wages 12s. Mrs. Allan, Newtown.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAID, able to do plain cooking. Bradford's, Freemasons' Hotel, York-st.

WANTED, a Female COOK. Edinburgh Castle, Pitt and Bathurst streets.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply 167, Macquarie-street North.

WANTED, a tidy GIRL, about 15, to assist with housework; sleep at home. 443, Riley-st. Surry H.

WANTED, a smart Girl, as KITCHENMAID. E. Jolly, 192, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a clean GIRL, about 15, for Housework; sleep at home; refs. 236, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, a GIRL, to assist in the bar and housework. James Kelly, Emu Inn, George-street.

WANTED, a respectable little GIRL, to assist in housework. 95, South Head Road.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Cheshire Cheese Hotel, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, smart WAITRESS. Town Hall Dining Rooms, 479, George-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT for small family; 10s per week. Mrs. E. J. Davies, 81, Stanley-st.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, 12 or 14. 69, Cleveland-street, Shepherd's Paddock.

WANTED, a respectable little GIRL, to mind a baby and assist with housework. 103, King-st. East.

WANTED, strong active girl (Protestant) as General SERVANT. No children. 226, Bourke-st. W.

WANTED, young GIRL, 14, to assist in housework. Protestant. 546, George-st., opposite Town-hall.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, in a small family. 135, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a tidy GIRL, about 14 or 15. Apply No. 1, Stanley-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply No. 22, Point-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply United Service Hotel, corner of King and York streets.

WANTED, a tidy respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 251, Crown-street, north S. H. Road.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to be generally useful. Mrs. Denovan, Johnstone-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 147, Pitt-street; private door.

WANTED, an active Girl, as General SERVANT. No. 6, Belmore-terrace, Paddington, S. H. Road.

WANTED, a Waitress, a Housemaid, also an Assistant two hours daily. 188, Pitt-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, for Woollahra; also, young GIRL. 66, South Head Road.

WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOURMAID, this day, after 9 o'clock. 232, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, thorough General SERVANT, must be a good laundress. Apply 53, Lower Fort-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT, must be a good laundress. Mrs. Himmelhoch, 292, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, all kinds of SERVANTS; high wages. Home, Mrs. Vipond, 24, Burton-st., South H. Rd.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Tootell, London Tavern, South Head Road.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 93, King-street, after 9 o'clock a.m.

WANTED, General SERVANT; one that can wash and iron. 216, Liverpool-st., near S. H. Road.

WANTED, competent General SERVANT, for 3 in family; wages, 10s. 693, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Dimond's Rifleman's Hotel, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, General SERVANT, good laundress, 12s. Woodbank, Petersham, second house west of station.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; references required. 482, George-street.

WANTED, a Girl, about 18, as General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Thomas, 24, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a thorough House and Parlour MAID, for country. Apply to Mrs. Hill, 35, Bent-street.

WANTED, a good LAUNDRESS, on reasonable terms. Apply 66, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a young MARRIED COUPLE, without incumbrance, for country. Wright's Wharf.

WANTED, HEAD NURSE, Working Housekeeper, and Married Indoor Couple. Mr. Haigh, 221, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a BARMAID. Hotel de France, King and George streets.

WANTED, an Assistant WAITRESS; also one from 12 to 2. Commercial Restaurant, op. Tattersall's.

WANTED, a GIRL, for needlework, and assist in housework. Gladstone Hotel, Miller's Point.

WANTED, a respectable young Person, for a Confectioner's shop. Apply 136, King-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Saywell, near Public School, Balmain.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, also a LAD. Turner's Hotel, Botany Road.

WANTED, a tidy little GIRL. 230, Palmer-street, two doors from Liverpool-street.

WANTED, Cooks and Laundresses, House and Parlourmaids, General Servants. 102, Bathurst-st.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT; also a Nursegirl, about 17. Mrs. Shaw, 338, George-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Abrahams, 446, George-street.

WANTED, a NURSEGIRL. Apply 438, Pitt-street, opposite Robertson's Factory.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Mrs. Watt, Glebe Point Road, near Pyrmont Bridge Road.

WANTED, a respectable tidy GIRL, 15 or 16, to assist in housework. 19, Cowper-ter., Church-hill.

WANTED, a thoroughly competent HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Apply before 1 o'clock, to Mrs. Alger, 173, Macquarie-st. North.

WANTED, a strong YOUTH, of good character, used to horses and to work in yard. Coal Depot, 75, Dowling-street.

WANTED, two BOYS, for Milking at a dairy in the Bega country. Apply at the office of Mr. Henry Clarke, Victoria Wharf, Erskine-street.

WANTED, a single Man, as GROOM and COACHMAN. Apply to E. Terry, Pennant Hills, or on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock a.m., at 138, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a COACHMAN to groom and drive, and to make himself generally useful. Apply 198, Cleveland-street, between 2 and 3 o'clock.

WANTED, at the Institution for Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, Newtown Road, a General Female SERVANT. Apply to the Matron, before 1 o'clock, any day.

WANTED, a Girl as General SERVANT; must be good plain cook and laundress; three in family, light work and good wages. Apply Mrs. O. G. C. Armstrong, Claremont, Cambridge-street, South Kingston.

APARTMENTS, BOARD & RESIDENCE.

A COMFORTABLE BEDROOM for a gentleman; private sitting-room; partial board. 145, Castlereagh-st.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM, to LET, for one or two friends, board if required. 91, Victoria-street North.

APARTMENTS to LET.—2 rooms unfurnished, 95, Liverpool-street, 2 doors from George-street.

APARTMENTS vacant, double or single, in private family; view of harbour. 20, Cumberland-street.

A BALCONIED DRAWING-ROOM and a large cheerful Bedroom, commanding beautiful harbour views, vacant. 29 and 31, Upper William-street South, Rialto-terr., Darlinghurst heights. Other accommodation.

BEDROOMS, to LET, well furnished, 4s per week. Apply 202, George-street North.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, families and single gentlemen. 7, Jamison-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, Imperial Hotel, William and Forbes sts.; large single airy rooms. £1 week.

BOARD and RESIDENCE. Java House, Jamison-street; plunge and shower baths; terms, 21s.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, with bath-room and use of kitchen. 251, Crown-street, near S. H. Rd.

GENTLEMAN'S Furnished BEDROOM. Kent Pawn Office, off Market-street.

GOULBURN.—Apartments, private family. H. A., Post-office, Goulburn; or Mrs. Reading, 224, Pitt-st.

MANLY BEACH.—Furnished BEDROOM, double, with board. Fidos, Post-office, Manly Beach.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE, bath; moderate. 90, Elizabeth-street North.

TO LET, 2 ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished. Apply to Mrs. Kennedy, Glenmore Road, Paddington.

VACANCY for three or four Gentlemen. 6, Belgrave-terrace, Upper Forbes-street, Darlinghurst.

A LADY, for board and lodging, will give instruction in music. A. B., HERALD Office.

PERMANENT Board and Residence required by a young Man; terms, 16s to 18s. P. M. HERALD.

WANTED, in private family, BOARD and RESIDENCE; easy distance of town. A. B., HERALD.

WANTED, by two respectable young Men, Furnished BEDROOM (without board), in or near town. Address, stating terms, M. P., HERALD Office.

WANTED, Furnished APARTMENTS, with attendance, by a gentleman and his daughter, in a strictly private family. State terms, and other particulars, to G. H. G., HERALD Office.

TO LET.

FURNISHED, 2-roomed HOUSE and Kitchen, 9s per week. Cluer Villa, Pitt and Raglan sts., Redfern.

HOUSE to LET, No. 172, Castlereagh-street, containing seven rooms, kitchen, bathroom, and patent closet. Possession January 1. Rent, 50s a week.

MANLY BEACH.—To LET, a neat four-roomed COTTAGE, paddock, shed, creek pure water, orchard, 3 acres full bearing, fifteen minutes' walk from pier. 220, William-street; or Mr. Fox, Manly.

MEDICAL.—To Let, a Furnished HOUSE, for a period of two years, in best part of town, with good-will of an established practice of twenty years' standing. Terms easy. Apply M.D., Post Office.

TO LET, a HOUSE and SHOP, 125, Clarence-st. Mr. Glassop, next door; or M. Brodziak, 80, King-st.

TO LET, furnished COTTAGE, stables, garden, paddock, delightfully situated, suburbs. H., HERALD.

TO LET, on Missenden Road, Newtown, opposite St. John's College, 4-room HOUSE. Apply next door.

TO LET, HOUSES, 4 rooms and kitchen, Buckingham-street, Alfred Park. Outridge, 7, Belvoir-terrace.

TO LET, a 6-roomed HOUSE, St. Martin's-lane, side of City Bank; rent, 16s. W. H. Harris, Office No. 5.

TO LET, a 7-roomed HOUSE, Brisbane-street, opposite Goulburn-st.; rent, 17s. Harris, Francis-st., Glebe.

TO LET, 6-roomed HOUSE and bathroom, south of Mitchell-street, Glebe Point Road. W. H. Harris.

TO LET, a 6-roomed HOUSE, opposite old St. Vincent's Hospital; rent, 16s. W. H. Harris.

TO LET, 4 and 5 roomed HOUSES; rent, 7s 6d and 8s., Francis-street, Glebe. W. H. Harris, No. 12.

TO LET, a 4-roomed HOUSE, Clarence-street, back of M'Arthur's Store, York-street. W. H. Harris.

TO LET, a 9-roomed HOUSE, Belgrave-terrace, Darlinghurst; rent, £72. Key No. 7. W. H. Harris.

TO LET, new HOUSE, 4 rooms, 9s; oven, water; taxes paid. Macnamara, butcher, Buckingham-street.

TO LET, a STABLE, and two ROOMS if required, suitable for a cabman. 116, Cumberland-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 4 rooms and kitchen; rent, 11s. Apply No. 52, Denham-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, HOUSE, 2 rooms, kitchen, oven; 7s. Apply 12, Marshall-street, off Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 6 rooms, good yard, and stables. Apply 86, Surry-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, Marrickville, a Family RESIDENCE, with paddock, near Congregational Church. C. Moyes.

TO LET, HOUSES, 3, 5, and 8 rooms, kitchen, yard, water. Apply Ultimo House, Ultimo.

TO LET, HOUSE and SHOP, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo. Apply Pierce, William-street.

TO LET, SHOP, corner King and George streets, lately occupied by Mr. D. Henry as Mining Chambers. Apply F. Lassetter and Co., George-street.

TO LET, a 9-roomed COTTAGE, with outhouses, Toxteth Park, Glebe Point Road. W. H. Harris, 12, Francis-street, Glebe; or No. 5, St. Martin's-lane, side of City Bank.

TO LET, HOUSE, 112, Phillip-street, near Hunter-street, containing 6 good rooms, kitchen and servant's room over, and bath-room; large yard, &c. Mr. Haigh, agent, 221, Pitt-street.

TO LET, 6, Colden, also No. 3, Salem-terrace, Devonshire and Waterloo streets, each 6 rooms, gardens in front, good views at back; near the Exhibition. Rent, 14s and 15s, all taxes paid. Apply greengrocer's, opposite.

TO LET, Two newly finished semi-detached HOUSES, containing hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, servant's room, scullery; large yard, back and side entrance, &c. David Elphinston, Hamilton House, Derwent-street, Glebe.

TO LET, a comfortable Family RESIDENCE, six rooms, cellar, detached kitchen, coach-house, and stable, water frontage, off William-street. Apply to Mr. Dyer, upholsterer, William-street East.

TO LET, Woollahra, delightfully situated RESIDENCE, 7 rooms, kitchen, laundry, plenty of water, and front garden; rent low. C. Bate, Richmond Villa, Waverley Road; or 165, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a COTTAGE, 7 apartments, coach-house, and stable, and about 3 acres of rich land, off William-street. Apply to Mr. Dyer, upholsterer, William-street East.

TO LET, those large and commodious BUSINESS PREMISES, at the corner of Darling and Adolphus streets, Balmain, suitable for linen draper, grocer, or chemist. For particulars apply to John Taylor, Balmain Steam Sawmills.

TO BE LET, that old-established SHOP and DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 2, Hunter-street, lately occupied by Messrs. Hobson and Whiting. Apply to Beaumont, next Lassetter's; or to John M. M'Quade, Windsor.

TO LET, near Burwood, 6-room COTTAGE, in excellent order, with kitchen, stables, coach-house, outhouses, fruit trees, 4-acre vineyard full bearing; 2 grazing and 2 cultivation paddocks; wood and water abundant; all for £65 per annum. Also, at Manly, Furnished HOUSE and extensive grounds, £52. Apply Mr. Redman, 129, Elizabeth-street, Sydney; or, Forest Lodge, Glebe.

TO LET, in Macquarie-street, nearly opposite the Legislative Council, one of those first-class newly erected HOUSES, with all the modern improvements, containing 8 rooms, bath-room, pantry, fitted with shelves; kitchen, one of the best ranges; scullery, with copper boiler; two yards, back entrance, and other conveniences; water and gas laid on, and the premises are thoroughly drained. Apply at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street.

TO LEMONADE, SODA-WATER, GINGER-BEER, AND CORDIAL MANUFACTURERS.
TO LET,
a snug COTTAGE, with premises and a complete PLANT for manufacturing the above, now in working order, and formerly worked by the late Mr. Isaac Norris, 304, Castlereagh-street. For particulars apply to B. Solomons, Blackwall Stores, Circular Quay.

TO LET, the RAILWAY HOTEL, Singleton, situated close to the Railway Station, at present occupied by Mrs. J. Heuston. The house is built of brick and stone, and contains the following rooms:—Very large bar, with bagatelle-room adjoining; two large parlours, large dining or assembly-room, seven bedrooms, storeroom, kitchen, pantry, laundry, and also stabling for seven horses; hay store, loft, &c. There is a spacious yard in the rear, and plenty of water on the premises. The house is in full trade, and the tenant has the option of purchasing the furniture and stock-in-trade at a valuation. Apply to S. De Lissa, 3, Barrack-street, Sydney.

OFFICES and STORES to LET, rent low. Apply W. Watkins' office, Custom-house-buildings.

OFFICES to LET, first floor, front rooms. Apply B. Mountcastle, 352, George-street.

OFFICES.—To LET, after the 11th January, the commodious OFFICES at present occupied by G. A. Russell, Esq., 303, George-street.

RAMSAY'S CHAMBERS, Pitt-street, adjoining Mutual Provident. Second and third floors, also Office on first floor.
W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

WOOL MERCHANTS and others.—To LET, the commodious and central Wool STORE, situate opposite the Water Police Office, Circular Quay. Apply Belmore Hotel, Circular Quay.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD AND SYDNEY MAIL.

ADVERTISEMENTS received by—
Gordon and Gotch, 281, George-street, opposite Hunter-street.
W. B. Lee, 144, Castlereagh-street, near Victoria Club.
F. Barker, 85, Sussex-street.
Charles Lee, 90, Central South Head Road.
Thomas Pierce, William and Yurong and Stanley streets, Woolloomooloo.
H. Richardson, Paddington.
C. Carter, Balmain.
W. West, Newtown and Cook's River.
Mrs. Hinchcliffe, Waterloo.
A. W. Mihill, Botany Road, Redfern.
J. Collis, 198, Parramatta-street.
W. Hogan, tobacconist, King-street East.
R. Iredale, South Head Road, near Kidman's Store.
J. J. Cooper, opposite Wesleyan Chapel, Glebe Road; Railway Station bookstall; and Railway Bridge, Parramatta-street.

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NOTICES of BIRTHS and DEATHS cannot be inserted in this journal unless indorsed with the name and address of the persons by whom they are sent.
Notices of MARRIAGES cannot be inserted unless certified as correct by the officiating Minister or Registrar.
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